The Pittsburgh Gazette.

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DAILY GAZETTE.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

—Daniel Webster's estate, known as Marshfield, was sold yesterday for $5,500.

—Julia Ward Howe has been elected President of the Woman's Suffrage Association of Boston.

—According to the new Directory, San Francisco has now a population of 272,345 souls, a gain of 42,000 during the last year.

—Rev. Robert Collyer, of Chicago, has given fifty dollars towards the cost of the proposed memorial bust of Thomas Paine.

—Daniel Drew in his examination before the Register on Thursday said he kept no books, but kept all his business "in his head."

—By a previous arrangement, all the ministers at Nelson, Kentucky, offered prayers for rain the other Sunday, and before morning the citizens thought the deluge would never subside.

—An intelligent foreigner, passing through the streets of Philadelphia, took out his note-book as the end of a long walk, and made a little memorandum to the effect that "eighty-nine percentum of the population of Philadelphia are members of the powerful family of Roomatolet."

—Blaine's friends in Washington have secured a room on F street, opposite the Ebbitt House, and will soon open a Blaine headquarters. The intention is "to supply a want they have felt for some time, of a place where Blaine's delegates stopping in the city can go for information and get acquainted with each other."

—Secretary Robeson's explanation before the naval committee of his transaction with the Cattells lasted more than four hours, during which Mr. Robeson was allowed to proceed uninterruptedly. Members of the committee do him the credit to admit that, "prima facie, Robeson makes a clear, explicit and satisfactory explanation."

—The Salt Lake correspondent of a San Francisco paper says it is settled that after the new temple is dedicated at St. George, Brigham Young, Jr., will be officially proclaimed as the President of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints, and successor to Brigham I. The plan is then for the Saints to take up their line of march for New Mexico.

—In Connecticut, last year, there were 4,466 arrests to 5,383 marriages, with an average of about 300 divorces a year. For the last fifteen years, the prevailing cause being "general misconduct;" in view of wh li figures the *Churchman* finds satisfaction in knowing that, "as yet, the Connecticut statutes forbid the 'marriage' of a man and his step-daughter."

—Garibaldi, it is said, will soon resign his seat in the Italian parliament. He recently sent a letter to his constituents expressing his regret at being no longer useful to them, and stated that, although in health sufficient him to discharge the duties devolving upon their representatives. He intends to return to his home in Caprera, from which he has been absent about a year.

—One of the stewardess of the Cunard Line is about to retire with a fortune estimated at £5,000, the result of ten years' service. She is a very popular woman, with a vast deal of tact, policy and judgment, and sometimes her fees amounted to one hundred dollars on a single trip. There is a story told of her having once received fifty dollars for bathing an old lady's head one entire night.

—Young men out of work will do better to engage themselves to the farmers during the harvest season. The work is healthful, hand lacks the romance of adventure, it has its compensation in greater comfort and security; and as a rule it may be safely assumed that those who have not energy enough to earn a fair livelihood at home will die for want of it among the Black Hills.—*Cin. Commercial.*

—Prof. *Longfellow* with his family will this week take possession of a cottage at Bryn Mawr for the Centennial season. During the past week Professor Longfellow has been the guest of Mr. Geo. W. Childs, with whom, on Monday last, he visited Walt Whitman. Th two poets had not met before. Their gr eting through the introduction of their mutual friend was very cordial. Most unlike in the temperament and character of literary effort, the resemblance of the two men is very striking.

—Aiding and abetting the commission of suicide is a novelty on the face of a criminal indictment; but a man and woman in England have been found guilty and sentenced to imprisonment on that charge. The indictment also charged conspiracy to murder, but the cable dispatch does not state whether the jury made any distinction between the charges in their verdict. Intending suicides nowadays so seldom have any disposition to take others into their confidence that we must look to classic times, when defeated heroes got their slaves or freedmen to hold their swords while they rushed upon them, for a parallel.

—We venture to say that there is not a member of the committee nor a member of the House who could not be effectively assailed by the presentation of private letters through malicious agencies, and the country will give little credence to the statements which come from unblushing perfidy to destroy public or private reputation by employing unguarded and unexplained letters to strengthen indefinite calumny. Mr. Blaine may have been guilty of improper business transactions immediately or indirectly connected with his official position, but he will not be convicted before the tribunal of the country by Mulligan witnesses or private letters which fall short of conclusive evidence of guilt.—*Philadelphia Times.*

—Sir Knight the Hon. James H. Hopkins, delivered the address of welcome to the Knights Templars at Philadelphia on Thursday. The following paragraph is illustrative of its general character: "While all the faithful Craft of America look with exultation to the story of an hundred years of matchless growth and marvellous development, while they point with pride to the hills which overlook the Schuylkill, while her art and her industry have garnered the history of their progress and the tokens of their triumph, their hearts swell upon beholding the culmination of our national glory, in the unbought, unenvious, unstinted honor which the nations of the world bestow. Here, where the cradle of the Republic was rocked to the angry lullaby of the cannon's roar and the shouts of contending armies, now the wasteful century ended, peace comes, bearing rich garlands to grace this memorial year. While the young nation, superb in her beauty and majestic in her strength, stands amidst her admiring sisters receiving from all of her citizens the spontaneous offering of love and pride, it seemed right and proper that the noble order of Christian Knighthood should bring its wreath of loyalty and love."

—Col. Thomas A. Scott has already testified in the most positive manner that neither directly or indirectly has he had any money transactions with Mr. Blaine relating to certain bonds. Mr. Atkin and Mr. Fisher followed by swearing that they have no knowledge of any operation or circumstance involving Mr. Blaine in connection with the bonds of the Little Rock Road. Nor have they any knowledge of dealing between Col. Scott and Mr. Blaine. But Mr. Mulligan comes forward and under oath asserts that Mr. Blaine and Mr. Scott did have dealings, and that Fisher and Atkins knew that he did. We know little of the latter two gentlemen, but he is a bold man, we think, who hopes to be believed in disputing sworn statements made by Mr. Scott. Mr. Mulligan, however, has made a start and has burned his boats behind him. Yesterday he was ready to swear to anything, and he commenced his recital by a dramatic picture of Mr. Blaine appealing and begging mercy at his hands contemplating suicide and offering Mulligan a consulate or the chairmanship of a political committee. Now Mulligan, it seems to us, has rather overstepped the borders wherein he might be certain that his Democratic questioners would be ready to accept with avidity all he had to tell. Even Mr. Blaine's worst enemies have not set him down as a fool; yet a fool he would have been of the weakest sort if Mr. Mulligan's statement could be relied on. That Mr. Blaine obtained from him certain letters of a private character, of which Mulligan had become possessed without right to them, is very clear and that the entire anti-Blaine pack will make these letters, until they are produced, the subject for the most abominable insinuations we fear there is little doubt; and it is a brave defiance of slander which permits Mr. Blaine to refuse their introduction upon the ground that the committee has no concern with them. Yet when the country reads that with solemn oath Mr. Blaine denies the statements made concerning him by Mulligan, we cannot think that fair-minded men can for an instant doubt him.—*Philadelphia North American.*

The Naval Investigation.

WASHINGTON, June 1.—Before the House Committee on Naval Affairs to-day Admiral Rodgers testified that during those years that he was chief of the Bureau of Yards and Docks in the Navy Department Secretary Robeson never directed him or suggested or hinted to favor anybody, and never interfered with persons employed in his bureau.

Dr. James C. Palmer, Chief of the Bureau of Medicine and Surgery, Chief Engineer Shock, at times Acting Chief of the Bureau of Steam Engineering, Commodore Howell, Chief of the Bureau of Yards and Docks, George F. Cutter, Purchasing Paymaster at New York, and A. W. Russell, Purchasing Paymaster at Philadelphia, gave testimony of similar purport.

The New York Whisky Ring.

NEW YORK, June 2.—Deputy Collectors Gilfer and Giberson deny the truth of the statement made by Stein, and widely published, that he was able to operate fifteen stills in Brooklyn by paying them and ex-Deputy District Attorney Hughes five hundred dollars a week each. Collector Freeland puts no confidence in Stein's story, and says it would have been cheaper for Stein to have paid the taxes. An investigation is being made, and pending it the officers accused will remain on duty.

FIRST EDITION.

BLAINE'S INVESTIGATION.

He Decides to Hold on to Those Letters.

SEVERAL FRESH WITNESSES ON THE STAND.

WASHINGTON, June 2.—The sub-Judiciary Committee met again this morning. Wm. E. Chandler, on behalf of Mr. Blaine, stated that one of the counsel before whom Mr. Blaine wished to lay the letters for examination was not accessible last night, and he was compelled to wait till this morning for them to examine the letters. Mr. Blaine would come up at the earliest moment, and in the meantime would abide by the action of the committee whether they should decide to go on with the examination or adjourn till he could be present.

After consultation the committee postponed further investigation until 12 o'clock. Before the committee had come to this conclusion the witness Mulligan was served with a summons to appear before the committee investigating the real estate pool, of which General Glover, of Missouri, is chairman. Witness at once obeyed the summons, but on reaching the room none of the committee were present, and the clerk stated that he was not aware that any meeting was to be held this morning.

A messenger was despatched for General Glover, and it was ascertained that he was acting as chairman of the Military Committee in the absence of General Banning, and would be engaged there till twelve o'clock. At twelve Mr. Blaine had not arrived at the capitol, and a further postponement took place till two o'clock.

The committee reassembled at 2 o'clock. Great interest was manifested, and the committee room was filled with members of Congress, newspaper men and others. Mr. Hunton renewed his request to Blaine to present the letters taken from Mulligan.

The Letters Not to be Submitted.

Mr. Blaine recapitulated the statement made yesterday by him in relation to the letters, and said he had submitted the letters to eminent legal counsel, and had received from them a statement which he read. In it Jeremiah S. Black and Matt. Carpenter, as counsel, say they have examined all the letters, and find nothing in them bearing at all upon the case now pending before the committee, and they advise Blaine to assert his right as an American citizen and resist to the utmost any attempt to take from him the letters in question. They further say that an attempt to do so would be tyrannical and unjust.

Mr. Blaine then informed the committee that in accordance with this legal advice he would decline to produce the letters or memorandum of their contents.

Mulligan Re-called

Chairman Hunton then re-called witness Mulligan. In answer to question by Blaine, Mulligan said the letter referred to did not contain any allusion to Tom Scott, Union Pacific bonds, or the thirty-four thousand dollars. The only bonds that witness knew of going into the hands of Blaine was forty thousand dollars worth which Blaine received on the day of the Speakership contest, October 21, 1872.

Atkins Recalled.

Elisha Atkins was recalled and testified that he never said in Mulligan's presence that Blaine was deeply interested about the Little Rock and Smith land grant bonds that went to the Union Pacific Railroad Company, nor had he ever said so to anybody else.

Fisher Recalled.

Warren Fisher was recalled by Mr. Blaine.

Question—Do you recollect ever suggesting to me in a letter that I had obtained money through Thos. A. Scott by selling Little Rock bonds to the Union Pacific Railroad? Answer—No, sir.

Q.—Have you ever written me, or having ever written such a thing? A.—No, sir.

Q.—I want to know whether after I obtained the letters from Mulligan I said in the presence of Atkins that your title to these letters was superior to mine, and that I offered them to you if you wanted to take them? A.—I do not believe there were such remarks made.

By the Chair.—Q.—Did you get any telegrams from Washington before you left Boston? A.—I did.

Q.—From whom? A.—From Jas. G. Blaine.

Q.—You cannot say whether or not you answered them in Boston? A.—I cannot. It was but one telegram.

Q.—State what the character of that telegram was. A.—I think it was about five words: "Come to Washington without fail."

Q.—When was that? Had you been served with a subpœna at the time you got this telegram? A.—No, sir.

Witness testified that he arrived in Washington on Tuesday, and immediately after reaching the hotel Blaine made his appearance. He first met him in the bar shop, and afterwards went to his house. At the interview in the hotel Blaine asked him to go to his house, and subsequently wrote him a note, something like the following: "Do you or Mulligan come to the house this evening."

By Blaine—Q.—Did not I say in that note that I wanted to see you in regard to the Little Rock and Fort Smith matter? A.—I do not remember.

Q.—I don't know but you did, and don't know as you did. I almost forget about it.

Witness said Blaine sent for Mulligan twice, and possibly a third time.

Q.—How came Mulligan in possession of those letters that are now in possession of Blaine? A.—He always had possession of them.

Q.—Did you know that he was bringing them on to Washington? A.—I did. He brought them with my consent and approbation.

Q.—Did you ever write to Blaine about a settlement? A.—Yes, sir.

The Loss Upon the Bonds.

Q.—Did he not write you that he had lost upon these bonds which he had to take back from his friends in Maine? A.—He didn't reply by letter. He said so by word of mouth.

Q.—Did you reply to Blaine that he had gotten if some of these bonds at a good price, or anything like that? A.—I did not.

Q.—What did you mean by that? A.—I meant that he had resold them.

Q.—Did you, or not? A.—I didn't know.

Q.—Didn't you mention, when that conversation took place, that they had been sold to the Union Pacific Railroad Company? A.—That is what I intended to convey.

Q.—You intended to convey to Blaine that he had lost on some of these bonds, and had gotten a good portion of them off at a good price to the Union Pacific? A.—Yes, sir.

Q.—How did you understand that he got them off to the Union Pacific? A.—I did not understand anything.

Q.—From whom did you understand what you did understand? A.—Through Mr. Atkins.

Q.—Then Atkins did tell you that Blaine had been off to see Tom Scott in Reg. bonds to the Union Pacific? A.—No, sir; he didn't tell me any such thing.

Q.—Perhaps, then, did you understand it? A.—That was an inference I drew from his remark.

Q.—What was that remark? A.—I can't say precisely, but you will have got a wrong impression of the Little Rock & Fort Smith Railroad; that representatives of the bondholders, the original bondholders, should go into this organization on a certain basis. I don't remember what the basis was. He spoke to me about the bondholders; said me if I knew any of the bondholders that they didn't know. He thought I might be familiar with some of them. I told him I was not familiar with some of them, and that I had not the information in regard to it that I had at the time. I told him, "Will you get all the bonds into" and he said if they had three quarters in it it would be sufficient, or something like that. There was a general talk about it. He said that the Union Pacific road had some of the bonds, and said that they would come in. I asked where the bonds came from, and had the inference I spoke—

C.—State what he said? A.—I don't remember what he said, but the inference I got was that they were a large and powerful company.

Q.—Did he tell you how many the Union Pacific had? A.—No, sir. He did not. That is, I think he did not.

Q.—Did he mention the name of Thos. A. Scott? A.—I don't know that he did, and don't know but he did not. I forget all about that. It is four or five years ago—five years, very likely.

Q.—Then in this correspondence between you and Blaine touching the settlement about Little Rock & Fort Smith bonds, you treated the matter as if Blaine had gotten off a portion of them upon the Union Pacific Company at some price? A.—I don't know how I treated it. I might have indirectly or directly referred to it in that way.

Q.—Have you recollected anything more to this matter in a reply that Blaine wrote you? A.—No, sir.

Q.—You do not recollect that he said in one of his letters that he had gotten rid of at a good price, he had not held the money long, but that it went to his friends in Maine? A.—I heard that in a letter read in the room by some way either from Boston to New York, or from New York to Washington—on this present trip to Washington.

Q.—On recollection, are you certain that Mr. Blaine said that if he did get these bonds off, as you had suggested in your letter, he didn't hold the money long, but that it went to his friends? A.—Words to that effect.

Q.—How long have you known Mr. Mulligan? A.—I have known Mulligan sixteen or twenty years.

Q.—Have you known him intimately? A.—I have, sir.

Q.—What is his character? A.—His character is the best. I would say that it is as good as, or perhaps better, than that of any man that I ever know.

Q.—What is his reputation for truth and veracity? A.—I never heard it questioned.

Q.—Have you ever demanded from Mulligan possession of these letters? A.—I have, sir, since I have been in this city, and at my own instance.

Q.—Were you not requested to make that demand? A.—Not the first time. I made the demand.

Q.—Were you ever requested by any body to make that demand after the first time? A.—I was.

Q.—By whom? A.—Mr. Blaine.

Q.—He asked you to demand those letters? A.—He did not ask me to demand them.

Q.—Well, what did he say? A.—Mr. Blaine asked me to get Mr. Mulligan to give them to me.

Q.—What were you to do with them if you got them? A.—I proposed to keep them if I got them.

Q.—Was this after a reference had been made in his examination by Mulligan to the letters? A.—No, sir, but before that.

Q.—When was it? A.—I think it was on Tuesday night. I am under the impression, although I may be wrong, that nothing occurred between Blaine and Mulligan about the letters until Wednesday.

Q.—Was there anything said between Blaine and Mulligan about those letters until after the first examination before you? A.—Nothing to my knowledge.

Q.—Then the request from Blaine to you to get possession of those letters from Mulligan was after Mulligan had spoken of the letters in his first examination? A.—Yes, I think that was so.

Q.—Then you had better correct your first answer. A.—No; I had under the impression that Mulligan to give them to me on Tuesday night.

Q.—You have? A.—That was my first request.

Q.—Was that the last you saw Blaine? A.—I think it was.

Q.—When you saw Blaine, was it mentioned between you and Blaine that Mulligan had the letters in his possession? A.—It was mentioned by Blaine that Mulligan had these letters.

One Particular Letter.

Q.—Did Blaine ask you to go and get these letters? A.—There was one letter that Blaine was particularly anxious to get.

Q.—Did he, or not, ask you to go down and get these letters? A.—Yes.

Q.—Was it the request that you made of Mulligan to return these letters to you was after and in consequence of the request from Blaine? A.—Yes.

Q.—State what the letter was that Blaine was especially anxious to get hold of? A.—A letter relating to the Northern Pacific Railway.

Q.—Was that the one he was particularly anxious to get? A.—Yes.

Q.—Do you know that Mulligan had such a letter? A.—I think that Blaine may have asked me the question whether such a letter was there, and I may have told him that I thought there was.

Q.—Did you tell him the contents of any of the other letters that Mulligan had? A.—I do not think I did.

Witness said he was in Atkins' room when Blaine refused to deliver the letters to Mulligan.

Q.—Id or not Mulligan say to Blaine that he had gotten these letters up stairs in his room under a promise to return them? A.—I believe he did.

Q.—Did Blaine deny or assent to the declaration of Mulligan that he had gotten the letters under a promise to return them? A.—He said that he had the letters.

By Blaine—Q.—What did Mulligan, if anything, say in your presence, about his intention respecting these letters? What he would do with them? A.—He said that he should keep these letters, that in case his statements were questioned or doubted by anybody he would have these letters to refer to, and he should publish his statement with these letters.

Q.—Did he base his publication of them, or his intention to publish them, on the fact that I should question his statement, or that anybody should question it? A.—Anybody.

By the Chairman—Q.—Was his purpose in publishing those letters to vindicate himself in case he was assailed? A.—Yes, to appear right before the world.

A Statement Disproved.

Witness testified that otherwise than walking the floor a little Blaine did not appear excited during the interview in Atkins' room, as when he saw him at his house.

Mr. Blaine—I desire to call attention to the fact that there are but 28,000 bonds sold to the State of Maine people, according to the evidence in the memorandum book produced by Mulligan.

The Chairman—I shall not decide to-day on the letters for examination was not accessible last night, and he was compelled to wait till this morning for them to examine the letters. Mr. Blaine would come up at the earliest moment, and in the meantime would abide by the action of the committee whether they should decide to go on with the examination or adjourn till he could be present.

After consultation the committee postponed further investigation until 12 o'clock. Before the committee had come to this conclusion the witness Mulligan was served with a summons to appear before the committee investigating the real estate pool, of which General Glover, of Missouri, is chairman. Witness at once obeyed the summons, but on reaching the room none of the committee were present, and the clerk stated that he was not aware that any meeting was to be held this morning.

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Q.—Were you not requested to make that demand? A.—Not the first time. I made the demand.

Q.—Were you ever requested by any body to make that demand after the first time? A.—I was.

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Q.—Did Blaine ask you to go and get these letters? A.—There was one letter that Blaine was particularly anxious to get.

Q.—Did he, or not, ask you to go down and get these letters? A.—Yes.

Q.—Was it the request that you made of Mulligan to return these letters to you was after and in consequence of the request from Blaine? A.—Yes.

Q.—State what the letter was that Blaine was especially anxious to get hold of? A.—A letter relating to the Northern Pacific Railway.

Q.—Was that the one he was particularly anxious to get? A.—Yes.

Q.—Do you know that Mulligan had such a letter? A.—I think that Blaine may have asked me the question whether such a letter was there, and I may have told him that I thought there was.

Q.—Did you tell him the contents of any of the other letters that Mulligan had? A.—I do not think I did.

Witness said he was in Atkins' room when Blaine refused to deliver the letters to Mulligan.

Q.—Id or not Mulligan say to Blaine that he had gotten these letters up stairs in his room under a promise to return them? A.—I believe he did.

Q.—Did Blaine deny or assent to the declaration of Mulligan that he had gotten the letters under a promise to return them? A.—He said that he had the letters.

By Blaine—Q.—What did Mulligan, if anything, say in your presence, about his intention respecting these letters? What he would do with them? A.—He said that he should keep these letters, that in case his statements were questioned or doubted by anybody he would have these letters to refer to, and he should publish his statement with these letters.

Q.—Did he base his publication of them, or his intention to publish them, on the fact that I should question his statement, or that anybody should question it? A.—Anybody.

By the Chairman—Q.—Was his purpose in publishing those letters to vindicate himself in case he was assailed? A.—Yes, to appear right before the world.

A Statement Disproved.

Witness testified that otherwise than walking the floor a little Blaine did not appear excited during the interview in Atkins' room, as when he saw him at his house.

Mr. Blaine—I desire to call attention to the fact that there are but 28,000 bonds sold to the State of Maine people, according to the evidence in the memorandum book produced by Mulligan.

The Chairman—I shall not decide to-day on the letters for examination was not accessible last night, and he was compelled to wait till this morning for them to examine the letters. Mr. Blaine would come up at the earliest moment, and in the meantime would abide by the action of the committee whether they should decide to go on with the examination or adjourn till he could be present.

After consultation the committee postponed further investigation until 12 o'clock. Before the committee had come to this conclusion the witness Mulligan was served with a summons to appear before the committee investigating the real estate pool, of which General Glover, of Missouri, is chairman. Witness at once obeyed the summons, but on reaching the room none of the committee were present, and the clerk stated that he was not aware that any meeting was to be held this morning.

A messenger was despatched for General Glover, and it was ascertained that he was acting as chairman of the Military Committee in the absence of General Banning, and would be engaged there till twelve o'clock. At twelve Mr. Blaine had not arrived at the capitol, and a further postponement took place till two o'clock.

The committee reassembled at 2 o'clock. Great interest was manifested, and the committee room was filled with members of Congress, newspaper men and others. Mr. Hunton renewed his request to Blaine to present the letters taken from Mulligan.

The Letters Not to be Submitted.

Mr. Blaine recapitulated the statement made yesterday by him in relation to the letters, and said he had submitted the letters to eminent legal counsel, and had received from them a statement which he read. In it Jeremiah S. Black and Matt. Carpenter, as counsel, say they have examined all the letters, and find nothing in them bearing at all upon the case now pending before the committee, and they advise Blaine to assert his right as an American citizen and resist to the utmost any attempt to take from him the letters in question. They further say that an attempt to do so would be tyrannical and unjust.

Mr. Blaine then informed the committee that in accordance with this legal advice he would decline to produce the letters or memorandum of their contents.

Mulligan Re-called

Chairman Hunton then re-called witness Mulligan. In answer to question by Blaine, Mulligan said the letter referred to did not contain any allusion to Tom Scott, Union Pacific bonds, or the thirty-four thousand dollars. The only bonds that witness knew of going into the hands of Blaine was forty thousand dollars worth which Blaine received on the day of the Speakership contest, October 21, 1872.

Atkins Recalled.

Elisha Atkins was recalled and testified that he never said in Mulligan's presence that Blaine was deeply interested about the Little Rock and Smith land grant bonds that went to the Union Pacific Railroad Company, nor had he ever said so to anybody else.

Fisher Recalled.

Warren Fisher was recalled by Mr. Blaine.

Question—Do you recollect ever suggesting to me in a letter that I had obtained money through Thos. A. Scott by selling Little Rock bonds to the Union Pacific Railroad? Answer—No, sir.

Q.—Have you ever written me, or having ever written such a thing? A.—No, sir.

Q.—I want to know whether after I obtained the letters from Mulligan I said in the presence of Atkins that your title to these letters was superior to mine, and that I offered them to you if you wanted to take them? A.—I do not believe there were such remarks made.

By the Chair.—Q.—Did you get any telegrams from Washington before you left Boston? A.—I did.

Q.—From whom? A.—From Jas. G. Blaine.

Q.—You cannot say whether or not you answered them in Boston? A.—I cannot. It was but one telegram.

Q.—State what the character of that telegram was. A.—I think it was about five words: "Come to Washington without fail."

Q.—When was that? Had you been served with a subpœna at the time you got this telegram? A.—No, sir.

Witness testified that he arrived in Washington on Tuesday, and immediately after reaching the hotel Blaine made his appearance. He first met him in the bar shop, and afterwards went to his house. At the interview in the hotel Blaine asked him to go to his house, and subsequently wrote him a note, something like the following: "Do you or Mulligan come to the house this evening."

By Blaine—Q.—Did not I say in that note that I wanted to see you in regard to the Little Rock and Fort Smith bonds? A.—I do not remember.

Q.—I don't know but you did, and don't know as you did. I almost forget about it.

Witness said Blaine sent for Mulligan twice, and possibly a third time.

Q.—How came Mulligan in possession of those letters that are now in possession of Blaine? A.—He always had possession of them.

Q.—Did you know that he was bringing them on to Washington? A.—I did. He brought them with my consent and approbation.

Q.—Did you ever write to Blaine about a settlement? A.—Yes, sir.

The Loss Upon the Bonds.

Q.—Did he not write you that he had lost upon these bonds which he had to take back from his friends in Maine? A.—He didn't reply by letter. He said so by word of mouth.

Q.—Did you reply to Blaine that he had gotten if some of these bonds at a good price, or anything like that? A.—I did not.

Q.—What did you mean by that? A.—I meant that he had resold them.

Q.—Did you, or not? A.—I didn't know.

Q.—Didn't you mention, when that conversation took place, that they had been sold to the Union Pacific Railroad Company? A.—That is what I intended to convey.

Q.—You intended to convey to Blaine that he had lost on some of these bonds, and had gotten a good portion of them off at a good price to the Union Pacific? A.—Yes, sir.

Q.—How did you understand that he got them off to the Union Pacific? A.—I did not understand anything.

Q.—From whom did you understand what you did understand? A.—Through Mr. Atkins.

Q.—Then Atkins did tell you that Blaine had been off to see Tom Scott in Reg. bonds to the Union Pacific? A.—No, sir; he didn't tell me any such thing.

Q.—Perhaps, then, did you understand it? A.—That was an inference I drew from his remark.

Q.—What was that remark? A.—I can't say precisely, but you will have got a wrong impression of the Little Rock & Fort Smith Railroad; that representatives of the bondholders, the original bondholders, should go into this organization on a certain basis. I don't remember what the basis was. He spoke to me about the bondholders; said me if I knew any of the bondholders that they didn't know. He thought I might be familiar with some of them. I told him I was not familiar with some of them, and that I had not the information in regard to it that I had at the time. I told him, "Will you get all the bonds into" and he said if they had three quarters in it it would be sufficient, or something like that. There was a general talk about it. He said that the Union Pacific road had some of the bonds, and said that they would come in. I asked where the bonds came from, and had the inference I spoke—

C.—State what he said? A.—I don't remember what he said, but the inference I got was that they were a large and powerful company.

Q.—Did he tell you how many the Union Pacific had? A.—No, sir. He did not. That is, I think he did not.

Q.—Did he mention the name of Thos. A. Scott? A.—I don't know that he did, and don't know but he did not. I forget all about that. It is four or five years ago—five years, very likely.

Q.—Then in this correspondence between you and Blaine touching the settlement about Little Rock & Fort Smith bonds, you treated the matter as if Blaine had gotten off a portion of them upon the Union Pacific Company at some price? A.—I don't know how I treated it. I might have indirectly or directly referred to it in that way.

Q.—Have you recollected anything more to this matter in a reply that Blaine wrote you? A.—No, sir.

Q.—You do not recollect that he said in one of his letters that he had gotten rid of at a good price, he had not held the money long, but that it went to his friends in Maine? A.—I heard that in a letter read in the room by some way either from Boston to New York, or from New York to Washington—on this present trip to Washington.

Q.—On recollection, are you certain that Mr. Blaine said that if he did get these bonds off, as you had suggested in your letter, he didn't hold the money long, but that it went to his friends? A.—Words to that effect.

Q.—How long have you known Mr. Mulligan? A.—I have known Mulligan sixteen or twenty years.

Q.—Have you known him intimately? A.—I have, sir.

Q.—What is his character? A.—His character is the best. I would say that it is as good as, or perhaps better, than that of any man that I ever know.

Q.—What is his reputation for truth and veracity? A.—I never heard it questioned.

Q.—Have you ever demanded from Mulligan possession of these letters? A.—I have, sir, since I have been in this city, and at my own instance.

Q.—Were you not requested to make that demand? A.—Not the first time. I made the demand.

Q.—Were you ever requested by any body to make that demand after the first time? A.—I was.

Q.—By whom? A.—Mr. Blaine.

Q.—He asked you to demand those letters? A.—He did not ask me to demand them.

Q.—Well, what did he say? A.—Mr. Blaine asked me to get Mr. Mulligan to give them to me.

Q.—What were you to do with them if you got them? A.—I proposed to keep them if I got them.

Q.—Was this after a reference had been made in his examination by Mulligan to the letters? A.—No, sir, but before that.

Q.—When was it? A.—I think it was on Tuesday night. I am under the impression, although I may be wrong, that nothing occurred between Blaine and Mulligan about the letters until Wednesday.

Q.—Was there anything said between Blaine and Mulligan about those letters until after the first examination before you? A.—Nothing to my knowledge.

Q.—Then the request from Blaine to you to get possession of those letters from Mulligan was after Mulligan had spoken of the letters in his first examination? A.—Yes, I think that was so.

Q.—Then you had better correct your first answer. A.—No;

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

ESTABLISHED 1786.—VOL. 89.—NO. 133. SATURDAY MORNING, JUNE 3, 1876. THREE CENTS A COPY—$8 PER ANNUM.

DAILY GAZETTE.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

—Daniel Webster's estate, known as Marshfield, was sold yesterday for $5,000.

—Julia Ward Howe has been elected President of the Woman's Suffrage Association of Boston.

—According to the new Directory, San Francisco has now a population of 272,345 souls, a gain of 42,000 during the last year.

—Rev. Robert Collyer, of Chicago, has given fifty dollars towards the cost of the proposed memorial bust of Thomas Paine.

—Daniel Drew in his examination before the Register on Thursday said he kept no books, but kept all his business "in his head."

—By a previous arrangement, all the ministers at Nelson, Kentucky, offered prayers for rain the other Sunday, and before morning the citizens thought the deluge would never subside.

—An intelligent foreigner, passing through the streets of Philadelphia, took out his note-book at the end of a long walk, and made a little memorandum to the effect that "eighty-nine percentum of the population of Philadelphia are members of the powerful family of Roomstotet."

—Blaine's friends in Washington have secured a room on F street, opposite the Ebbitt House, and will soon open a Blaine headquarters. The intention is "to supply a want they have felt for some time, of a place where Blaine's delegates stopping in the city can go for information and get acquainted with each other."

—Secretary Robeson's explanation before the naval committee of his transaction with the Castells lasted more than four hours, during which Mr. Robeson was allowed to proceed uninterruptedly. Members of the committee do him the credit to admit that, "prima facie, Robeson makes a clear, explicit and satisfactory explanation."

—The Salt Lake correspondent of a San Francisco paper says it is settled that after the new temple is dedicated at St. George, Brigham Young, Jr., will be officially proclaimed as the President of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints, and successor to Brigham I. The plan is then for the Saints to take up their line of march for New Mexico.

—In Connecticut, last year, there were 466 divorces to 5,385 marriages, with an average of about 300 divorces a year for the last fifteen years, the prevailing cause being "general misconduct;" in view of which figures the *Churchman* finds satisfaction in knowing that "as yet, the Connecticut statutes forbid the "marriage' of a man and his step-daughter."

—Garibaldi, it is said, will soon resign his seat in the Italian parliament. He recently sent a letter to his constituents expressing his regret at being obliged to resign them, and stated that declining health unfitted him to discharge the duties devolving upon their representatives. He intends to return to his home in Caprera, from which he has been absent about a year.

—One of the stewardesses of the Cunard Line is about to retire with a fortune estimated at £5,000, the result of ten years' service. She is a very good woman, and has a vast deal of tact, policy and judgment, and sometimes her fees amounted to one hundred dollars on a single trip. There is a field for gold or silver having once received fifty dollars for bathing an old lady's head one entire night.

—Young men out of work will do better to engage themselves to the farmers during the harvest season. If the life of a farm hand lacks the romance of adventure, it has its compensation in greater comfort and security; and as a rule it may be safely assumed that those who have not energy enough to earn a fair livelihood at home will die for want of it among the Black Hills.—*Cin. Commercial.*

—Prof. Longfellow with his family will this week take possession of a cottage at Bryn Mawr for the Centennial season. During the past week Professor Longfellow has been the guest of Mr. Geo. W. Childs, with whom, on Monday last, he visited Walt Whitman. The two poets had not met before, and the cordial hand-shake and introduction of their mutual friend was very cordial. Most unlike in temperament and character of literary effort, the resemblance of the two men is very striking.

—Adding to the disgusting list of commission of suicide is a novelty on the face of a criminal indictment; but a man and woman in England have been found guilty and sentenced to imprisonment on that charge. The indictment also charged conspiracy to murder, but the cable dispatch does not state whether the jury made any distinction between the charges in their verdict. Intending suicides nowadays so seldom have any chance to take others into their confidence that we must look to classic times, when defeated heroes got their slaves or freedmen to hold their swords while they rushed upon them, for a parallel.

—We venture to say that there is not a member of the committee nor a member of the House who does not feel himself grossly assailed by the presentation of private letters through malicious agencies, and the country will give little credence to the statements which come from unbinding perfidy to destroy private or public reputation by employing unguarded and unexplained letters to strengthen indefinite calumny. Mr. Blaine may have been guilty of improper business transactions immediately or indirectly connected with his official position, but he will not be convicted before the tribunal of the country by unsupported witnesses or private letters which fall short of conclusive evidence of guilt.—*Philadelphia Times.*

—Sir Knight the Hon. James H. Hopkins, delivered the address of welcome to the Knights Templars at Philadelphia on Thursday. The following paragraph is illustrative of its general character: "While all the faithful children of America listen with exultation to the story of an hundred years of material growth and marvellous development; while they point with pride to the hills which overlook the Schuylkill, where her art and industry have garnered the history of their progress and the tokens of their triumph, their hearts swell upon beholding the culmination of our national glory, in the unbought, unenvious, unstinted honor which all the nations of the world bestow. Here, where the cradle of the Republic was rocked to the angry lullaby of the cannon's roar and the sabre's clash contending armies, after an eventful century ended, peace comes, bearing rich garlands to grace this memorial year. While the young nation, superb in her beauty and majestic in her strength, stands amidst her admiring sisters receiving from all of her citizens the spontaneous offering of love and pride, it seemed right and proper that the noble order of Christian Knighthood should bring its wreath of loyalty and love."

—Col. Thomas A. Scott has already testified in a most positive manner that neither directly or indirectly has he ever had any transactions with Mr. Blaine relating to certain bonds. Mr. Atkin and Mr. Fisher followed by swearing that they have no knowledge of any operation or circumstance involving Mr. Blaine in connection with the bonds of the Little Rock Road. Nor have they any knowledge of dealing between Col. Scott and Mr. Blaine. But Mr. Mulligan comes forward and under oath asserts that Mr. Blaine and Mr. Scott did have dealings, and that Fisher and Atkins knew that he did. We know little of the latter two gentlemen, but he is a bold man, we think, who hopes to be believed in disputing sworn statements made by Mr. Scott. Mr. Mulligan, however, has made a start and has burned his boats behind him. Yesterday he was ready to swear to anything, and he commenced his recital by a dramatic picture of Mr. Blaine appealing and begging mercy at his hands contemplating suicide and offering Mulligan a consulate or the chairmanship of a political committee. Now Mulligan, it seems to us, has rather overstepped the borders wherein he might be certain that his Democratic questioners would be ready to accept with avidity all he had to tell. Even Mr. Blaine's worst enemies have not set him down as a fool; yet a fool he would have been of the weakest sort if Mr. Mulligan's statement could be relied on. That Mr. Blaine obtained from him certain letters of a private character, of which Mulligan had become possessed without right to them, is very clear and that the entire anti-Blaine pack will make these letters, until they are produced, the subject for the most abominable insinuations we fear there is little doubt; and it is in the nature of false slander which permits Mr. Blaine to refuse their introduction upon the ground that the committee has no concern with them. Yet when the country reads that with solemn oath Mr. Blaine denies the statements made concerning him by Mulligan, we cannot think that fair-minded men can for an instant doubt him.—*Philadelphia North American.*

The Naval Investigation.

WASHINGTON, June 1.—Before the House Committee on Naval Affairs to-day Admiral Rodgers testified that during three years that he was Chief of the Bureau of Yards and Docks in the Navy Department Secretary Robeson never directed him or suggested or hinted to any one anybody, and never interfered with persons or prices in his bureau.

Dr. James C. Palmer, Chief of the Bureau of Medicine and Surgery, Chief Engineer Shock, at times Acting Chief of the Bureau of Steam Engineering, Commodore Howell, Chief of the Bureau of Yards and Docks, George F. Cutter, Purchasing Paymaster at New York, and A. W. Russell, Purchasing Agent at Philadelphia, gave testimony of similar purport.

The New York Whisky Ring.

NEW YORK, June 2.—Deputy Collectors Giller and Giberson deny the truth of the statement made by Stein, and widely published, that he was able to operate illicit stills in Brooklyn by paying them and ex-Deputy Distiller Attorney Hughes five hundred dollars a week each. Collector Freeland puts no confidence in Stein's story, and says it would have been cheaper for Stein to have paid the taxes. An investigation is being made, and pending it the officers accused will remain on duty.

FIRST EDITION.

BLAINE'S INVESTIGATION.

He Decides to Hold on to Those Letters.

SEVERAL FRESH WITNESSES ON THE STAND.

WASHINGTON, June 2.—The sub-Judiciary Committee met again this morning. Wm. E. Chandler, on behalf of Mr. Blaine, stated that one of the counsel before whom Mr. Blaine wished to lay the letters for examination was not accessible last night, and he was compelled to wait till this morning for them to examine the letters. Mr. Blaine would come up at the earliest moment, and in the meantime would abide by the action of the committee whether they should decide to go on with the examination or adjourn till he could be present.

After consultation the committee postponed further investigation until 12 o'clock. Before the committee had come to this conclusion the witness Mulligan was served with a summons to appear before the committee investigating the real estate pool, of which General Glover, of Missouri, is chairman. Witness at once obeyed the summons, but on reaching the room none of the committee were present, and the clerk stated that he was not aware that any meeting was to be held this morning.

A messenger was despatched for General Glover, and it was ascertained that he was acting as chairman of the Military Committee in the absence of General Banning, and would be engaged there till twelve o'clock. At twelve Mr. Blaine had not arrived at the capitol, and a further postponement took place till two o'clock.

The committee reassembled at 2 o'clock. Great interest was manifested, and the committee room was filled with members of Congress, newspaper men and others. Mr. Hunton renewed his request to Blaine to present the letters taken from Mulligan.

The Letter Not to be Submitted.

Mr. Blaine recapitulated the statement made yesterday by him in relation to the letters, and said he had submitted the letters to eminent legal counsel, and had received from them a statement which he read. In it Jeremiah S. Black and Matt. Carpenter, counsel, say they have examined all the letters, and find nothing in them bearing at all upon the case now pending before the committee, and they advise Blaine to assert his right as an American citizen and resist to the utmost any attempt to take from him any of these private letters. They say that an attempt to do so would be tyrannical and unjust.

Mr. Blaine then informed the committee that in accordance with this legal advice he would decline to produce the letters or memorandum of their contents.

Mulligan Re-called

Chairman Hunton then re-called witness Mulligan. In answer to questions of Mr. Blaine, Mulligan said the letter referred to did not contain any allusion to Union Pacific bonds, or the sixty-four thousand dollars. The only Pacific witness knew of going into the hands of Blaine was forty thousand dollars, which Blaine received on the day of the settlement, September 11, 1872.

Atkins Recalled.

Elisha Atkins was recalled and testified that he never said in Mulligan's presence that Blaine was the owner of the Little Rock & Fort Smith land grant bonds that went to the Union Pacific Railroad Company, nor had he ever said so to anybody else.

Fisher Recalled.

Warren Fisher was recalled by Mr. Blaine.

Question—Do you recollect ever suggesting to me in a letter that I had obtained money through Thos. A. Scott by selling Little Rock bonds to the Union Pacific Railroad? Answer—No, sir.

Q.—Have you any recollection of having ever written such a thing? A.—No, sir.

Q.—I want to know whether after I obtained the letters from Mulligan I said in the presence of Atkins that your title to those letters was superior to mine, and that I offered them to you if you wanted to take them? A.—I think there were such remarks made.

By the Chair.—Q.—Did you get any telegrams from Washington before you left Boston? A.—I did.

Q.—From whom? A.—From Jas. G. Blaine.

Q.—You cannot say whether or not you received them in Boston? A.—I cannot. It was but one telegram.

Q.—State what the character of that telegram was. A.—I think it was about five words: "Come to Washington without fail."

Q.—When was that? Had you been served with a subpœna at the time you got this telegram? A.—No, sir.

Witness testified that he arrived in Washington on Tuesday, and immediately after reaching the hotel Blaine made his appearance. He first met him in the barber shop, and afterwards went to his house, it being early in the morning. Blaine asked him to go to his house, and subsequently wrote him a note, something like the following: "You and Mulligan come to the house this evening."

By Blaine.—Q.—Did not I say in that note that *I wanted to see you in regard to that Aquila Adams* published in the Cincinnati *Commercial Gazette*? A.—I don't know but you did, and don't know as you did. I almost forgot about it.

Witness said Blaine sent for Mulligan twice, and possibly a third time.

Q.—How came Mulligan in possession of those letters that are now in possession of Blaine? A.—He has always had possession of them.

Q.—Did you ever hand Blaine or bringing them on to Washington? A.—I did. He brought them with my consent and approbation.

Q.—Did you ever write to Blaine about a settlement? A.—Yes, sir.

The Loss Upon the Bonds.

Q.—Did he reply to you that he had lost upon these bonds which he had to take back from his friends in Maine? A.—He didn't reply by letter. He said so by word of mouth.

Q.—Did you reply to Blaine that he had gotten of some of these bonds at a good price, or anything like that? A.—I did not.

Q.—What did you mean by that? A.—I meant that he had resold them.

Q.—To whom? A.—I didn't know.

Q.—Didn't you mention, when that conversation took place, that they had been sold to the Union Pacific Railroad Company? A.—That is what I intended to convey.

Q.—Are you intended to convey to Blaine that he had not lost much on these bonds, because he had got a portion of them off at a good price to the Union Pacific? A.—No, sir.

Q.—How did you understand that he got them off to the Union Pacific? A.—I did not understand anything.

Q.—From whom did you understand what you did understand? A.—Through Mr. Atkins.

Q.—Then Atkins did tell you that Blaine had gotten off some of these little Rock bonds to the Union Pacific? A.—No, sir; he didn't tell me any such thing.

Q.—How, then, did you understand it? A.—Atkins was speaking of the organization of the Little Rock & Fort Smith Railroad; that reorganization was that the old bondholders, or the original bondholders, should go into this organization on a certain basis I don't remember what the basis was. He spoke to me as one of the bondholders; asked me if I knew any of the bondholders that they didn't know. He thought I might be unfamiliar with some of them, and he gave me information in regard to it that I had at the time. I said to him, "Will you get all the bonds in?" and he said if they had three-quarters in it would be sufficient, or something like that. There was a general talk about it. He said that the Union Pacific road had some of the bonds, and said that they would come in. I asked where the bonds came from, and the inference I got—

C.—State what he said? A.—I don't remember what he said, but the inference I got was that they were Blaine's bonds.

Q.—Did he tell you how many the Union Pacific had? A.—No, sir. He did not say. I think he did not.

Q.—Did he mention the name of Thos. A. Scott? A.—I don't know that he did, and don't know but he did. I forget all about that. It is four or five years ago—two years, very likely.

Q.—Then in this correspondence between you and Blaine touching the settlement about Little Rock & Fort Smith bonds, you treated the matter as if Blaine had gotten off a portion of them upon the Union Pacific Company at a good price? A.—I don't know how I treated it. I might have indirectly or directly referred to it in that way.

Q.—Do you recollect any reference to this matter in a reply that Blaine wrote you? A.—No, sir.

Q.—You do not recollect that he said in one of his letters that he had gotten them off at a good price, he had not held the money long, but that it went to his friends in Maine? A.—I heard that part of a letter read while I was on the way either from Boston to New York, or from New York to Washington—on this present trip to Washington.

Q.—You recollect substantially that in which Blaine said that if he did get these bonds off, as you had suggested in your letter, he didn't hold the money long, but that it went to his Maine friends? A.—Words to that effect.

Q.—How long have you known Mr. Mulligan? A.—I have known Mulligan sixteen or twenty years.

Q.—Have you known him intimately? A.—I have, sir.

Q.—What is his character? A.—His character is the best. I would say that life as good as, or perhaps better, than that of any man that I ever knew.

Q.—What is his reputation for truth and veracity? A.—I never heard it questioned.

Q.—Have you ever demanded from Mulligan possession of these letters? A.—I have, sir, since I have been in this city, and at my own instance.

Q.—What reason have you assigned for that demand? A.—Not the first time, I made the demand.

Q.—Were you ever requested by any body to make that demand after the first time? A.—I was.

Q.—By who? A.—Mr. Blaine.

Q.—He asked you to demand those letters? A.—He did not ask me to demand them.

Q.—Well, what did he say? A.—Mr. Blaine asked me to get Mr. Mulligan to give them to me.

Q.—What were you to do with them if you got them? A.—I proposed to keep them if I got them.

Q.—Was this after a reference had been made in his examination by Mulligan to the letters? A.—No, sir, but before that.

Q.—When was it? A.—I think it was on Tuesday night. I am under the impression, though I may be wrong, that nothing occurred between Blaine and Mulligan about the letters until Wednesday.

Q.—Was there anything said between Blaine and Mulligan about those letters until after the first examination here? A.—I think not, sir.

Q.—Then the request from Blaine to you to get possession of those letters from Mulligan was after Mulligan had spoken of the letters in his first examination? A.—Yes, I think that was so.

Q.—Then you had better correct your first answer. A.—No, I say I had made repeated calls of Mulligan to give them to me on Tuesday night.

Q.—You had? A.—That was my first request.

Q.—Was that after you saw Blaine? A.—I think it was.

Q.—When you saw Blaine, was it mentioned between you and Blaine that Mulligan had these letters in his possession? A.—It was mentioned by Blaine that Mulligan had these letters.

One Particular Letter.

Q.—Did Blaine ask you to go and get these letters? A.—There was one letter that Blaine was very particular to get.

Q.—Did he, or not, ask you to go down and get these letters? A.—Yes.

Q.—Did the request that you made of Mulligan to return these letters to you was after and in consequence of the request from Blaine? A.—Yes.

Q.—State what that letter was that Blaine was especially anxious to get hold of? A.—A letter relating to the Northern Pacific Railway.

Q.—Was that the one he was particularly anxious to get? A.—Yes.

Q.—How did he know that Mulligan had such a letter? A.—I think that Blaine may have asked me the question whether such a letter was there, and I probably told him that I believed there was.

Q.—Did you tell him the contents of any of the other letters that Mulligan had? A.—I do not think I did.

Witness said he was in Atkins' room when Blaine refused to deliver the letters to Mulligan.

Q.—I id or not Mulligan say to Blaine that he had gotten these letters up stairs in his room under a promise to return them? A.—I believe he did.

Q.—Did Blaine deny or assent to the declaration of Mulligan that he had gotten the letters under a promise to return them? A.—He said that he had the letters.

By Blaine—Q.—What did Mulligan, if anything, say in your presence, about his intention respecting these letters? What he would do with them? A.—He said that he should keep these letters, that in case his statements were questioned or doubted by anybody he would have these letters to refer to, and he should publish his statement with these letters.

Q.—Did he base his publication of them, or his intention to publish them, on the fact that I should question his statement, or that anybody should question it? A.—Anybody.

By the Chairman—Q.—Was his purpose in publishing those letters to vindicate himself in case he was assailed? A.—Yes, to appear right before the world.

A Statement Disproved.

Witness testified that otherwise than walking the floor a little Blaine did not appear excited during the interview in Atkins' room, as when he saw him at his house.

Mr. Blaine—I desire to call attention to the fact that there are but $28,000 bonds sold to the State of Maine people, according to the evidence in the memorandum book produced by Mulligan.

The Chairman—I notify you now, Mr. Fisher, as a witness subpœnaed before this committee, that if you get these letters you must not destroy them.

The witness—I shall not destroy them, sir.

Mr. Blaine—And I pledge myself as a witness before the committee that the person having them will not destroy them.

By Mr. Blaine—Did I offer these letters in presence of Atkins? A.—You did.

Q.—Did I do it once or twice? A.—You offered them to me.

Q.—I offered them to you with emphasis, and did I not call Atkins' attention to the fact that I now offered to you those letters, and if you did not choose to take their custody I would? A.—Yes.

Q.—Did you agree to receive them? A.—No, sir. I said I would not.

Witness said Blaine promised Mulligan that he would bring the letters back to the hotel between 9 and 10 o'clock the same night he got possession of them, that he did return to the hotel at the time promised, but did not see Mulligan.

By Mr. Blaine—I did not see Mulligan because he was not in the room. I went to the room where he had been, and I was there by agreement, but he was not.

Mr. Mulligan—I was in the room all night. I was in the room when he came back with the letters, and I stayed there for some time, and they began to talk to me a long time about those letters. I told them plainly that I would talk with them no longer upon that subject. He refused to deliver to me the letters, and I went out.

Adjourned.

NEWS FROM FOREIGN LANDS.

The Freshest Gleanings from the Old World.

The Ex-Sultan Safe.

CONSTANTINOPLE, June 2.—The Minister of Foreign Affairs has telegraphed to the Turkish representatives abroad as follows: "I hasten to deny malevolent rumors circulated concerning the deposed monarch's fate. Immediately after his accession Sultan Murad ordered that his uncle to be treated with every consideration, and to receive all the honors due his person. A pavilion belonging to the Teheragan Palace, on the Bosphorus, has been assigned him as a residence."

Servia Still Unsatisfied.

LONDON, May 3.—A dispatch to the *Standard* from Vienna says the Ministers have advised Murad not to exile Abdul Aziz to Asia, unless he should attempt to incite disorder.

The Sword of Osman.

CONSTANTINOPLE, June 2.—The ceremony of girding Prince Selim with the sword of Osman is postponed until next week.

Servia's Stubbornness.

BERLIN, June 2.—It is stated here that Servia refuses to receive the Sultan, on the ground of his irregular accession to the throne, and declines to pay tribute, two instalments of which are in arrear.

Another Conference.

Bismarck will accompany the Emperor to Ems, where a fresh conference will be held by the representatives of Germany, Austria and Russia.

The Ex-Sultan's Prison.

LONDON, June 2.—The *Post* says it learns that Abdul Aziz, late Sultan, is confined in a splendid palace, called "The Cage." The *Post* also says it has reason to believe his life is perfectly safe, and understands that after the examination of witnesses of his deposition, took steps to obtain a satisfactory assurance of the personal safety of his former guest.

Winslow's Case.

LONDON, June 2—In the official report of the Winslow remand the words used are: "Finally refused to answer." This, however, is misleading, as it seems to indicate that Winslow will be released unless the difficulty is settled by that date. Secretary Walsh is now in Paris, and the latest news he had received from Winslow. When Sir Wm. Harcourt was asked why he did not bring on his motion in the House of Commons to-night, he replied that he had given notice, he was understood to say the Government did not have the papers ready, and in reply to further inquiries said he thought the matter would be patched up and the United States get Winslow.

Business Failures.

LONDON, June 2—The failure is reported of Peace Bros., and Attavani Brothers, of Messina, with liabilities of $1,000,000. Several other firms have also failed and a panic prevails in Messina. A large failure in Sicily is also reported, which will affect Moscow and other points north.

FORTY-FOURTH CONGRESS.

WASHINGTON, June 2, 1876.

SENATE.

The South Channel at Neville Island.

The bill to close the channel of the Ohio river on the south side of Neville Island by the construction of an embankment or causeway from the head of the island to the southern shore of the river was passed.

Sunday Mails in Pennsylvania.

The bill to exempt all vessels engaged in the navigation of the Mississippi river and its tributaries above New Orleans from entries and clearances was passed.

Legislative Appropriation.

The morning hour having expired, the chair laid before the Senate the unfinished business, the bill making appropriations for the legislative, executive and judicial expenses of the Government for the year ending June 30, 1877, and the question being on the first amendment reported by the Committee on Appropriations, to strike out the salaries of Senators, Representatives and Delegates in Congress to $5,000 per annum, instead of $4,500, as proposed in the House bill.

The amendment was agreed to without a division.

Other amendments proposed by the Committee on Appropriations, restoring the salaries of the officers and clerks of the Senate and House of Representatives, capitol police and employes in the Library to the amounts received by them under the existing law, were agreed to, as was also an amendment appropriating $15,000 for the salary of the Congressional Printer, which is the same as now fixed, and $2,500 for contingent expenses of that office.

When the amendment to strike out the clause reducing the salary of the President to $25,000 per annum from and after March 4, 1877 was reached.

Mr. McCREERY moved to strike out that amendment.

Debate ensued. Pending the discussion the Senate went into executive session and soon after adjourned.

HOUSE.

The Indian Appropriation.

After reading the Journal, the House went in to Committee of the Whole on the Indian Appropriation bill. There was considerable progress made in the bill, with the usual discussion about Indian outrages, but the section for the transfer of the Indian Bureau to the War Department was not reached when the committee rose.

The House then took a recess.—The evening session to be for general debate on the tariff

SYPHER'S SINUOUS WAYS.

A Witness Tells of a Scheme to Rob the Government.

NEW ORLEANS, June 2.—The Congressional investigating Committee resumed its session to-day. Edward A. Davis was sworn. In 1874 I was called upon by J. Hale Sypher to take a contract for lighthouse repairs. Sypher took me to Capt. Howell, Superintendent of Construction at the Custom House, and asked for the contract. It was for $5,000. Howell accepted it, and gave it to Sypher. Sypher said he could not do so, as the name in the letter were "Lawrence Harney, $450."

Mr. Elliott denied this to test the recollection of the witness.

The chairman decided that Elliott had a right to make the request with a view of indicting. Witness may have been the writer of the anonymous letter.

Witness wrote his name on a piece of paper, and Mr. Elliott and the judge left the room while writing.

Mr. Elliott insisted that he should write out the letter.

Witness said he was now too nervous to write, but he had a confidence in the statement to-day.

Witness then said the time that elapsed between his first interview with Green, who was seeking a position in the army, and his first interview with Kerr on the subject was in-side of a month. Within that time he was looking among members of Congress to find out who had such an appointment in the army. He spoke to Wm. A. Darling, Henry J. Raymond and Nelson Taylor, and then the member of the House from Brooklyn, since dead. He did not recollect the names of any others, and may have applied to the gentleman named for information. Witness repeated much of what he said on the direct examination, including the statement that Kerr said Greene, being a Republican, must have Democratic endorsement. He thought Green said Fernando Wood had recommended him.

Question—Did you not propose to Green before you consulted with any member of Congress that you won d procure him a place for three or four hundred dollars? Answ—I told him I did not know what it would cost, as I did not know what the price of a member of Congress was.

Q.—Did you not at the first interview propose specifically to him to procure an appointment for three or four hundred dollars? A.—No.

Interview with District Attorney Bliss.

The witness here related the circumstances of his interview with United States District Attorney Bliss. He said Bliss sent for him. Bliss was alone, and as he entered his room shook hands with him, saying "Good morning," and added that he looked well, and complimented him on his appearance. (Laughter.) And then Bliss expressed a desire to know something about the Green matter. Bliss asked: "What is the matter about Green? What's the trouble?" Continuing to ask questions of that kind, Bliss further asked: "Did you not interest yourself about Green, and is there any money in the matter?" Witness declined to be i olm anything about money. He never saw Bliss again on the subject. He made no communication to any other gentleman, nor was he interviewed by any newspaper correspondents. Witness said the fact that he secured the appointment for Green was known to everybody in New York, but he said nothing about money to anybody. He repeated that it was between one and three in the afternoon when Kerr called him aside at the door of the House of Representatives and said:

"I Will Take that Money Now."

After he received the money from Green he kept it in his pocket as the best place till he gave it to Kerr.

Mr. Elliott asked witness about his recollection of a copy of an anonymous letter sent to Speaker Kerr, and which had been shown to him by storekeeper. Witness said he would have a copy of the letter, but witness said he could not do so, as the only copy he had in the letter were "Lawrence Harney, $450."

Mr. Elliott denied this to test the recollection of the witness.

The chairman decided that Elliott had a right to make the request with a view of indicting. Witness may have been the writer of the anonymous letter.

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SATURDAY, JUNE 3, 1876.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp 27¾f.

BONDS at Frankfort, new 5s, 101¾.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 112¾.

THE idea is developed that BLAINE is guilty of contempt, because he does not surrender his private letters to the custody of a thief, in order that they may be used against him.

THE muscular Doorkeeper of the House, at Washington, who took occasion to beat a creditor nearly to death for the offense of presenting an overdue bill, has not, as yet, been disturbed. He is a Democrat.

THE course of BELKNAP'S lawyers, in attempting to procrastinate his trial, if persisted in, will injure his case. The demand for time, made by CARPENTER, was based on good reasons, the sickness and absence of his colleagues; but if dilatory tactics are resorted to, as a rule, the Senators will be affected as others are, by prejudice, and thus he may be convicted.

IT BEGINS to be talked that Minister WASHBURNE may be a compromise Presidential candidate; in the event of BLAINE not making the nomination. WASHBURNE would command the earnest support of the Germans, and be satisfactory to the Reformers—facts which, while not represented by actual votes in the Convention, will be potent in their influence, should BLAINE fail. A few more delegations, however, will make BLAINE all right.

THIS is how a western journal defines it, appropos of the Doorkeeper's assault on his grocer in Washington: To be a successful Democratic reformer, therefore, not only includes an aptness for arson, larceny, perjury, forgery, braggadocio, and blackguardism, but the reformer must also be too high-minded to pay his honest debts, or even to have his attention called to such a trifling matter as a grocer's bill. Of coure such matters are beneath the notice of a model Democratic reformer and a true Southern gentleman serving his country, but if the House does not immediately kick this great hulking coward out of his position it has little regard for decency.

KERR'S counsel yesterday examined HARNEY, at considerable length, the evident object being to make him out a blackmailer, by his own testimony. This part of the programme is a failure, and he was consistent in his statements throughout. He entered into details of the transaction, steadily persisting in the statement that KERR asked him for the money, which was handed to him. In this, the public waits to hear from Mr. KERR, who is reported unwell. Whatever may be said of this affair, he does not meet his accuser as does BLAINE, who promptly placed his letters in the hands of counsel to examine and report to the committee if anything could be found in them to implicate him. Yet we notice that the *Times* and *Tribune*, of New York, assail him because he does not give his private letters to the world.

THE proclamation of the New Sultan of Turkey is all that could be asked—on paper. Next comes the practical work of giving effect to the reforms promised. Hitherto promises have usually been entirely forgotten within a year. The late Sultan, when he acceded to the throne, made the identical promises that have now been made by his successor. He also promised to remove certain Ministers, to abolish the seraglio, and reduce the civil list. He kept his word for a little time, and then deliberately broke every promise, led a life of profligacy and dissoluteness, and plunged Turkey into almost hopeless bankruptcy. There is little ground for hoping that the new Sultan will keep his pledges any more faithfully than the old one. No radical reforms in Turkey can make head against the conservatism of Mohammedanism. If the new Sultan should attempt to introduce any element of European civilization into Turkey, the same power which seated him on the throne would unseat him. The power behind the throne, composed of the fanatical Softas, is stronger than the throne itself.

THE Philadelphia *Press* presents the situation, as regards BLAINE, both as to his past and present record, and his standing in the Presidential race, that we accept it, as among the best allusions we have seen on the subject. It says: "Mr. BLAINE grows steadily in favor. The hearts of the masses are with him. He attracts friends and conciliates foes. His last strongest appeal to the people has been his successful refutation of the slanders heaped upon his good name. There is something in the man like the magnetism of HENRY CLAY. He has health, industry and experience. He knows politics as "the seaman knows the sea." He did brave battle for the country during the civil war. He stood for the South in the Louisiana business, and he rebuked Democratic intolerance in his splendid duel with Ben Hill of Georgia. He was born and educated in Pennsylvania; grew up in New England; has travelled in Europe, and has met and mingled with the men of the South and the West. Extreme in nothing but in devotion to his country, he strikes the golden mean on finance and reconstruction, and, by fearing no issue, is ready for any that may arise. There are other candidates of equal fitness, and it is not at all improbable that in the shifting of the cards BLAINE may be "played out," to use a technical phrase; but, as things stand, he seems to have the field, and we think the politicians will accept him as the coming man. There is an evident longing for a President who will be the symbol of energy, experience, culture, and old-fashioned good sense. The war is ended. We have honored the illustrious soldier who finished it; and now, with peace, the qualities for complete restoration are sought for with an eager solicitude. With these well embodied in a citizen of strength and moderation, the nation can repose as upon a rock, and outlook the future without a fear or a shame."

THE PRIMARIES.

We again remind all interested that the Republican Primaries will be held this afternoon, and urge a general attendance, in order that acceptable delegates may be selected. Aside from the Legislative candidates, which, in several districts, go begging, there is quite a decided competition for the more prominent and important offices. Among the several candidates there is an undoubted choice, and upon the selection made depends the success of the ticket. This choice of candidates depends on the action of the people, at the primaries. It is, therefore, in their hands to determine, whether we shall have acceptable candidates. If they visit the Primaries, and express their choice as to candidates, we will have acceptable nominations; if not, it will be otherwise.

It is well for us to realize that this is not a time for trifling. While the Presidential candidates of the party will come through all right, we are not clear as to local candidates, if bad nominations are made. There is a feeling of independence of party abroad, that cannot be trifled with. The old method of voting tickets straight is not followed at this day; and the propensity to scratch is strongly developed. Hence the idea, that so often obtains, that we can run through feeble and useless candidates on the basis of the general enthusiasm is not safe to entertain. We therefore urge that we need, the present year, unexceptionable candidates. Also, that the time for the people to be heard on the subject is to-day. All can, in view of the importance of the subject, afford to spend the little time necessary to visit the polls, and cast their vote for the candidate of their choice.

If this is not done, and the result is different from what is anticipated, we hope none will complain. It is exceeding bad taste, and not destitute of wrong, to persons professing adherence to the Republican party, to abstain from exerting influence toward selecting suitable candidates, and then complain at the nominations made. We regard this as in itself wrong. But a greater wrong is the non-attendance at the primaries, in the hour of duty. The country and government needs, at this time, the best men available for office,—and he who neglects to do his share toward selecting them fails in an important duty.

A DISGRACEFUL PERSECUTION.

The proceedings of certain of the Investigating Committees at Washington deserve the severest censure, for the disgrace they are bringing on the nation. The right to investigate known or legitimately suspected wrongs, has been fully conceded by the Republican press, and the most stringent efforts to ferret out wrong have been applauded. In BELKNAP'S case, Republican officials aided to bring forward evidence, on which proceedings have been had. The record of the party is clear, on all such questions. Hence it is not in a partisan spirit that we refer to the reckless proceedings of the committee that is investigating what are really private business transactions of Mr. BLAINE. From the opening of the Amnesty debate, there has been an apparent determination, on the part of the Democracy to assail him. Their ears have been particularly open to all kinds of reports affecting him. As one report after another has been started, he has met it so decidedly and clearly, that all doubts concerning him were set at rest. Finally, as an entering wedge to a general crusade against him, a resolution of inquiry into the Fort Smith Railroad affairs was passed, and a committee appointed. Of course, the ostensible object of investigation was put aside in a moment, and the full force of the committee turned against Mr. BLAINE. All the allegations against him were promptly disposed of by the most explicit evidence. The committee then threw off all reserve and invited all who had anything to offer against Mr. BLAINE to come forward,—and they have responded. The knavish and vile, the malignant and perjured, from Arkansas to Maine, have gone trooping to Washington, to find a committee of our National Congress ready to listen to their slander, and spread it broadcast over the country. In all the history of the nation, we never before had anything so disgraceful as this. A committee of Congress gathering and disseminating scandal and slander!

The crowning achievement in this line occurred Thursday. During twenty years past, and before he entered Congress, Mr. BLAINE sustained business relations with relatives of his wife,—one of whom had a confidential clerk, named MULLIGAN. This man by some means became possessed of private papers of Mr. BLAINE, of which but one bore any possible relation to the subject under investigation. These letters, MULLIGAN, with wrath and profanity, threatened to publish, unless permitted to tell unchallenged, any vicious story he might choose. Of course, they would be injurious, and Mr. BLAINE, securing possession of them, refused to return them. After all this had been explained to the Committee, a demand was made on him for the letters. He offered them for their private perusal, in order that all might be satisfied of the truth of his statement; but this was refused. The Committee was mean enough to demand private letters, already rescued from the perfidy of MULLIGAN, in order that they might use them as MULLIGAN threatened to do,—that is, allow them to be published! Without a blush, they asked their victim to furnish a stiletto that they might strike at his heart! And this is Democracy with its boasted chivalry.

There is, in all this, something so inexpressibly mean, that language fails to properly characterize it. It has, heretofore, formed a part of the courtesy of Congressional life to treat fellow members with fairness, at the least. When Mr. BLAINE started the Credit Mobilier investigation, he did it because rumor implicated him, and placing COX of New York in the chair, left to him the selection of the committee. It was not made the vehicle of persecution against any, and only sifted after facts, without aiming specifically at any one. This was honorable and right. But the Fort Smith Committee openly and contemptuously throws aside the courtesies of life, and pursues a man with the most virulent unfairness, even to the limit of seeking to spread abroad his private letters, with such misconstructions as they can put upon them! In all the history of the country, a parallel case has not developed. That the committee, had MULLIGAN been as smart as he was vile, would have used the letters to BLAINE'S injury, irrespective of whether they came within the scope of inquiry, is beyond doubt. For political vengeance, they are willing to use unfair, and dishonest means, to drag down the reputation of a man. We do not, in saying this, imagine that the letters are anything more than private business letters usually are. The life of Mr. BLAINE should be proof on this point, but the piecemeal way Democratic committees have of giving out statements, often change and falsify truth itself.

This dishonest and contemptible assault is made because Mr. BLAINE is a prominent candidate for the Republican Presidential nomination. The tactics of the Democracy have been to break down, if possible, those likely to become candidates. Their attacks have been proportioned to the chances for the nomination. CONKLING and MORTON have each had one assault. BRISTOW has received repeated attacks, while the assault on BLAINE is pertinacious, and regardless of honor, truth, or courtesy, the wild effort of guerillas to take the life of an honorable man. The course of desperate highwaymen, who sieze a man, and take from him the weapons used to compass his death, fairly parallel the course of the Fort Smith Committee. They have never investigated the Fort Smith Railroad,—but only Mr. BLAINE; and this, not honorably, but by the use of all kinds of mean artifices to entrap him. If we mistake not all this will recoil on their own heads. If Mr. BLAINE is nominated, all these persecutions will strengthen him before the Convention. The American people are too fully imbued with the spirit of fairness to allow a man to be beaten down by means of cowardly and unfair brutality. It is extremely likely, as we view it, that events now happening, will operate to make Mr. BLAINE President. If so, the Democracy can congratulate themselves on the acceptable results that will follow their mean persecutions. Along with this, we predict, will come the additional result of a Congress strongly Republican in both branches.

A FEARFUL BUMP.

The Science of Phrenology.

They had a lecture on phrenology in Norristown a short time ago from a traveling professor of that science, and part of it was quite entertaining. He had on the stand several plaster heads mapped out in town lots, and after he explained what they meant he invited persons in the audience to come up and let him feel their bumps and explain their characters. Several times he hit it pretty accurately, and excited a considerable amount of applause, but after a while old D. stepped up for examination. He is an absent minded man, and he wears a wig. While dressing himself before coming to the lecture he had placed the wig on the bureau and accidently tossed his plug of tobacco into it. When he put the wig on it was just like him not to notice the plug, and so, when he mounted the platform he had a lump just over his bump of combativeness as big as half a hen's egg. The professor fingered about a while over D.'s head, and then said:

"We have here a somewhat remarkable skull. The perceptive faculties strongly developed; reflective faculties quite good; ideality large; reverence so great as to be unusual, and benevolence very prominent. Secretiveness is small, and the subject, therefore, is a man of candor and frankness; he communicates what he knows freely. We have also," said the Professor, still plowing his fingers through D.'s hair, "inquisitiveness not large, the subject is not a grasping, avaricious man, he gives liberally, he—he—he—. Why, it can't be? Yes. Why, what in the—! Munificent Moses! that's the most awful development of combativeness I ever heard of! Are you a prize-fighter, eh?"

"Prize-fighter!" exclaimed D. "Why, what do you mean?"

"Never been a soldier, or a pirate, or anything like that?"

"You certainly must be crazy."

"Ain't you fond of going into scrimmages and rows, and hammering people?"

"Certainly not."

"Well, sir, then you're untrue to your nature. The way your head's built qualifies you, I should say, in a special manner, as a knocker-down and dragger-out. If you want to fulfill your mission you will devote the remainder of your life to battering up your fellow man and keeping yourself in one interminable and eternal muss. You've got the awfullest fighting bump that ever decorated a human skull. It's phenomenal. What'll you take for your head when you die? Gentlemen, this man is liable at any moment to commence raging around this community like a wild-cat, banging you with a club or anything that comes handy. It isn't safe for him to be at large."

Then D. put his hand up to feel the bumb, and he noticed the tobacco. He pulled off his wig, and there was the plug just sticking behind his left ear. Then the professor, looking at it a moment in confusion, said:

"Ladies and gentlemen, we will now—the lecture is—all—that is, I have no more—. Boy, turn out those lights!"

Then the audience laughed, and D. put on his wig, and the professor started to catch the late train.

The science of phrenology is not as popular in Norristown as it was, and D. still remains peaceable.—*Phila. Bulletin.*

AFFAIRS OF STATE

PARKER CITY has a bootblack who gives $25 a year for the support of the church. He does most of the contributing for the place in that line.

SNOW-BALLS, peonys, pinks and other posies, delight the eyes and noses of civilized people hereabouts at the present time.—*Waynesburg Messenger.* Then but few Waynesburg peonys are delighted by the floral fragrances and beauty.

W. H. HARPER was fatally injured near St. Petersburg, on Decoration Day, by the explosion of a torpedo from which he was trying to empty nitro-glycerine. Three pieces of the shell penetrated to the lungs, his chin is badly mutilated, the fingers of both hands are blown to pieces, his skull is fractured and along both sides of his head are deep cuts.

THE Sharon Railway is practically completed to its connection with the main line of the A. & G. W. The contractors delivered the road to the company on Wednesday evening. The third rail from the connection to Shenango has been laid, with the exception of that portion where it crosses the E. & P. road. This will give direct connection with the Shenango and Allegheny to the Butler oil and coal fields.

A NUMBER of applicants for teachers certificates in Lancaster county, were examined a few days ago in the ordinary branches. In grammar a few of the class did well, but the majority were very deficient, for instance, more than half of the class after great deliberation, mispronounced *contiguity*, it being variously called "contigy," &c.; *freighted* was defined "to take from," *asunder*, "to the ground," and *mete* was a word unheard of; all who were asked thought that "the teacher saw John and me" should read "John and I." In Whittier's Centennial ode beginning "Our Fathers' God, &c., Father's was parsed in the singular number by half a dozen or more. Perhaps the worst case was that of a teacher of four years standing who said the possessive pl. of *man* is man's" and in the sentence—"There is no flesh, &c.," parsed *There* is as an "adjective pronoun" and *flesh*, in the objective case, used as the object of *is*;" the same gentleman when asked to punctuate the sentence "How old are you?" Innocently replied "twenty-two." The entire class failed to give the parts of the verb *"to lie,"* meaning to recline, the guessing on the past form amounted to "laid" "lain," and laine," which of course were *lies*.

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NO. 61 FOURTH AVENUE,
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Universally use B. T.
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To all good people it doth appear
That spring time housewifery draweth near,
Therefore
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Hath received a new collection of
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WEDNESDAY, MAY 31.

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT

To Our Friends, Patrons and Strangers Visiting Our City.

Two of our principal buyers being in the Eastern Markets, twice last week, and having made very extensive purchases, replenished every department in the house with all the VERY LATEST and NEWEST NOVELTIES from FOREIGN and AMERICAN PRODUCTIONS. In our

DRESS GOODS AND SILK DEPARTMENTS,

An unusually fine and attractive assortment of NEW SUMMER NOVELTIES have been opened and placed on our counters. New Plaids for Summer, from lowest to finest qualities of imported goods, ranging in price from 8c per yard to $1.50; Damasse Plaids and Stripes, Camel's Hair and Cashmere Plaids, &c. And, in Silks, it has never been our pleasure to offer such an extended line of the best and most celebrated manufacture, and the very best possible value. The latest colorings for Summer promenade and street wear, from $1.00 to $2.50 per yard; and a choice line of Plaid and Striped Mourning and Fancy Silks. Black Goods Department, new and complete in all lines and grades.

ON OUR SECOND FLOOR, IN THE SUIT DEPARTMENT

We have now opened a beautiful display of Ladies' Plain, Braided and Embroidered Linen Suits, in a great variety of styles, at much less than usual prices; also, full line of Black Alpaca, Cashmere and Silk Suits, Plain and Fancy Check Silk Suits, and a full line in all sizes for Misses. Also a fine assortment of Silk and Cashmere Sacques and Sleeveless Jackets, all new styles. We have, also on this floor, Ladies' and Misses' Muslin Underwear, Skirts, White Goods of every description, Ready-Made Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, Slippers, Curtain Nets and Laces, Trunks, Satchels, &c., at our usual bargain prices. Securing some special bargains for

OUR DOMESTIC AND HOUSEKEEPING GOODS DEPARTMENT,

We are now offering large lines of New, Fresh Goods, at lower prices than have been known for many years. A special bargain is offered in a lot of Satin-finish Table Napkins, slightly imperfect at $1.00 per dozen. Best makes of Callcos at 4½, 5 and 6¼c. Brown Sheetings at 4½, 5, 6¼, 7 and 8c, and extra bargains in Bleached Shirtings, in old and best known makes, lower than ever; also, good bargains in Cheviot Shirtings, Ticks, Checks, Loom Linens, Table Damasks, Towels and Towelings, Quilts, Marseilles Quilts, Linen Lap Rugs, &c. We are receiving daily in our Ladies' and Gents'

FURNISHING AND FANCY GOODS DEPARTMENT,

All the very newest and latest novelties. New Hats and Bonnets, New Flowers, Feathers and Tips. New Ribbons in all widths, and a beautiful new line of Plain and Plaid Sash Ribbons at lowest prices; Ladies' Linen Sets, Gloves, Hosiery, Handkerchiefs, Neckwear, Corsets, Panniers, &c. Large assortment of new Silk Parasols and Sun Umbrellas, at low prices. Special attention is directed to our line of Gents' Fine White Dress Shirts, a new line of which has just been received at special low prices.

Every Department Replenished with New Goods at Popular Prices.

Our "LADIES' JOURNAL" for June, with list of goods and prices, Latest Fashion Plates, and interesting reading matter, the finest number yet issued, mailed, postage paid, free to any address.

WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,

NOS. 165, 167 & 169 FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.

Open on May 29th,
AT
B. AND B.,
Seasonable Goods!
At prices well worth examination.
One case Hortense make Black Hernanis at 25c, as good as any former offering of 37½c goods.
Large assortment Plain and Plaid Hernanis from 37½c to $1.25 per yard, much less than usual value.

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25-inch Self-Colored Plaids at 10c per yard, very good quality, and have all the effect of Woolen Goods.
Large invoice Self-Colored Plaid and Stripe Dress Goods at 15c, regular 25c goods.
Two Blue Dress Goods in all the popular Fabrics, Plain, Plaid, Striped and Twilled Delleges and Mohairs, from 22c up.

SILKS! SILKS!!
Two cases new Colored Dress Silks at $1.12½ and $1.25.
Choice new assortment Colored Silks at $1.37½, extra width and quality, worth 25c per yard more.
Black Gros Grain Dress Silks at $1 and $1.25.
Black Gros Grain Silks at $1.50, in Cachemire finish, which has no superior and we doubt if an equal.
New Hand-Loom Black Silks at $1.50 to $3.75 per yard.
Having largely increased our Silk Stock and given the same additional space, we propose to increase our Silk trade by buying the best makes and selling them at a usual Domestic Dry Goods profit, which is much less than what is generally termed a "Silk profit."
New Black Cashmeres at $1.00.
New Black Alpacas at 50c.
New Black Brilliantines at 60c.
These three lots are 10 to 15c less than regular prices.
Ladies' Linen Suits and Overdresses.
Ruffled Overdresses at $4.50.
Gauzy Parasols.
Silk Sun Umbrellas.
Special bargain in a large lot of 22 and 24 inch Twilled Silk Umbrellas.

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GREAT REDUCTIONS
IN PRICES OF
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Silk Polonaises, reduced from	$120 00 to $50 00
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Cashmere Polonaises, reduced from	45 00 to 25 00
Cashmere Polonaises, reduced from	40 00 to 20 00
Cashmere Overskirts and Basques, reduced from	75 00 to 50 00
Cashmere Overskirts and Basques, reduced from	50 00 to 25 00
Solid, reduced from	45 00 to 20 00
" " "	40 00 to 15 00
" " "	25 00 to 10 00
" " "	15 00 to 6 00
" " "	10 00 to 4 00

A LOT OF
WHITE JACONET SUITS,
Reduced from $6.00 to $2.00, $8.00 to $3.00, $10.00 to $4.00.

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CARPETS.
OIL CLOTHS,
MATTINGS,
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AT LOWEST PRICES.
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This Improved Heater and Washer has been approved by the National Board of Supervising Inspectors, in session February, 1876, and also by practical Engineers on the steamboats Wade, Rover, Seven Sons, Maggie Smith, Ironsides, and others.
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On Thursday, June 1,
We will offer on our
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A LARGE LOT OF
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CHECK SILKS.
Choice and desirable goods, in quantities ranging from 1 to 15 yards. Many good bargains are offered in this lot of Silk. Our line of
Plain Colored Dress Silks
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In Plain, Barred, Striped and Brocade Patterns.
VELVET STRIPED HERNANIS,
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Black Velvets, Plain, Barred and Striped, all at the lowest prices.
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Direct from the Manufacturer.
Children's White Hose 6¼c to 40c.
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Fine English and French Fancy Hose for Ladies and Children.

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COLORED CASHMERES,
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HAVE REMOVED to the GAZETTE building,
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64 and 66 Federal street, Allegheny,
has designed and superintended the erection of the Penna. Reform School Buildings, German Evangelical Lutheran Church, Second Ward Public School, Allegheny, Seventh U. P. Church, 44th street, Pittsburgh, City Hall, New Castle, Pa., Boyle Block, Federal street, Allegheny, and numerous public and private buildings.

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Apple, Pear, Peach and Cherry Trees, Shade and Ornamental Trees, Evergreens, Flowering Shrubs, Vining Plants, Currants, Gooseberries, Strawberry Plants, Rhubarb, Asparagus, &c., &c. Greenhouse and Bedding-out Plants.
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10 CASKS POTASH. FOR SALE BY J. B. CANFIELD.

LEGAL.

IN THE
District Court of the United States
FOR THE
Western District of Pennsylvania.

In the matter of SPRINGER HARBAUGH, DAVID MATHIAS and SAMUEL T. OWENS, Bankrup

DAILY GAZETTE.

OFFICE: GAZETTE BUILDING, Corner Sixth Avenue and Smithfield St.

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KING, REED & CO.

SATURDAY, JUNE 3, 1876.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp 27¾f.

BONDS at Frankfort, new 5s, 101¾.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 112¾.

THE idea is developed that BLAINE is guilty of contempt, because he does not surrender his private letters to the custody of a thief, in order that they may be used against him.

THE muscular Doorkeeper of the House, at Washington, who took occasion to beat a creditor nearly to death for the offense of presenting an overdue bill, has not, as yet, been disturbed. He is a Democrat.

THE course of BELKNAP'S lawyers, in attempting to procrastinate his trial, if persisted in, will injure his case. The demand for time, made by CARPENTER, WAS based on good reasons, the sickness and absence of his colleagues; but if dilatory tactics are resorted to, as a rule, the Senators will be affected as others are, by prejudice, and thus he may be convicted.

IT BEGINS to be talked that Minister WASHBURNE may be a compromise Presidential candidate; in the event of BLAINE not making the nomination. WASHBURNE would command the earnest support of the Germans, and be satisfactory to the Reformers—facts which, while not represented by actual votes in the Convention, will be potent in their influence, should BLAINE fail. A few more delegations, however, will make BLAINE all right.

THIS is how a western journal defines it, appropos of the Doorkeeper's assault on his grocer in Washington: To be a successful Democratic reformer, therefore, not only includes an aptness for arson, larceny, perjury, forgery, braggadocio, and blackguardism, but the reformer must also be too high-minded to pay his honest debts, or even to have his attention called to such a trifling matter as a grocer's bill. Of coure such matters are beneath the notice of a model Democratic reformer and a true Southern gentleman serving his country, but if the House does not immediately kick this great hulking coward out of his position it has little regard for decency.

KERR'S counsel yesterday examined HARNEY, at considerable length, the evident object being to make him out a blackmailer, by his own testimony. This part of the programme is a failure, and he was consistent in his statements throughout. He entered into details of the transaction, steadily persisting in the statement that KERR asked him for the money, which was handed to him. In this, the public waits to hear from Mr. KERR, who is reported unwell. Whatever may be said of this affair, he does not meet his accuser as does BLAINE, who promptly placed his letters in the hands of counsel to examine and report to the committee if anything could be found in them to implicate him. Yet we notice that the *Times* and *Tribune*, of New York, assail him because he does not give his private letters to the world.

THE proclamation of the New Sultan of Turkey is all that could be asked—on paper. Next comes the practical work of giving effect to the reforms promised. Hitherto promises have usually been entirely forgotten within a year. The late Sultan, when he acceded to the throne, made the identical promises that have now been made by his successor. He also promised to remove certain Ministers, to abolish the seraglio, and reduce the civil list. He kept his word for a little time, and then deliberately broke every promise, led a life of profligacy and dissoluteness, and plunged Turkey into almost hopeless bankruptcy. There is little ground for hoping that the new Sultan will keep his pledges any more faithfully than the old one. No radical reforms in Turkey can make head against the conservatism of Mohammedanism. If the new Sultan should attempt to introduce any element of European civilization into Turkey, the same power which seated him on the throne would unseat him. The power behind the throne, composed of the fanatical Softas, is stronger than the throne itself.

THE Philadelphia *Press* presents the situation, as regards BLAINE, both as to his past and present record, and his standing in the Presidential race, that we accept it, as among the best allusions we have seen on the subject. It says: "Mr. BLAINE grows steadily in favor. The hearts of the masses are with him. He attracts friends and conciliates foes. His last strongest appeal to the people has been his successful refutation of the slanders heaped upon his good name. There is something in the man like the magnetism of HENRY CLAY. He has health, industry and experience. He knows politics as "the seaman knows the sea." He did brave battle for the country during the civil war. He stood for the South in the Louisiana business, and he rebuked Democratic intolerance in his splendid duel with Ben Hill of Georgia. He was born and educated in Pennsylvania; grew up in New England; has travelled in Europe, and has met and mingled with the men of the South and the West. Extreme in nothing but in devotion to his country, he strikes the golden mean on finance and reconstruction, and, by fearing no issue, is ready for any that may arise. There are other candidates of equal fitness, and it is not at all improbable that in the shifting of the cards BLAINE may be "played out," to use a technical phrase; but, as things stand, he seems to have the field, and we think the politicians will accept him as the coming man. There is an evident longing for a President who will be the symbol of energy, experience, culture, and old-fashioned good sense. The war is ended. We have honored the illustrious soldier who finished it; and now, with peace, the qualities for complete restoration are sought for with an eager solicitude. With these well embodied in a citizen of strength and moderation, the nation can repose as upon a rock, and outlook the future without a fear or a shame."

THE PRIMARIES.

We again remind all interested that the Republican Primaries will be held this afternoon, and urge a general attendance, in order that acceptable delegates may be selected. Aside from the Legislative candidates, which, in several districts, go begging, there is quite a decided competition for the more prominent and important offices. Among the several candidates there is an undoubted choice, and upon the selection made depends the success of the ticket. This choice of candidates depends on the action of the people, at the primaries. It is, therefore, in their hands to determine, whether we shall have acceptable candidates. If they visit the Primaries, and express their choice as to candidates, we will have acceptable nominations; if not, it will be otherwise.

It is well for us to realize that this is not a time for trifling. While the Presidential candidates of the party will come through all right, we are not clear as to local candidates, if bad nominations are made. There is a feeling of independence of party abroad, that cannot be trifled with. The old method of voting tickets straight is not followed at this day; and the propensity to scratch is strongly developed. Hence the idea, that so often obtains, that we can run through feeble and useless candidates on the basis of the general enthusiasm is not safe to entertain. We therefore urge that we need, the present year, unexceptionable candidates. Also, that the time for the people to be heard on the subject is to-day. All can, in view of the importance of the subject, afford to spend the little time necessary to visit the polls, and cast their vote for the candidate of their choice.

If this is not done, and the result is different from what is anticipated, we hope none will complain. It is exceeding bad taste, and not destitute of wrong, to persons professing adherence to the Republican party, to abstain from exerting influence toward selecting suitable candidates, and then complain at the nominations made. We regard this as in itself wrong. But a greater wrong is the non-attendance at the primaries, in the hour of duty. The country and government needs, at this time, the best men available for office,—and he who neglects to do his share toward selecting them fails in an important duty.

A DISGRACEFUL PERSECUTION.

The proceedings of certain of the Investigating Committees at Washington deserve the severest censure, for the disgrace they are bringing on the nation. The right to investigate known or legitimately suspected wrongs, has been fully conceded by the Republican press, and the most stringent efforts to ferret out wrong have been applauded. In BELKNAP'S case, Republican officials aided to bring forward evidence, on which proceedings have been had. The record of the party is clear, on all such questions. Hence it is not in a partisan spirit that we refer to the reckless proceedings of the committee that is investigating what are really private business transactions of Mr. BLAINE. From the opening of the Amnesty debate, there has been an apparent determination, on the part of the Democracy to assail him. Their ears have been particularly open to all kinds of reports affecting him. As one report after another has been started, he has met it so decidedly and clearly, that all doubts concerning him were set at rest. Finally, as an entering wedge to a general crusade against him, a resolution of inquiry into the Fort Smith Railroad affairs was passed, and a committee appointed. Of course, the ostensible object of investigation was put aside in a moment, and the full force of the committee turned against Mr. BLAINE. All the allegations against him were promptly disposed of by the most explicit evidence. The committee then threw off all reserve and invited all who had anything to offer against Mr. BLAINE to come forward,—and they have responded. The knavish and vile, the malignant and perjured, from Arkansas to Maine, have gone trooping to Washington, to find a committee of our National Congress ready to listen to their slander, and spread it broadcast over the country. In all the history of the nation, we never before had anything so disgraceful as this. A committee of Congress gathering and disseminating scandal and slander!

The crowning achievement in this line occurred Thursday. During twenty years past, and before he entered Congress, Mr. BLAINE sustained business relations with relatives of his wife,—one of whom had a confidential clerk, named MULLIGAN. This man by some means became possessed of private papers of Mr. BLAINE, of which but one bore any possible relation to the subject under investigation. These letters, MULLIGAN, with wrath and profanity, threatened to publish, unless permitted to tell unchallenged, any vicious story he might choose. Of course, they would be injurious, and Mr. BLAINE, securing possession of them, refused to return them. After all this had been explained to the Committee, a demand was made on him for the letters. He offered them for their private perusal, in order that all might be satisfied of the truth of his statement; but this was refused. The Committee was mean enough to demand private letters, already rescued from the perfidy of MULLIGAN, in order that they might use them as MULLIGAN threatened to do,—that is, allow them to be published! Without a blush, they asked their victim to furnish a stiletto that they might strike at his heart! And this is Democracy with its boasted chivalry.

There is, in all this, something so inexpressibly mean, that language fails to properly characterize it. It has, heretofore, formed a part of the courtesy of Congressional life to treat fellow members with fairness, at the least. When Mr. BLAINE started the Credit Mobilier investigation, he did it because rumor implicated him, and placing COX of New York in the chair, left to him the selection of the committee. It was not made the vehicle of persecution against any, and only sifted after facts, without aiming specifically at any one. This was honorable and right. But the Fort Smith Committee openly and contemptuously throws aside the courtesies of life, and pursues a man with the most virulent unfairness, even to the limit of seeking to spread abroad his private letters, with such misconstructions as they can put upon them! In all the history of the country, a parallel case has not developed. That the committee, had MULLIGAN been as smart as he was vile, would have used the letters to BLAINE'S injury, irrespective of whether they came within the scope of inquiry, is beyond doubt. For political vengeance, they are willing to use unfair, and dishonest means, to drag down the reputation of a man. We do not, in saying this, imagine that the letters are anything more than private business letters usually are. The life of Mr. BLAINE should be proof on this point, but the piecemeal way Democratic committees have of giving out statements, often change and falsify truth itself.

This dishonest and contemptible assault is made because Mr. BLAINE is a prominent candidate for the Republican Presidential nomination. The tactics of the Democracy have been to break down, if possible, those likely to become candidates. Their attacks have been proportioned to the chances for the nomination. CONKLING and MORTON have each had one assault. BRISTOW has received repeated attacks, while the assault on BLAINE is pertinacious, and regardless of honor, truth, or courtesy, the wild effort of guerillas to take the life of an honorable man. The course of desperate highwaymen, who sieze a man, and take from him the weapons used to compass his death, fairly parallel the course of the Fort Smith Committee. They have never investigated the Fort Smith Railroad,—but only Mr. BLAINE; and this, not honorably, but by the use of all kinds of mean artifices to entrap him. If we mistake not all this will recoil on their own heads. If Mr. BLAINE is nominated, all these persecutions will strengthen him before the Convention. The American people are too fully imbued with the spirit of fairness to allow a man to be beaten down by means of cowardly and unfair brutality. It is extremely likely, as we view it, that events now happening, will operate to make Mr. BLAINE President. If so, the Democracy can congratulate themselves on the acceptable results that will follow their mean persecutions. Along with this, we predict, will come the additional result of a Congress strongly Republican in both branches.

A FEARFUL BUMP.

The Science of Phrenology.

They had a lecture on phrenology in Norristown a short time ago from a traveling professor of that science, and part of it was quite entertaining. He had on the stand several plaster heads mapped out in town lots, and after he explained what they meant he invited persons in the audience to come up and let him feel their bumps and explain their characters. Several times he hit it pretty accurately, and excited a considerable amount of applause, but after a while old D. stepped up for examination. He is an absent minded man, and he wears a wig. While dressing himself before coming to the lecture he had placed the wig on the bureau and accidently tossed his plug of tobacco into it. When he put the wig on it was just like him not to notice the plug, and so, when he mounted the platform he had a lump just over his bump of combativeness as big as half a hen's egg. The professor fingered about a while over D.'s head, and then said:

"We have here a somewhat remarkable skull. The perceptive faculties strongly developed; reflective faculties quite good; ideality large; reverence so great as to be unusual, and benevolence very prominent. Secretiveness is small, and the subject, therefore, is a man of candor and frankness; he communicates what he knows freely. We have also," said the Professor, still plowing his fingers through D.'s hair, "inquisitiveness not large, the subject is not a grasping, avaricious man, he gives liberally, he—he—he—. Why, it can't be? Yes. Why, what in the—! Munificent Moses! that's the most awful development of combativeness I ever heard of! Are you a prize-fighter, eh?"

"Prize-fighter!" exclaimed D. "Why, what do you mean?"

"Never been a soldier, or a pirate, or anything like that?"

"You certainly must be crazy."

"Ain't you fond of going into scrimmages and rows, and hammering people?"

"Certainly not."

"Well, sir, then you're untrue to your nature. The way your head's built qualifies you, I should say, in a special manner, as a knocker-down and dragger-out. If you want to fulfill your mission you will devote the remainder of your life to battering-up your fellow man and keeping yourself in one interminable and eternal muss. You've got the awfullest fighting bump that ever decorated a human skull. It's phenomenal. What'll you take for your head when you die? Gentlemen, this man is liable at any moment to commence raging around this community like a wild-cat, banging you with a club or anything that comes handy. It isn't safe for him to be at large."

Then D. put his hand up to feel the bumb, and he noticed the tobacco. He pulled off his wig, and there was the plug just sticking behind his left ear. Then the professor, looking at it a moment in confusion, said:

"Ladies and gentlemen, we will now—the lecture is—that is, I have no more—. Boy, turn out those lights!"

Then the audience laughed, and D. put on his wig, and the professor started to catch the late train.

The science of phrenology is not as popular in Norristown as it was, and D. still remains peaceable.—*Phila. Bulletin.*

AFFAIRS OF STATE

PARKER CITY has a bootblack who gives $25 a year for the support of the church. He does most of the contributing for the place in that line.

SNOW-BALLS, peonys, pinks and other posies, delight the eyes and noses of civilized people here about as at the present time. —*Waynesburg Messenger.* Then but few Waynesburg people are delighted by the floral fragrances and beauty.

W. H. HARPER was fatally injured near St. Petersburg, on Decoration Day, by the explosion of a torpedo from which he was trying to empty nitro-glycerine. Three pieces of the shell penetrated to the lungs, his chin is badly mutilated, the fingers of both hands are blown to pieces, his skull is fractured and along both sides of his head are deep cuts.

THE Sharon Railway is practically completed to its connection with the main line of the A. & G. W. The contractors delivered the road to the company on Wednesday evening. The third rail from the connection to Shenango has been laid, with the exception of that portion where it crosses the E. & P. road. This will give direct connection with the Shenango and Allegheny to the Butler oil and coal fields.

A NUMBER of applicants for teachers certificates in Lancaster county, were examined a few days ago in the ordinary branches. In grammar a few of the class did well, but the majority were very deficient, for instance, more than half of the class after great deliberation, mispronounced *contiguity*, it being variously called "contigy," &c.; *freighted* was defined "to take from," *asunder*, "to the ground," and *mete* was a word unheard of; all who were asked thought that "the teacher saw John and me" should read "John and I." In Whittier's centennial ode beginning "Our Fathers' God, &c., Father's was parsed in the singular number by half a dozen or more. Perhaps the worst case was that of a teacher of four years standing who said the possessive pl. of *man* is man's" and in the sentence—"There is no flesh, &c.," parsed *There* is as an "adjective pronoun" and *flesh*, in the objective case, used as the object of *is*;" the same gentleman when asked to punctuate the sentence "How old are you?" Innocently replied "twenty-two." The entire class failed to give the parts of the verb "*to lie*," meaning to recline, the guessing on the past form amounted to "liaid" "lain," and laine," which of course were *lies*.

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Be of good cheer
To all good people it doth appear
That spring time housewifery draweth near,
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1876. ESTABLISHED 23 YEARS. 1876.
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To Our Friends, Patrons and Strangers Visiting Our City.

Two of our principal buyers being in the Eastern Markets, twice last week, and having made very extensive purchases, replenished every department in the house with all the VERY LATEST and NEWEST NOVELTIES from FOREIGN and AMERICAN PRODUCTIONS. In our

DRESS GOODS AND SILK DEPARTMENTS,
An unusually fine and attractive assortment of NEW SUMMER NOVELTIES have been opened and placed on our counters. New Plaids for Summer, from lowest to finest qualities of imported goods, ranging in price from 8c per yard to $1.50; Damasse Plaids and Stripes, Camel's Hair and Cashmere Plaids, &c. And, in Silks, it has never been our pleasure to offer such an extended line of the best and most celebrated manufactures, and the very best possible value. The latest colorings for Summer promenade and street wear, from $1.00 to $2.50 per yard; and a choice line of Plaid and Striped Mourning and Fancy Silks. Black Goods Department, new and complete in all lines and grades.

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We have now opened a beautiful display of Ladies' Plain, Braided and Embroidered Linen Suits, in a great variety of styles, at much less than usual prices; also, full line of Black Alpaca, Cashmere and Silk Suits, Plain and Fancy Check Silk Suits, and a full line in all sizes for Misses. Also a fine assortment of Silk and Cashmere Sacques and Sleeveless Jackets, all new styles. We have, also on this floor, Ladies' and Misses' Muslin Underwear, Skirts, White Goods of every description, Ready-Made Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, Slippers, Curtain Nets and Laces, Trunks, Satchels, &c., at our usual bargain prices. Securing some special bargains for

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We are now offering large lines of New, Fresh Goods, at lower prices than have been known for many years. A special bargain is offered in a lot of Satin-finish Table Napkins, slightly imperfect at $1.00 per dozen. Best makes of Calicos at 4½, 5 and 6¼c. Brown Sheetings at 4½, 5, 6¼, 7 and 8c, and extra bargains in Bleached Shirtings, in old and best known makes, lower than ever; also, good bargains in Cheviot Shirtings, Ticks, Checks, Loom Linens, Table Damasks, Towels and Towelings, Quilts, Marseilles Quilts, Linen Lap Rugs, &c. We are receiving daily in our Ladies' and Gents'

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All the very newest and latest novelties. New Hats and Bonnets, New Flowers, Feathers and Tips. New Ribbons in all widths, and a beautiful new line of Plain and Plaid Sash Ribbons at lowest prices; Ladies' Linen Sets, Gloves, Hosiery, Handkerchiefs, Neckwear, Corsets, Paunlers, &c. Large assortment of new Silk Parasols and Sun Umbrellas, at low prices. Special attention is directed to our line of Gents' Fine White Dress Shirts, a new line of which has just been received at special low prices.

Every Department Replenished with New Goods at Popular Prices.

Our "LADIES' JOURNAL" for June, with list of goods and prices, Latest Fashion Plates, and interesting reading matter, the finest number yet issued, mailed, postage paid, free to any address.

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Seasonable Goods!
At prices well worth examination.
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Choice new assortment Colored Silks at $1.37½, extra width and quality, worth 25c per yard more.
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Black Gros Grain Silks at $1.50, in Lyonnaise finish, which has no superior and we doubt if an equal.
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Having largely increased our Silk Stock and given the same additional space, we propose to increase our Silk trade by buying the best makes and selling them at a usual Kaufmann Dry Goods profit, which is much less than what is generally termed a "Silk profit."
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These three lots are 10 to 15c less than regular prices.
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Special bargain in a large lot of 22 and 24 inch Twilled Silk Umbrellas.

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Iron Bank Block,
corner Sixth avenue and Wood street,
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CASH CAPITAL.....$200,000
Stockholders Individually Liable.
BANK OF DEPOSIT AND DISCOUNT.
JOHN FLOYD, President. WM. FLOYD, Cashier.
DIRECTORS.
Thos. M. Marshall, James Mongrove, Wm. W. Arndt, Charles B. Loech, John M. Murtland, Archibald Wallace, James D. Kelly, Wm. Floyd, John Floyd.
Collections made to all points in the United States and Canadas. Prompt attention paid to correspondents. 6s10:b41

CENTRAL BANK,
No. 47 FIFTH AVENUE,
PITTSBURGH.
CAPITAL.....$100,000
Incorporated by Legislature.
Bank of Discount and Deposit.
INTEREST ALLOWED ON TIME DEPOSITS.
Collections made on all the principal cities of the United States and Canadas.
DIRECTORS.
Thomas Fawcett, James H. Hopkins, James Rowe, Madison Bailey, George Bingham, Paul H. Hacke, D. W. C. Carroll, Julius Adair, J. H. Walker, J. H. Denniston, Abram Hayes, James Wilson.
THOMAS FAWCETT, President,
MADISON BAILEY, Vice President,
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FRANKLIN SAVINGS BANK,
OF ALLEGHENY,
No. 171 Federal Street.
CAPITAL, $200,000.
DISCOUNT EVERY DAY.
Stockholders Individually Liable
Six per cent. Interest allowed on time Deposits.
GEO. R. RIDDLE, President.
J. W. HALL, Vice President.
Simon Drum, Geo. D. Riddle, D. Masterson, R. H. Knox, R. W. Cartwright, JAS. H. RIDDLE, Cashier.

Allegheny National Bank,
OF PITTSBURGH.
No. 33 Fifth Avenue.
CAPITAL STOCK, $500,000.
J. W. COOK, President.
R. W. MACKEY, Vice President.
W. McCANDLESS, Cashier.

N. Holmes & Sons,
BANKERS,
No. 57 Market Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canadas.
Stocks, Bonds and Other Securities Bought and Sold on Commission.
Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of
United States Securities.

ARCHITECTS.
BOYD & GAMBLE,
ARCHITECTS
GERMANIA BANK BUILDING,
Corner of Wood street and Diamond alley.
T. D. EVANS,
ARCHITECT,
Has returned from Europe,
OFFICE—56 FIFTH AVENUE,
PITTSBURGH.
BARR & MOSEB,
ARCHITECTS
HAVE REMOVED to the GAZETTE building,
Cor. Sixth avenue and Smithfield street.
E. M. BUTZ, Architect,
64 and 66 Federal street, Allegheny,
has designed and superintended the erection of the Penna. Reform School Buildings, German Evangelical Lutheran Church, Second Ward Public School, Allegheny, Seventh U. P. Church, 44th street, Pittsburgh, City Hall, New Castle, Pa., Boyle Block, Federal street, Allegheny, and numerous public and private buildings.

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LEGAL.

IN THE
District Court of the United States
FOR THE
Western District of Pennsylvania.

In the matter of SPRINGER HARBAUGH, DAVID MATHIAS and SAMUEL T. OWENS, Bankrupts. } No. 2,249.

The undersigned Assignees in Bankruptcy of SP

DAILY GAZETTE.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

Abstract of Properties to be Sold by R. H. Fife, Esq., Sheriff, on Monday, June 5th, 1876, at 10 O'Clock A. M., at the Court House, City of Pittsburgh.

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

Five hundred dollars of the price or sum at which the property shall be struck off, shall be paid to the Sheriff at the time of the sale, or by Friday, June 9th, 1876, at 10 o'clock A. M., unless the purchase money shall be less than that sum, in which case only the purchase money shall be paid; otherwise the property will again, on Friday, June 9th, 1876, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the same place, be put up and sold at the expense and risk of the person to whom it was struck off, who, in the case of any deficiency in such resale, shall make good the same; in case of the sale being for a very large amount, will demand that ten per cent. of the purchase money be paid in addition to the $500.

N. B.—For the benefit of our unprofessional readers, who do not understand the meaning of the letters and figures following the defendant's name, we make the following

EXPLANATION.

No. 1, Court of Common Pleas. No. 1 indicates the court of which the writ of execution was issued under which the sale is made; V. E., or Vend. Ex., Venditioni Exponas; L. F., or Lev. Fa., Levari Facias; F. F., or Fi. Fa., Fieri Facias, show the kind of writs; a Levari Facias is the writ of sale upon a mortgage, mechanics' lien, or a municipal lien; Venditioni, or Fieri Facias, upon an ordinary debt, or for ground rent; 18 J., '76, means No. 18 of June Term, 1876, the number and term of the docket entry; the following figures show the amount of the debt, and the name following is the name of the attorney issuing the writ.

JAMES KEARNEY.

No. 1, L. F., 18, J., '76. $491.00.

MONRO.

Lot No. 15, in Oliveretta Wharton's plan, fronting 20 feet on Pius street, Twenty-seventh ward, Pittsburgh, and running back 90 feet to Gregory street, and having thereon erected a two story frame dwelling house. Plan book, vol. 1, page 262.

WILLIAM HAMILTON.

No. 1, F. F., 42, J., '76. $1,269.

PALMER.

Lots Nos. 25, 26, 27, 30 and 31, in Ferguson's plan, fronting each 25 feet on Saw Mill Valley Plank Road, Reserve township, and running back 120 feet to Vine street. Also lot No. 28, in said plan, fronting 37 feet 5 inches on Saw Mill Valley Plank Road, and running back to Vine street. Also, lots Nos. 32, 33 and 34, in said plan, fronting each 25 feet on Saw Mill Valley Plank Road, and running back 120 feet to Vine street. Deed book, vol. 291, page 11.

MICHAEL KUHN.

No. 1, F. F., 43, J., '76. $252 00.

MITCHELL.

Lots Nos. 66 and 67 in Warden and Alexander's plan, fronting 50 feet on the north side of Chestnut street, Fifth ward, Pittsburgh, and running back 140 feet to Elliott street, and having thereon erected a two story frame dwelling house, stable and outbuildings. Deed book, vol. 212, page 141. Plan book, vol. 1, part 21, page 38.

DAVID R. HERRON, WITH NOTICE TO C. H. LOVE AND H. S. FLOYD, ASSIGNEE.

No. 1, L. F., 60, J., '76. $3,498.65.

S. AND W.

Lot No. 78 in plan of the estate of John Herron, deceased, Thirteenth ward, Pittsburgh, bounded by Iowa and Allequippa streets, lot No. 42 and land of Jacob Ewarts. Also Lot No. 42 in said plan, bounded by Herron avenue, Iowa and Allequippa streets, and lot No. 78. Will Book, vol. 10, Page 454. Deed Book, vol. 238, page 436

ROBERT IVELL.

No. 1, F. F., 91, J., '76. $273. F. AND J.

Lot No. 230 in M. B. Brown's plan, fronting 40 feet on Broadway, 120 feet from James street, Boro' Mansfield, and running back 90 feet to Spruce alley. Deed Book, vol. 282, page 345. Plan Book, vol. 5, pages 250 and 251.

W. A. M'LAUGHLIN.

No. 1, F. F., 93, J., '76. $978.75. F. AND J.

Lots No. 199, 200, 201 and 202 in M. B. Brown's plan, situate in the Boro' of Mansfield, bounded by Chartiers creek, Mary avenue and James and Jane streets. Plan Book, vol. 5, pages 250 and 251.

JOHN SUMMERS.

No. 1, F. F., 94, J., '76. $75.75. F. AND J.

Lot No. 148 in M. B. Brown's plan, fronting 35 feet on Mary street, Boro' of Mansfield, and running back 100 feet, and having thereon erected a two story frame dwelling house. Plan Book, vol. 5, pages 250 and 251.

LORENZ QUITTER.

No. 1, F. F., 118 and 119, J., '76. $264.13. B. AND L. $1,080

Lot fronting 23 feet on Mill street, Seventeenth ward, Pittsburgh, and running back along Plum alley 100 feet. Deed Book, vol. 293, page 158.

GEORGE TESH.

No. 1, V. E., 132, J., '76. $110.12.

S. C. SCHOYER.

Lot fronting 100 feet on the north side of the Butler Plank Road, Eighth ward, Allegheny City, and running back 133 feet.

EDWARD D. M'CLOSKEY.

No. 1, V. E., 133, J., '76. $2,454.00.

H. AND H.

Lot No. 280 and part of lot No. 281 in Francis A. O'Hara's plan, fronting 25 feet on Walnut street, Twentieth ward, Pittsburgh, and running back along O'Hara avenue 106 7-100 feet, having thereon erected a two story frame house. Plan Book, vol. 4, page 26 and 27.

JAMES SANDS.

No. 1, F. F., 147, J., '76. $315.

MITCHELL.

Lot fronting 21 feet 8 inches, more or less, on Preble avenue, Ninth ward, Allegheny City, and running back 100 feet to a 20 feet alley, and having thereon erected a two story frame building, with back building, occupied as a dwelling and tavern; also outhouses and stabling.

2D.

Lot fronting 21 feet 9 inches on the west side of Preble avenue, Ninth ward, said city, and running back 109 feet to a 20 feet alley.

GEORGE BRENNEN.

No. 1, V. E., 150, J., '76. $157.29.

KUHN.

Lot No. 86 in D. S. Williams' plan, fronting 20 feet on the N. W. side of Taylor street, 88 2-10 feet east from Mary street, Sixteenth ward, Pittsburgh, and running back 137 feet and having thereon erected a small two-story dwelling house. Plan Book, vol. 4, page 13.

HENRY OTTO AND ELIZABETH OTTO.

No. 1, L. F., 151 and 274, J., '76. $3,800.75 and $1,228.56. D. T. WATSON.

Lease hold of premises fronting on Penn avenue, 48 feet from Carroll street, city of Pittsburgh, and running back 100 feet to Mulberry alley, being lots Nos. 3 and 4 in block No. 65 as laid out by Elizabeth Denny, said lease having date January 1, 1899, to run, and having thereon erected three three-story brick dwelling houses with store rooms. Deed Book, vol. 244, page 555.

CHRISTIAN MICHAEL.

No. 1, F. F., 168, J., '76. $170.

M. & M'CB.

Lot No. 13 in Breckenridge Natrona Extension plan, fronting on Von Hess street, Harrison township, and running back 108½ feet to Cook alley, and having thereon erected a dwelling house. Plan Book, vol. 4, page 173.

JOSEPH M'CUTCHEON.

No. 1, V. E., 181, J., '76. $1,397.00.

STRICKLER.

Lot No. 223, in Mellon's plan, fronting 24 feet on Spruce street, Twenty-first ward, Pittsburgh, and running back 100 feet to Arch street, and having thereon erected a two story frame dwelling, with frame building attached, and frame stable. (Plan Book, vol. 3, pages 84 and 85.)

JOHN KNITTEL.

No. 1. F. F., 191, J., '76. $378.80.

STRICKLER

Lot No. 215, in Mellon's plan, fronting 25 feet on a 40 feet street, Twenty-first ward, Pittsburgh, and running back 100 feet to a 15 feet alley. (Plan Book, vol. 3, page 270.)

SAMUEL PEARCE.

No. 1, V. E., 194 and 488, J., '76. $117.10 and $1,208.40.

S. C. SCHOYER & B. & B.

Lot fronting 41 feet on Franklin street, 332 feet west from Sedgewick street, Allegheny City, and running back 129 feet 9 inches to an alley, of which it has the privilege, and having thereon erected a brick dwelling house.

perches, and having thereon erected a frame dwelling, with kitchen attached, and outbuildings. Deed Book, vol. 281, page 129.

JAMES GILES.

No. 1, F. F., 245, J., '76. $525.00.

FRIEND.

Piece of land situate in Mifflin township, bounded by a public road and lands of Henry Dammal, Christian Noll, —— Cunningham and R. McClure, containing six acres and eight perches, and having thereon erected a log and frame dwelling house of six rooms and out-buildings. Deed Book, vol. 237, page 203.

WILLIAM H. LIPS.

No. 1, L. F., 244, J., '76. $5,393.30.

MONRO.

Lot fronting twenty feet on the north side of Carson street, sixty feet from Nineteenth street, Twenty-sixth ward, Pittsburgh, and running back one hundred and twenty feet to Wright's alley, and having thereon erected a two story brick building, with outbuildings, saloon and bowling alley.

WM. H. BARRETT AND MARGARET JANE BARRETT.

No. 1, F. F., 246, J., '76. $2,200.

BURGWIN.

Lots Nos. 94, 95, 96 and 97 in John Brown's plan, fronting 16 71-100 feet on the south side of Locust street, Twenty-seventh ward, Pittsburgh, and running back along line of Conrad Rupp 143 feet, more or less, and having thereon erected a two-story frame dwelling house. (Plan Book, vol. 4, pages 188 and 189.)

CHARLES METZ.

No. 1, F. F., 247, J., '76. $1,450.

BURGWIN.

Lot fronting 100 feet on the west side of Quarry Run street, Twenty-seventh ward, Pittsburgh, and running back 94 30-100 feet to the Brownsville Road, on which it fronts 92 62-100 feet, and having thereon erected a one-story frame slaughter house.

JOHN BROWN.

No. 1, L. F., 249, J., '76. $5,654 50.

BURGWIN.

Part of lot No. 366 in Woods' plan of the city of Pittsburgh, fronting 20 feet on the north side of Fourth avenue, 40 feet west from Cherry alley, Pittsburgh, and running back 100 feet to an alley 20 feet wide, and having thereon erected a frame dwelling house, barn, stable and other buildings and improvements. Deed Book, vol. 245, page 400.

HENRY FOSS.

No. 1, F. F., 258, J., '76. $1,500.

BURGWIN.

Lots Nos. 81 and 82 in John Brown's plan, fronting 40 feet on the south side of McCord street, Twenty-seventh ward, Pittsburgh, and running back 80 feet, and having thereon erected two two-story frame houses.

WM. G. ALGEO, WITH NOTICE TO MARTIN GANNON.

No. 1, L. F., 267, J., '76. $2,787.75.

S. C. SCHOYER.

Parts of lots Nos. 86 and 87 in Wm. Robinson's plan, fronting 37½ feet on the east side of Craig street, Allegheny City, and running back 60 feet to land of Martin Gannon, and having thereon erected a two-story frame house. Deed Book, vol. 38, page 492. Plan Book, vol. 1, page 7.

JOHN BROWN.

No. 1, L. F., 268, J., '76. $4,830.62.

BURGWIN.

Lot No. 9 in John Brown's plan No. 4 fronting 20 feet on the north side of Carson street, 160 feet east from Twenty-fifth street, Twenty-fifth ward, Pittsburgh, and running back 100 feet to Mitchell's alley. Plan Book, vol 3, page 5.

2D.

Lots Nos. 130, 131, 132, 133, 148, 149, 150 and 151 in John Brown's plan of Barry Hall, fronting 80 feet on the south side of Quarry street, 1100 feet east from Barry street, Twenty-seventh ward, Pittsburgh, and running back 160 feet to High street. Plan Book, vol 4, page 273.

3D.

Lots Nos. 75, 76, 77 and 78, in John Brown's plan of Coal Hill and Allen Farm, fronting 80 feet on the south side of a 40 feet street, 60 feet east from Brown street, Thirty-first ward, Pittsburgh, and running back 120 feet. Plan Book, vol. 4, pages 172 and 173.

JOHN BROWN.

No. 1, L. F., 269, J., '76. $13,807.50.

BURGWIN.

Lots 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7, in John Brown's plan, fronting 120 feet on the north side of Carson street, Twenty-fifth ward, Pittsburgh, and running back 100 feet to Mitchell's alley. Plan Book, vol. 3, page 5.

GEORGE W. WINDSOR, DECEASED, IN THE HANDS OF MARY ANN WINDSOR, EXECUTRIX OF THE ESTATE OF SAID GEORGE W. WINDSOR, DEC'D.

No. 1, L. F., 270, J., '76. $1,346.10.

S. C. SCHOYER.

Lots Nos. 240 and 241 in George Breed's plan of the reserve tract, opposite Pittsburgh, fronting 180 feet and 11 inches more or less on John street, Allegheny city, and running back 228 feet and 9 inches more or less to Henry street. Deed Book, vol.155, page 598. Plan Book, vol. 2, page 26.

2D.

Part of block "C" in said plan, fronting 46 feet 5 inches on the west side of John street, Allegheny city, and running back along Henry street 98 feet 6 inches more or less. Deed Book, vol. 83, page 422.

HENRY J. HEINZ, WITH NOTICE TO J. R. WIGHTMAN, ASSIGNEE.

No. 1, L. F., 271 and 275, J., '76. $1,498.00 and $1,504.60. MARSHALL.

Lot situate in the borough of Sharpsburg, bounded by Main and Middle streets and land of J. H. Silvey, together with all and singular the buildings and improvements thereon and the rights, liberties, privileges, &c., appurtaining thereto. Deed Book, vol. 269, page 379.

MARCUS COOKHAM, DEC'D, IN THE HANDS OF T. J. WEDDELL, ADM'R, AND MARY COOKHAM, WIFE OF MARCUS COOKHAM, DEC'D, IN HER OWN RIGHT.

No. 1, L. F., 272, J., '76. $1,244.09.

J. H. KERR.

Piece of land situate in Elizabeth township, bounded by the McKeesport road and Mill alley, and having thereon erected one one story frame dwelling house.

THOMAS FRIAR.

No. 1, L. F., 273, J., '76. $4,565.00.

PARKER.

Lot No. 139 in M. B. Brown's plan, fronting 40 feet on Main avenue, Boro of Mansfield, and running back along Mary avenue 140 feet to Brown avenue. Deed Book, vol. 323, page 63. Also, lot No. 140 in said plan, fronting 40 feet on Main avenue, and running back 140 feet to Brown avenue. Deed Book, vol. 323, page 61, having thereon erected two two-story frame buildings with outbuildings.

DAVID C. GUTTRIDGE.

No. 1, L. F., 276, J., '76. $886.41. H. & D.

Lots Nos. 256 and 257, in Love's plan of the Lorenz farm, fronting 50 feet on Ben Grandevue avenue, Chartiers township, and running back along Fairview avenue 100 feet to Plum way. Deed Book, vol. 183, page 483.

JAMES J. M'TIGHE, WM. J. M'TIGHE AND THOMAS J. M'TIGHE.

No. 1, L. F., 277, J., '76. $5,473.12.

M. HAY.

Purpart No. 2 in the partition of the real estate of Anthony McTighe, deceased, fronting 20 feet on the south side of Fifth avenue, 60 feet west from Grant street, Third ward, Pittsburgh, and running back 80 feet to an alley 4 feet wide. No. 4, Sept. T., 1872, O. C.

WM. H. GORDON.

No. 1, L. F., 278, J., '76. $3,186.31.

D. T. WATSON.

Lot fronting 71 feet 2½ inches on Locust street, 175 feet east from Chartiers street, Sixth ward, Allegheny city, and running back along an alley 170 feet to an alley 14 feet 8 inches wide.

A. G. RIDDLE.

No. 1, L. F., 279, J., '76. $83.82.

I. N. PATTERSON.

Two story frame house and lot or curtilage appurtaining thereto, fronting 24 feet on the Evergreen Hamlet Road, Shaler township, and running back 120 feet to William street, being lot No. 706 in the second plan of the Sample farm. Plan Book, vol. 4, page 224.

CH. CHAMBON.

No. 1, F. F., 288, J., '76. $100.

JNO. A. FOX.

Lot No. 59 in Joseph Patterson's plan, fronting 20 feet on Elm street, Sixteenth ward, Pittsburgh, and running back 122 feet to an alley, and having thereon erected a two story frame house, with outbuildings. Deed Book, vol. 331, page 229. Plan Book, vol. 3, page 6 and 7.

BERNARD BOYLE.

No. 1, F. F., 295, J., '76. $130.78.

R. & O. K.

Lot No. 87 in John Shaffer's plan, fronting 29 feet on Bedford street, 80 feet from Shaffer street, Thirteenth ward, Pittsburgh, and running back 100 feet to Wilson alley, and having thereon erected a frame house. Plan Book, vol. 2, page 67.

JAMES M'CUNE.

No. 1, F. F., 306, J., '76. $1,923.00. B. & L.

Lot No. 75 in the plan of the executors of James O'Hara, deceased, fronting 24 feet on Penn avenue, Twelfth ward, Pittsburgh, and running back 100 feet to Mulberry alley, and having thereon erected two brick buildings used as dwellings and stores.

JOHN GRIFFIN OR GRIFFITH.

No. 1, F. F., 307, J., '76. $1,800.

R. & O. K.

Lot fronting 20 feet on Shaffer street, Thirteenth ward, Pittsburgh, and running back along Forward street 77 feet to an alley 3 feet wide, and having thereon erected a two story frame dwelling house. Deed Book, vol. 237, page 518.

C. KLUCKER AND GEORGE EHRENBERGER.

No. 1, F. F., 309, J., '76. $1,216.91. R. & O.

Lots Nos. 12 and 13 in plan of the estate of Geo. Danniston, dec'd, fronting 48 feet on the northwest side of Danniston avenue, 72 feet northeasterly from Amelia street, Pittsburgh, and running back 120 feet to Pine alley. Deed Book, vol. 347, page 545. Plan Book 3, page 133.

C. KLUCKER.

No. 1, F. F., 309, V. E., 612, J., '76. $1,216.91, $2,025. R. & O., McCOMBS.

Lots 484 and 485 in Jacob Painter's et al. plan, fronting together 50 feet on River avenue, Eighth ward, Allegheny city, and running back to Saw Mill alley, and having thereon erected a two story brick dwelling, and a frame stable and frame carpenter shop and out-building. Deed Book, vol. 173, page 463.

JACOB BONSHIRE.

No. 1, F. F., 317, J., '76. $809.

BURGWIN.

Part of lot No. 19 in Bell, Edwards & Breed's plan, fronting 19 feet on Edwards alley, Twenty-eighth ward, Pittsburgh, and running back 55 feet to land of Michael Miller, and having thereon erected a two-story frame dwelling house. Deed Book, vol. 238, page 581.

CHARLES BAUERHEIM AND MARGARET BAUERHEIM, HIS WIFE.

No. 1, F. F., 319, J., '76. $2,500.

BURGWIN.

Lots Nos. 86, 87, 88 and 89 in John Brown's plan, fronting 80 feet on the south side of Locust street, 200 feet east from Centre avenue, Twenty-seventh ward, Pittsburgh, and running back 140 feet, and having thereon erected a two-story frame dwelling house.

JOHN BROWN.

No. 1, F. F., 328 and 329, J., '76. $6,000. $9,000. BURGWIN.

Piece of land fronting 367 feet 8½ inches on Carson street, Twenty-fifth ward, Pittsburgh, and running back along Twenty-sixth street, 1,030 feet to Monongahela river, containing 8acres and 70 6 10 perches, more or less, and having thereon erected a row of three-story brick stores and dwelling houses; also, two three-story brick dwelling houses; also, two-story frame office. Deed Book, vol. 56, page 395.

FELIX GONSBIDDLE.

No. 1, F. F., 343, J., '76. $100.00.

DICKEY.

Lots Nos. 144 and 145 in plan of the East Liberty Bauverein, fronting together 49 feet, more or less, on River street, Pittsburgh, and running back to the township road, fronting thereon 55 feet, more or less, and having thereon erected a 1½-story frame dwelling house, with frame addition. Deed Book, vol. 350, page 154. Plan Book, vol. 3, page 152.

GIBSON A. MUNDORFF, WITH NOTICE TO NATHANIEL GREEN, ASSIGNEE IN BANKRUPTCY.

No. 1, L. F., 345, J., '76. $2,585.94.

BURGWIN.

Lot fronting 60 feet on Mary street, borough of East Birmingham, and running back 124 feet to a 24 feet street, and having thereon partly erected a two-story frame planing mill.

G. A. MUNDORFF.

No. 1, L. F., 346, J., '76. $1,115.40.

BURGWIN.

Lot fronting 28 feet on the north side of Mary street, 60 feet east from Phillips street, borough of East Birmingham, and running back 120 feet to a 24 feet alley, and having thereon partly erected a one-story box shop and lumber room, and partly a two-story frame planing mill.

C. P. CAUGHEY WITH NOTICE TO D. T. WATSON, ASSIGNEE OF HART, CAUGHEY & CO., AS TERRE TENANTS.

No. 1, L. F., 347, J., '76. $6,186.22.

SHIRAS.

Lot fronting 27 feet on the south side of Juniata street, 120 feet east from Manhattan street, Allegheny City, and running back 129 feet 9 inches to an alley on which it has the privilege, and having thereon erected a two-story brick house. Deed Book, vol. 289, page 129.

PATRICK LEONARD.

No. 1, F. F., 352, J., '76. $650.

R. B. PETTY.

Lots Nos. 55, 56 and 57 in Boyd & Allen's plan, fronting 150 feet on South street, Thirty-first ward, Pittsburgh, and running back 150 feet to Cherry alley, and having thereon erected a two-story frame dwelling and frame stable. Plan Book, vol. 3, page 122, &c.

GEORGE STEWART.

No. 1, V. E., 353 and 355, J., '76. $742 06, $154 40. WHITE, B. & N.

Lot fronting 20 feet on Hamlin street, Fifth ward, Allegheny City, and running back to ward's Fayette street, 62 feet, being the rear half of lot No. 20 tract subdivided by John W. Nevin. Deed Book, vol. 257, page 212.

2D.

The undivided ¼ part of lots Nos. 47, 48 and 49 in Richard Wattal's plan, fronting on Gallagher street, Allegheny City, and running back 154 feet. Deed Book, vol. 316, page 194; Plan Book, vol. 3, page 244.

Two lots fronting each 20 feet on West Main street, borough of Etna, and running back 100 feet to Souder alley, being lots Nos. 126 and 127 in plan ——. Deed Book, vol. 316, page 407; Plan Book, vol. 3, pages 156 and 157.

4TH.

Lot No. 13 in J. J. Bennett's plan, fronting 20 feet on the east side of Ferry street, McClure township, and running back 100 feet to a street 40 feet wide. Deed Book, vol. 300, page 616.

5TH.

Lot fronting 20 feet on the east side of Fremont street, 449 feet 3 inches south from Washington street, Second ward, Allegheny City, and running back 138 feet to a 20 feet alley. Deed Book, vol. 280, page 31.

6TH.

Lot fronting 200 feet on the east side of Fremont street, 469 feet 3 inches south from Washington street, Second ward, Allegheny City, and running back 138 feet to a 20 feet alley. Deed Book, vol. 250, page 32.

7TH.

Lot fronting 20 feet on east side of Beaver street, Second ward, Allegheny City, and running back 110 feet along Burnett alley, and having thereon erected one two-story brick dwelling house and two two-story frame dwelling houses. Deed Book, vol. 276, page 112.

8TH.

Lot fronting 20 feet on Ohio street, Second ward, Allegheny City, and running back along line of Magolins 126 feet. Deed Book, vol. 184, page 78.

9TH.

Lot fronting 20 feet on the south side of Jackson street, Second ward, Allegheny City, and running back 100 feet. Deed Book, vol. 246, page 439.

CHARLES DAHLINGER.

No. 1, F. F., 354, J., '76. $4,563.

McCONNELL & SON.

Lot fronting 24 feet on the north side of Fayette street, 96 feet west of East street, —— ward, Allegheny City, and running back 124 feet to an alley, of which it has the privilege, and having thereon erected a two-story brick dwelling house, with back building and out-buildings. Deed Book, vol. 154, page 120.

J. B. COPELAND, JR.

No. 1, F. F., 359, J., '76. $625.

R. B. PETTY.

Lots Nos. 1, 2 and 3 in plan of the town of Buena Vista, fronting 113 feet on the west side of First street and running back along Brown street 180 feet, and having thereon erected a two-story frame house.

JACOB SCHIMMER.

No. 1, V. E., 365 and 366, J., '76. $241.85 and $191.50. McCOMBS.

Lot of ground situate in the Eleventh ward, Allegheny City, bounded by Shady avenue and lands of Seibert and Wilhelmina Schimmer, excepting and reserving thereout blocks 1, 4, 5 and 7 in plan laid out by said Schimmer. Plan Book, vol. 4, page 240.

JOHN A. BUNNER, WITH NOTICE TO JAMES M'DONALD OR JAMES M'DOWELL AND PETER WOODS, TERRE TENANTS.

No. 1, L. F., 367, J., '76. $698.

R. C. COCHRAN.

Lot No. 40 in McKinney, Nelson & Co.'s plan, fronting 50 feet on the south side of Fourth street, village of Grantsville, Robinson township, and running back 150 feet to Third street, and having thereon erected a one-story frame dwelling house, with frame kitchen attached.

WM. L. DURANT, WITH NOTICE TO TERRE TENANTS.

No. 1, L. F., 368, J., '76. $1,900 80.

S. C. SCHOYER.

Lots Nos. 67 and 68 in Mellon's plan of Grazier's lots, fronting each 25 feet on Bertha street, Twenty-first ward, Pittsburgh, and running back 100 feet, and having thereon erected a two-story frame cottage. Plan Book, vol. 5, page 57.

JOHN FRAZIER, GEO. G. FRAZIER AND WM. G. FRAZIER.

No. 1, L. F., 371, J., $16,729.12.

M. & M'CB.

Lots Nos. 966, 967 and part of lot No. 968, in Samuel Thompson's plan, fronting 60 feet on the south side of Pennsylvania avenue, 46 feet 8 inches east from Grazier street, Fifth ward, Allegheny City, and running back 137 feet 6 inches to Stewart street, and having thereon erected three brick buildings fronting on Penn avenue. (Deed Book, vol. 295, page 285. Plan Book, vol. 1, page 83.)

JOHN FRAZIER, GEO. G. FRAZIER AND WM. G. FRAZIER, PARTNERS AS FRAZIER BROS.

No. 1, L. F., 372, J., '76. $5,550.12.

M. & M'CB.

Part of lots Nos. 970 and 971, in Samuel Thompson's plan, fronting 20 feet on the south side of Pennsylvania avenue, 146 feet 6 inches east from Grazier street, Fifth ward, Allegheny City, and running back 137 feet 6 inches to Stewart, and having thereon erected a four story brick building. (Plan Book, vol. 1, page 83.)

HENRY DICKSON.

No. 1, L. F., 374, J., '76. $1,550.17. R. & N.

Lots Nos. 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18 and 19, in Henry Dickson's plan, fronting each 40 feet on Fourth avenue (excepting lot No. 15, which fronts 45 feet 11 inches on said avenue), Mifflin township, and running back 110 feet to an alley. Deed Book, vol. 5, page 68.

JOHN C. HOWLEY, DECEASED, IN THE HANDS OF CATHARINE HOWLEY, ADMX.

No. 1, L. F., 377, J., '76. $903.84.

MORELAND.

Lot No. 249, in plan of E. D. Gazzam et ux., fronting 24 feet on the north side of Fifth avenue, Pittsburgh, and running back along line of Turner Connelly 100 feet to an alley 4 feet 11½ inch wide. Deed Book, vol. 118, page 606. Plan Book, vol. 2, page 73.

I. CROWN.

No. 1, V. E., 381, J., '76. $402.30. B. & L.

Lot of ground situate in the Fourteenth ward, Pittsburgh, fronting on the southeastern side of Fifth avenue, opposite Robinson street, and extending back along Murphy street 85 feet.

2D.

Lots Nos. 12, 13, 14, 15 and 16 in plan of lots laid out by H. S. McKee, fronting on the westward side of Fifth avenue, Fourteenth ward, Pittsburgh, and extending back 117 6-100 feet. Plan Book, vol. 5, page 122.

3D.

Lot No. 6 in Thomas Scott's plan, fronting 24 feet on Fifth avenue, Seventh ward, Pittsburgh, and extending back 89 feet to Union alley. Plan Book, vol. 1, page 28.

FALLAX M'GALLAUGHAN.

No. 1, F. F., 383, J., '76. $177.75.

GALBRAITH.

Piece of land situate in Scott township, bounded by lands of James E. Stewart and D. Steen, containing ½ an acre, more or less, and having thereon erected a two-story frame house. Deed Book, vol. 238, page 581.

JOSEPH BRUNA.

No. 1, L. F., 387, J., '76. $379.25.

McKENNA.

Lot fronting 40 feet on the northeast side of John street, 80 feet from Long alley, borough of Chartiers, and running back 128 feet to line of John Anderson, having thereon erected one two-story frame building.

AGNES M. DERKHEIM.

No. 1, F. F., 388, J., '76. $1,200.

BURGWIN.

Lots Nos. 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27 and 28 in C. H. Love's plan, fronting 150 feet on Reed street, Thirteenth ward, Pittsburgh, and running back 128 feet to an alley 10 feet 6 inches wide; on lots Nos. 24 and 28 are erected a two-story frame dwelling house and outbuildings. (Plan Book, vol. 4, page 191.)

JOHN ANGO.

No. 1, V. E., 390, J., '76. $671.34.

PETTY.

Lots Nos. 54, 55 and 56 in plan of the village of Williamsburg, fronting 72 feet on Margaret street, Lower St. Clair township, and running back 100 feet, and having thereon erected a two-story frame house.

2D.

Lot No. 5 in plan of W. G. Brown et al., fronting 20 feet on the south side of Carson street, Pittsburgh, and running back 122 feet to Casey alley. (Plan Book, vol. 3, page 65.)

HENRY SCHNUTH.

No. 1, F. F., 392, J., '76. $15,000.00.

A. H. MILLER.

Piece of land situate in Scott township, bounded by lands of H. E. C. Hultz, John Conner, Simon Couch, Col. Wm. Espy, Wm. Alderson, Isaac Hultz, and lands now or late of R. H. Fife, containing 97 acres and 109 perches, and having thereon erected a two-story frame dwelling, large barn and other improvements. Deed Book, vol. 213, page 149.

2D.

Piece of land situate in Scott township, bounded by lands of David Higby, Col. Wm. Espy and Simon Couch, containing 14 acres and 7½ perches. Deed Book, vol. 213, page 150.

HARTLEY POLLARD.

No. 1, L. F., 406, J., '76. $1,802.43.

F. and J.

Lots Nos. 42 and 43 in plan of Thomas B. Updyke et al., fronting 80 feet on Adams street, Sixth ward, Allegheny city, and running back and having thereon erected 4 brick dwellings. (Deed Book, vol. 268, page 409.

CHRISTIAN LEHMAN AND SOPHIA LEHMAN, HIS WIFE.

No. 1, L. F., 407, J., '76. $1,177.15.

BURGWIN.

Lot fronting 50 feet on the west side of Quarry Run street, borough of St. Clair, and running back 93.60 feet to the Brownsville Road, on which it fronts 50 feet, and having thereon erected a one-story frame slaughter-house.

ANTHONY H. KOHL.

No. 1, L. F., 408, J., '76. $4,959 64. B. & N.

Lots Nos. 2, 3 and 4 in plan of Mt. Ivory, situate in Ross township, bounded by the Perrysville Plank Road, township and lands of Leon Mammaux, Thomas Morrow and Jacob Stonewerth, containing twenty-two acres, two roods and five perches, more or less.

LOUIS WEIL.

No. 1, F. F., 409, J., '76. $300.

C. SCHOYER.

Lot No. 59 in plan of Right Rev. M. Domenec, fronting twenty feet on St. Michael street, St. Clair township, and running back one hundred feet to High street, and having thereon erected a two-story frame dwelling house.

LOUIS KEEFER.

No. 1, F. F., 419, J., '76. $187.00.

EVANS.

Lot fronting 43 feet 9 inches on the west side of Fremont street, 1695 feet from Washington street, Second ward, Allegheny city, and running back 174 feet, and having thereon erected a two story brick house, with frame kitchen and outbuildings.

CHARLES H. PAULSON WITH NOTICE TO JOHN M. OSBORNE, HIS ASSIGNEE.

No. 1, L. F., 425, J., '76. $6,406.60.

COHEN

Lot fronting 40 feet on the south side of Fourth street, Pittsburgh, and running back towards Third street, about 85 feet, and having thereon erected two four story brick buildings, occupied as stores, offices, &c. Deed Book, vol. 281, page 212.

CHARLES H. PAULSON WITH NOTICE TO JOHN M. OSBORNE, HIS ASSIGNEE.

No. 1, L. F., 426 and 628, J., '76. $21,105 and $12,034. COHEN and B. & M.

Lots Nos. 110, 111, 112 and 113 in plan laid out by the Mayor and citizens of Allegheny City, fronting 161 feet on Ridge street, Allegheny City, and running back along Marion avenue 100 feet, and having thereon erected 6 three-story brick dwelling houses, out-houses, &c. Plan Book, vol. 1, page 338.

2D.

Lot fronting 40 feet on the south side of Fourth street, Pittsburgh, and running back towards Third street about 85 feet, and having thereon erected three brick buildings occupied as stores, offices, &c., subject to an annual ground rent of $120. Deed Book, vol. 80, page 212.

3D.

Lots Nos. 1, 2 and 3 in the sub-division plan of lot No. 311 in Woods' plan, fronting 60 feet on the south side of Fourth avenue, Pittsburgh, and running back towards Third street 106 feet, and having thereon erected a three-story brick dwelling house, out-houses, &c. Deed Book, vol. 150, page 527.

JOSEPH H. IRWIN.

No. 1, V. E., 428, and F. F., 63, J., '76. $420.24 and $6,000.

HASBROUCK—WILSON.

Lot fronting 20 feet on the west side of Arch street, Allegheny City, and running back along North alley 110 feet to an alley 20 feet wide, and having thereon erected a three-story brick dwelling. (Deed Book, vol. 281, page 331.)

CHARLES KLINE, OR KLEIN.

No. 1, L. F., 431, J., '76. $3,283.50.

WILSON.

Lots Nos. 13 and 39 in John Brown's plan, fronting 20 feet on the north side of Carson street, Twenty-fifth ward, Pittsburgh, and running back 100 feet to Hanna street, and having thereon erected a two story frame house, &c. (Deed Book, vol. 229, page 393. Plan Book, vol. 2, page 59.)

JOHN A. HUGHES.

No. 1, L. F., 432, J., '76. $4,893.75.

McCOMBS.

Lot fronting 375 feet on Beanjeu street, borough of Braddocks, and running back along the Allequippa street 116 feet 2 inches, containing one acre and one hundred perches, erected five two-story frame dwellings and one frame shanty. (Deed Book, vol. 243, page 410.)

FREDERICK STUVER AND HANNAH STUVER, OWNERS, AND R. F. RIBER, CONTRACTOR.

No. 1, L. F., 433, J., '76. $122.00.

WEIDMAN.

Two-story frame house or building and lot, or curtilage appurtenant thereto, fronting 25 feet on Ohio street, Eighth ward, Allegheny City, and running back along line of John Paul 80 feet. (Deed Book, vol. 247, page 138.)

AUGUSTA HAUBER, WITH NOTICE TO WM. SCHRAEDER, TERRE TENANT.

No. 1, F. F., 435, J., '76. $1,359.31.

COHEN.

Piece of ground situate in Elizabeth township, bounded by the Elizabeth and Uniontown road, and land of Wm. Miller, John B. Sturiff and Ph. Bolanders, and having thereon erected a one story frame house, barn, stable, &c. Deed Book, vol. 323, page 275.

2D.

Piece of ground situate in Forward township, bounded by Mulberry street and land of Mrs. Mulberry, Christ. Geant and lands of the Catholic Cemetery. Deed Book, vol. —, page —.

HENRY WILKINSON.

No. 1, L. F., 436, J., '76. $2,531.00.

M. & M'CB.

Piece of land situate in South Fayette township bounded by lands of McKoun's heirs, G. Y. Coulter, Mary Wilkinson and Henry Wilkinson. Being purpart No. 5 in the partition of the real estate of Jno. Wilkinson, deceased, together with right of way of a road 12 feet wide, containing 23 acres and 850 perches.

MARY M'KUNE, TERRE TENANT.

No. 1, F. F., 444, J., '76. $4,127.26.

D. T. WATSON.

Lot No. 229 in the Reserve tract opposite Pittsburgh, fronting 24 perches on Strawberry Lane, Allegheny ward, Allegheny city, and running back 66 7-10 perches, more or less, and having thereon erected a large two story frame house, large stable, stone spring house and out houses.

WM. R. YOUNG.

No. 1, L. F., 447, J., '76. $610.94.

ARTHURS.

Lot No. 3 in plan of the estate of Malcolm Leech, deceased, fronting 24 feet on Spring alley, City of Pittsburgh, and running back towards Penn avenue 50 feet. See No. 2, June T., 1862, O. C.

GEORGE DOERNBERGER.

No. 1, F. F., 459, J., '76. $2,526.45.

BARTON.

Lot No. 19 in Matthias Voeckler's plan, fronting 32 feet on Spring Garden avenue, Seventh ward, Allegheny City, and running back 93 feet 8 inches to Water alley, and having thereon erected a two story brick house and stable. Also, lot No. 20 in part of lot No. 18 in said plan, fronting 30 feet on Spring Garden avenue, said ward, and running back 94 feet 2 inches to Water alley, and having thereon erected a two story frame dwelling house and stable.

J. N. M'KINNEY, WITH NOTICE TO C. S. FETTERMAN, HIS ASSIGNEE.

No. 1, L. F., 461, J., '76. $6,052 50.

M. & M'CB.

Lot fronting 46 feet 9 inches on the south side of Ohio avenue, 92 feet east from Chartiers street, Allegheny City, and running back 138 feet to an alley, of which it has the privilege, and having thereon erected a two-story brick dwelling

DAILY GAZETTE.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

Abstract of Properties to be Sold by R. H. Fife, Esq., Sheriff, on Monday, June 5th, 1876, at 10 O'Clock A. M., at the Court House, City of Pittsburgh.

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

Five hundred dollars of the price or sum at which the property shall be struck off, shall be paid to the Sheriff at the time of the sale, or by Friday, June 9th, 1876, at 10 o'clock A. M., unless the purchase money shall be less than that sum, in which case only the purchase money shall be paid; otherwise the property will again, on Friday, June 9th, 1876, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the same place, be put up and sold at the expense and risk of the person to whom it was struck off, who, in the case of any deficiency in such resale, shall make good the same; in case of the sale being for a very large amount, will demand that ten per cent. of the purchase money be paid in addition to the $500.

N. B.—For the benefit of our unprofessional readers, who do not understand the meaning of the letters and figures following the defendant's name, we make the following

EXPLANATION.

No. 1, Court of Common Pleas. No 1 indicates the court of which the writ of execution was issued under which the sale is made; V. E., or Vend. Ex., Venditioni Exponas; L. F., or Lev. Fa., Levari Facias; F. F., or Fi. Fa., Fieri Facias, show the kind of writs; a Levari Facias is the writ of sale upon a mortgage, mechanics' lien, or a municipal lien; Venditioni, or Fieri Facias, upon an ordinary debt, or for ground rent; 18 J., '76, means No. 18 of June Term, 1876, the number and term of the docket entry; the following figures show the amount of the debt, and the name following is the name of the attorney issuing the writ.

JAMES KEARNEY.

No. 1, L. F., 18, J., '76. $491.00.

MONRO.

Lot No. 15, in Oliveretta Wharton's plan, fronting 20 feet on Pius street, Twenty-seventh ward, Pittsburgh, and running back 90 feet to Gregory street, and having thereon erected a two story frame dwelling house. Plan book, vol. 3, page 262.

WILLIAM HAMILTON.

No. 1, F. F., 42, J., '76. $1,260.

PALMER.

Lots Nos. 25, 26, 27, 30 and 31, in Ferguson's plan, fronting each 25 feet on Saw Mill Valley Road, Reserve township, and running back 120 feet to Vine street. Also lot No. 28, in said plan, fronting 37 feet 5 inches on Saw Mill Valley Plank Road, running back to Vine street. Also, lots Nos. 32, 33 and 34, in said plan, fronting each 25 feet on Saw Mill Valley Plank Road, and running back 120 feet to Vine street. Deed book, vol. 291, page 11.

MICHAEL FISHER.

No. 1, F. F., 43, J., '76. $252 00.

MITCHELL.

Lots Nos. 66 and 67 in Warden and Alexander's plan, fronting 50 feet on the north side of Chestnut street, Thirty-sixth ward, Pittsburgh, and running back 140 feet to Elliott street, and having thereon erected a two story frame dwelling house, stable and outbuildings. Deed book, vol. 212, page 141. Plan book, vol. 1, part 2d, page 248.

DAVID R. HERRON, WITH NOTICE TO C. H. LOVE AND H. S. FLOYD, ASSIGNEE.

No. 1, L. F., 60, J., '76. $3,498.65.

S. AND W.

Lot No. 78 in plan of the estate of John Herron, deceased, Thirteenth ward, Pittsburgh, bounded by Iowa and Allequippa streets, lot No. 42 and land of Jacob Ewarts Also lot No. 42 in said plan, bounded by Herron avenue, Iowa and Allequippa streets, lot No. 78. Will Book, vol. 10, Page 454. Deed book, vol. 238, page 436

ROBERT IVELL.

No. 1, F. F., 91, J., '76. $275. F. AND J.

Lot No. 230 in M. B. Brown's plan, fronting 40 feet on Broadway, 120 feet from James street, Boro' Mansfield, and running back 90 feet to Spruce alley. Deed Book, vol. 283, page 245. Plan Book, vol. 3, pages 250 and 251.

W. A. M'LAUGHLIN.

No. 1, F. F., 93, J., '76. $978.75.

F. AND J.

Lots No. 199, 200, 201 and 202 in M. B. Brown's plan, situate in the Boro' of Mansfield, bounded by Chartiers creek, Mary avenue and James and Jane streets. Plan Book, vol. 3, pages 250 and 251.

JOHN SUMMERS.

No. 1, F. F., 94, J., '76. $375. F. AND J.

Lot No. 148 in M. B. Brown's plan, fronting 36 feet on Mary street, Boro' of Mansfield, and running back 100 feet, and having thereon erected a two-story frame dwelling house. Plan Book, vol. 3, pages 250 and 251.

LORENZ GUNTHER.

No. 1, F. F., 118 and 119, J., '76. $264.13, $1,080 B. AND L.

Lot fronting 23 feet on Mill street, Seventeenth ward, Pittsburgh, and running back along Plum alley 100 feet. Deed Book, vol. 293, page 158.

GEORGE TESH.

No. 1, V. E., 132, J., '76. $110.12.

C. SCHOYER.

Lot fronting 100 feet on the north side of the Butler Plank Road, Eighth ward, Allegheny City, and running back 133 feet.

EDWARD AND M'CLOSKEY.

No. 1, V. E., 133, J., '76. $2,454.56.

H. AND H.

Lot No. 280 and part of lot No. 281 in Fredom plan, O'Hara's plan, fronting 25 feet on Walnut street, Twentieth ward, Pittsburgh, and running back along O'Hara avenue 106 17-100 feet, and having thereon erected a frame house. Plan Book, vol. 4, page 26 and 27.

JAMES SANDS.

No. 1, F. F., 147, J., '76. $315.

MITCHELL.

Lot fronting 21 feet 8 inches, more or less, on Preble avenue, Ninth ward, Allegheny City, and running back 100 feet to a 20 feet alley, and having thereon erected a two story frame dwelling house with back building, occupied as a dwelling and tavern; also outhouses and stabling.

2D.

Lot fronting 21 feet 9 inches on the west side of Preble avenue, Ninth ward, said city, and running back 100 feet to a 20 feet alley.

GEORGE BRENNEN.

No. 1, V. E., 150, J., '76. $157.29.

KUHN.

Lot No. 86 in D. S. Williams' plan, fronting 20 feet on the N. W. side of Taylor street, 90 feet east from Mary street, Fifteenth ward, Pittsburgh, and running back 137 feet and having thereon erected a small two-story frame dwelling house. Plan Book, vol. 4, page 13.

HENRY OTTO AND ELIZABETH OTTO.

No. 1, L. F., 151 and 274, J., '76. $3,800.75 and $13,228.56. D. T. WATSON.

Lease hold of premises fronting 46 feet on Penn avenue, 46 feet from Carroll street, city of Pittsburgh, and running back 100 feet to Mulberry alley, being lots Nos. 3 and 4 in block No. 65 as laid out by Elizabeth Denny, said lease having until January 1, 1899, to run, and having thereon erected three three-story brick dwelling houses with store rooms. Deed Book, vol. 244, page 555.

CHRISTIAN MICHAEL.

No. 1, F. F., 168, J., '76. $170.

M. & McB.

Lot No. 13 in Breckenridge Natrona Extension plan, fronting 37 feet on Vine street, Harrison township, and running back 108½ feet to Cook alley, and having thereon erected a dwelling house. Plan Book, vol. 4, page 173.

JOSEPH M'CUTCHEON.

No. 1, V. E., 181, J., '76. $1,397.00.

STRICKLER.

Lot No. 223, in Mellon's plan, fronting 24 feet on Spruce street, Twenty-first ward, Pittsburgh, and running back 100 feet to Arch street, and having thereon erected a two story frame dwelling, with frame building attached, and frame stable. (Plan Book, vol. 3, pages 82 and 83.)

JOSEPH KNITTEL.

No. 1 F. F., 191, J., '76. $378.80.

STRICKLER

Lot No. 215, in Mellon's plan, fronting 25 feet on a 40 feet street, Twenty-first ward, Pittsburgh, and running back 100 feet to a 15 feet alley. (Plan Book, vol. 3, page 270.)

SAMUEL PEARCE.

No. 1, V. E., 194 and 488, J., '76. $117.19 and $1,208.40.

S. C. SCHOYER & B. & B.

Lot fronting 41 feet on Franklin street, 350 feet Sedgwick street, Allegheny City, and running back 129 feet 9 inches to an alley, of which it has the privilege, and having thereon erected a brick dwelling house.

GEORGE SCHMITT.

No. 1, L. F., 199, J., '76. $1,085.70.

B. C. CHRISTY.

Lot No. 39, in Robert Wood's plan, fronting 20 feet on the north side of a 40 feet street, 60 feet from Middle street, Thirteenth ward, Pittsburgh, and running back 100 feet, and having thereon erected a two-story frame dwelling house. Plan book, vol. 5, pages 250 and 251.

LORENZ GUNTHER.

No. 1, F. F., 118 and 119, J., '76. $264.13, $1,080 B. AND L.

Lot fronting 23 feet on Mill street, Seventeenth ward, Pittsburgh, and running back along Plum alley 100 feet. Deed Book, vol. 293, page 158.

GEORGE TESH.

No. 1, V. E , 132, J., '76. $110 12.

C. SCHOYER.

Lot fronting 100 feet on the north side of the Butler Plank Road, Eighth ward, Allegheny City, and running back 133 feet.

EDWARD AND M'CLOSKEY.

No. 1, V. E., 133, J., '76. $2,454.56.

H. AND H.

Lot No. 280 and part of lot No. 281 in Fredom plan, O'Hara's plan, fronting 25 feet on Walnut street, Twentieth ward, Pittsburgh, and running back along O'Hara avenue 106 17-100 feet, and having thereon erected a frame house. Plan Book, vol. 4, page 26 and 27.

JAMES SANDS.

No. 1, F. F., 147, J., '76. $315.

MITCHELL.

Lot fronting 21 feet 8 inches, more or less, on Preble avenue, Ninth ward, Allegheny City, and running back 100 feet to a 20 feet alley, and having thereon erected a two story frame dwelling house with back building, occupied as a dwelling and tavern; also outhouses and stabling.

2D.

Lot fronting 21 feet 9 inches on the west side of Preble avenue, Ninth ward, said city, and running back 100 feet to a 20 feet alley.

GEORGE BRENNEN.

No. 1, V. E., 150, J., '76. $157.29.

KUHN.

Lot No. 86 in D. S. Williams' plan, fronting 20 feet on the N. W. side of Taylor street, 90 feet east from Mary street, Fifteenth ward, Pittsburgh, and running back 137 feet and having thereon erected a small two-story frame dwelling house. Plan Book, vol. 4, page 13.

PETER HERMANN.

No. 1, F. F., 224, J., '76. $302.50.

MUELLER.

Piece of land situate in Shaler township, fronting on the Butler turnpike road, adjoining land of Thomas Bradford's heirs, containing three acres and thirty-four perches, and having thereon erected a frame dwelling, with kitchen attached, and outbuildings. Deed Book, vol. 281, page 129.

JAMES GILES.

No. 1, F. F., 243, J., '76. $525.00.

FRIEND.

Piece of land situate in Mifflin township, bounded by a public road and lands of Henry Dammal, Christian Noll, —— Cunningham and R. McClure, containing six acres and eighty perches, and having thereon erected a log and frame dwelling house of six rooms and out-buildings. Deed Book, vol. 237, page 203.

WILLIAM H. LIPS.

No. 1, L. F., 244, J., '76. $5,393.36.

MONRO.

Lot fronting twenty feet on the north side of Carson street, sixty feet from Nineteenth street, Twenty-sixth ward, Pittsburgh, and running back one hundred and twenty feet to Wright's alley, and having thereon erected a two-story brick building, with outbuildings, saloon and bowling alley.

WM. M. BARRETT AND MARGARET JANE BARRETT.

No. 1, F. F., 246, J., '76. $2,200.

BURGWIN.

Lots Nos. 94, 95, 96 and 97 in John Brown's plan, fronting 68 71-100 feet on the south side of Locust street, Twenty-seventh ward, Pittsburgh, and running back along line of Conrad Rupp 143 feet, more or less, and having thereon erected a two-story frame dwelling house. (Plan Book, vol. 4, pages 188 and 189.)

CHARLES METZ.

No. 1, F. F., 247, J., '76. $1,450.

BURGWIN.

Lot fronting 100 feet on the west side of Quarry Run street, Twenty-seventh ward, Pittsburgh, and running back 94 30-100 feet to the Brownsville Road, on which it fronts 92 62-100 feet, and having thereon erected a one-story frame slaughter house.

JOHN BROWN.

No. 1, L. F., 249, J., '76. $5,654.50.

BURGWIN.

Part of lot No. 368 in Woods' plan of the city of Pittsburgh, fronting 20 feet on the north side of Fourth avenue, 40 feet west from Cherry alley, Pittsburgh, and running back 100 feet to an alley 20 feet wide, and having thereon erected a two-story brick dwelling house, with offices and outbuildings. (Deed Book, vol. 129, page 552.)

LOUIS LIPS, WITH NOTICE TO C. A. LIPS, TERRE TENANT.

No. 1, F. F., 255, J., '76. $927. MONRO.

Piece of land situate in Snowden township, bounded by lands of James Means, Peter Simons and F. Hicks, containing 10 acres and 3 perches nearly, and having thereon erected a frame dwelling house, barn, stable and other buildings and improvements. Deed Book, vol. 245, page 400.

HENRY ROSS.

No. 1, F. F., 258, J., '76. $1,500.

BURGWIN.

Lots Nos. 81 and 82 in John Brown's plan, fronting 40 feet on the south side of McCord street, Twenty-seventh ward, Pittsburgh, and running back 80 feet, and having thereon erected two two-story frame houses.

WM. G. ALGEO, WITH NOTICE TO MARTIN ALGEO.

No. 1, L. F., 267, J., '76. $2,787.75.

S. C. SCHOYER.

Parts of lots Nos. 86 and 87 in Wm. Robinson's plan, fronting 37½ feet on the east side of Craig street, First ward, Allegheny City, and running back 60 feet to land of Martin Gannon, and having thereon erected a two-story frame house. Deed Book, vol. 38, page 492. Plan Book, vol. 1, page 7.

JOHN BROWN.

No. 1, L. F., 268, J., '76. $4,830.62.

BURGWIN.

Lot No. 9 in John Brown's plan No. 4 fronting 20 feet on the north side of Carson street, 160 feet east from Twenty-fifth street, Twenty-fifth ward, Pittsburgh, and running back 100 feet to Elliott street, and having thereon erected a two story frame dwelling house and frame outbuildings. Deed book, vol. 212, page 141. Plan book, vol. 1, part 2d, page 248.

DAVID R. HERRON, WITH NOTICE TO C. H. LOVE AND H. S. FLOYD, ASSIGNEE.

No. 1, L. F., 60, J., '76. $3,498.65.

S. AND W.

Lot No. 78 in plan of the estate of John Herron, deceased, Thirteenth ward, Pittsburgh, bounded by Iowa and Allequippa streets, lot No. 42 and land of Jacob Ewarts Also lot No. 42 in said plan, bounded by Herron avenue, Iowa and Allequippa streets, lot No. 78. Will Book, vol. 10, Page 454. Deed book, vol. 238, page 436

ROBERT IVELL.

No. 1, F. F., 91, J., '76. $275. F. AND J.

Lot No. 230 in M. B. Brown's plan, fronting 40 feet on Broadway, 120 feet from James street, Boro' Mansfield, and running back 90 feet to Spruce alley. Deed Book, vol. 283, page 245. Plan Book, vol. 3, pages 250 and 251.

W. A. M'LAUGHLIN.

No. 1, F. F., 93, J., '76. $978.75.

F. AND J.

Lots No. 199, 200, 201 and 202 in M. B. Brown's plan, situate in the Boro' of Mansfield, bounded by Chartiers creek, Mary avenue and James and Jane streets. Plan Book, vol. 3, pages 250 and 251.

JOHN SUMMERS.

No. 1, F. F., 94, J., '76. $375. F. AND J.

Lot No. 148 in M. B. Brown's plan, fronting 36 feet on Mary street, Boro' of Mansfield, and running back 100 feet, and having thereon erected a two-story frame dwelling house. Plan Book, vol. 3, pages 250 and 251.

LORENZ GUNTHER.

No. 1, F. F., 118 and 119, J., '76. $264.13, $1,080 B. AND L.

Lot fronting 23 feet on Mill street, Seventeenth ward, Pittsburgh, and running back along Plum alley 100 feet. Deed Book, vol. 293, page 158.

GEORGE TESH.

No. 1, V. E , 132, J., '76. $110 12.

C. SCHOYER.

Lot fronting 100 feet on the north side of the Butler Plank Road, Eighth ward, Allegheny City, and running back 133 feet.

EDWARD AND M'CLOSKEY.

No. 1, V. E., 133, J., '76. $2,454.56.

H. AND H.

Lot No. 280 and part of lot No. 281 in Fredom plan, O'Hara's plan, fronting 25 feet on Walnut street, Twentieth ward, Pittsburgh, and running back along O'Hara avenue 106 17-100 feet, and having thereon erected a frame house. Plan Book, vol. 4, page 26 and 27.

JAMES SANDS.

No. 1, F. F., 147, J., '76. $315.

MITCHELL.

Lot fronting 21 feet 8 inches, more or less, on Preble avenue, Ninth ward, Allegheny City, and running back 100 feet to a 20 feet alley, and having thereon erected a two story frame dwelling house with back building, occupied as a dwelling and tavern; also outhouses and stabling.

2D.

Lot fronting 21 feet 9 inches on the west side of Preble avenue, Ninth ward, said city, and running back 100 feet to a 20 feet alley.

GEORGE BRENNEN.

No. 1, V. E., 150, J., '76. $157.29.

KUHN.

Lot No. 86 in D. S. Williams' plan, fronting 20 feet on the N. W. side of Taylor street, 90 feet east from Mary street, Fifteenth ward, Pittsburgh, and running back 137 feet and having thereon erected a small two-story frame dwelling house. Plan Book, vol. 4, page 13.

PETER HERMANN.

No. 1, F. F., 224, J., '76. $302.50.

MUELLER.

Piece of land situate in Shaler township, fronting on the Butler turnpike road, adjoining land of Thomas Bradford's heirs, containing three acres and thirty-four perches, and having thereon erected a frame dwelling, with kitchen attached, and outbuildings. Deed Book, vol. 281, page 129.

JAMES GILES.

No. 1, F. F., 243, J., '76. $525.00.

FRIEND.

Piece of land situate in Mifflin township, bounded by a public road and lands of Henry Dammal, Christian Noll, —— Cunningham and R. McClure, containing six acres and eighty perches, and having thereon erected a log and frame dwelling house of six rooms and out-buildings. Deed Book, vol. 237, page 203.

WILLIAM H. LIPS.

No. 1, L. F., 244, J., '76. $5,393.36.

MONRO.

Lot fronting twenty feet on the north side of Carson street, sixty feet from Nineteenth street, Twenty-sixth ward, Pittsburgh, and running back one hundred and twenty feet to Wright's alley, and having thereon erected a two-story brick building, with outbuildings, saloon and bowling alley.

WM. M. BARRETT AND MARGARET JANE BARRETT.

No. 1, F. F., 246, J., '76. $2,200.

BURGWIN.

Lots Nos. 94, 95, 96 and 97 in John Brown's plan, fronting 68 71-100 feet on the south side of Locust street, Twenty-seventh ward, Pittsburgh, and running back along line of Conrad Rupp 143 feet, more or less, and having thereon erected a two-story frame dwelling house. (Plan Book, vol. 4, pages 188 and 189.)

CHARLES METZ.

No. 1, F. F., 247, J., '76. $1,450.

BURGWIN.

Lot fronting 100 feet on the west side of Quarry Run street, Twenty-seventh ward, Pittsburgh, and running back 94 30-100 feet to the Brownsville Road, on which it fronts 92 62-100 feet, and having thereon erected a one-story frame slaughter house.

JOHN BROWN.

No. 1, L. F., 249, J., '76. $5,654.50.

BURGWIN.

Part of lot No. 368 in Woods' plan of the city of Pittsburgh, fronting 20 feet on the north side of Fourth avenue, 40 feet west from Cherry alley, Pittsburgh, and running back 100 feet to an alley 20 feet wide, and having thereon erected

HOME NEWS.

The probabilities for to-day are rising barometer, stationary or lower temperature, north and west winds, local rains, and partly cloudy weather.

Last Month's Business.

The business transacted in the Mayor's office and by deputies last month was as follows:

At Central Station—For drunkenness, 217; disorderly conduct, 232; vagrancy, 18; suspicious persons, 11; court charges, 17; violation of ordinances, 15; total, 510. Before Deputy Mayors, 164; totals, 674.

Central Station—Paid fines, 159; committed to jail, 163; Workhouse, 51; Reform School, 0; held for court, 19; discharged, 165; sent to hospital, 1; not disposed of, 12; total, 510. Deputy Mayors—total, 164; totals, 674.

Central Station—Fines and forfeitures, $749.35; police fees, $134.80; commitment receipts, $247; pawn license, $100; dramatic licenses, $205; total, $1,436.15. Deputy Mayors, $277.55; grand total, $1,713.70.

Road Committee.

The Road Committee of Pittsburgh Councils yesterday afternoon held a regular meeting, Mr. John G. MacConnell in the chair. The following pay-roll for May were approved. First district, $687.41. second district, $802.03; third district, $1,-071.83; total, $2,561.27. The Commissioner of the first district was directed to postpone work on laying a sidewalk on Craig street. A resolution directing repairs to be made on Hill alley was after an explanation of Mr. Powers, referred to a sub-committee with power to act. Ordinances were recommended to Councils affirmatively as follows: Opening Station street from the Pennsylvania railroad track to Frankstown avenue. For the construction of a sewer on Beitler street. Adjourned.

Hymeneal.

Thursday morning was the occasion of a very pleasing event in Washington City, the marriage of Mr. North West, of the firm of Hill, West & Co., Pittsburgh, and Miss Mattie Walker, of the former place. The ceremony was performed at the residence of the bride's brother-in-law, H. C. Marston, Esq., 1121 Fourteenth street, by Rev. Rev. Sunderland, D. D., after which the couple left for an extended tour through the eastern cities, up the Hudson, and home *via*. Niagara Falls. The bride was modestly attired in a traveling suit, and retained her natural graces. The ceremony was attended by Miss Emma M. Tuttle, of Philadelphia, as bridesmaid; Mr. West was accompanied by Wm. R. Newmyer, of our city. The best wishes of many friends are extended the happy couple.

Heavy Robbery.

For some time past goods have been stolen from the freight cars of the Pennsylvania railroad, while standing in the outer depot. The police were notified and night before last officer Gowdy noticed that a car had been broken open. He made a search for the goods and the thief, and at a late hour succeeded in capturing a boy named Wm. Ghent, secreted in a yard not far from the place. Searching the yard, silks, flannels and clothing to the value of about $400 were found. Ghent was taken to the Central Station yesterday morning and still was in a hearing. He was also charged with a crowbar, and the goods first thrown into one of the coal bins under the railroad and then removed to the yard. It is believed that Ghent has accomplices, but he has refused so far to "peach."

Another Postponement.

Alderman Larkin, who was deputized to hold an inquest on the body of the man found in the Monongahela river on Thursday morning, an account of which we published yesterday, summoned a jury, which viewed the body on Thursday evening, and adjourned until last evening, when two witnesses were examined, neither of whom knew any thing about the manner in which the man came to his death. In consequence of the absence of more important witnesses the inquest was adjourned until 7½ o'clock Monday evening.

The body was identified as that of Zachariah Moreland, second steward on the steamer Exchange. It was reported that the deceased and William Davidson, the first steward had an altercation, and that deceased was knocked into the river, and Chief Enright telegraphed to Capt. Kirker Master of the Exchange to have Davidson arrested and brought back to this city, to which he received a reply from the Captain that Davidson was notguilty, and that he was coming up on the boat.

The Art Journal.

Under the above caption will be found in our advertising columns this morning the card of D. Appleton & Co., Publishers, 549 and 551 Broadway, New York, to which we direct the attention of our readers. The *Art Journal* consists of the London *Art Journal*, with extensive additions devoted to national art and home topics and talent. The number for June, now ready contains a series of papers relative to art objects in the Centennial Exposition, as well as a number of fine steel plates. Its articles are replete with interest, and in fact the *Art Journal* is a publication, which every lover of art should read.

The work is sold by subscription only at $9 per year, delivered by mail or by carriers payable monthly on delivery. In order to facilitate the circulation of the *Journal* and more fully accommodate the public the publishers have established agencies in all the principal cities of the country where subscriptions will be received. In this city the agency is at 53 Ninth street. The price delivered by carriers monthly is 75 cents per number, and the engravings in this number are worth double the subscription price.

Had His Foot Amputated.

Not long since a young man of one of the first families of Cincinnati was compelled to have one of his feet amputated, because the wearing of a pair of boots, which did not fit the feet, induced an inflammation which threatened his life. Lives are saved, not lost, by wearing the boots and shoes of E. Taggart, 129 Federal street, Allegheny. They are always comfortable to the feet, never induce corns, or any other foot-ail, and are both good and cheap. As good as the best, cheaper than the cheapest, and 20 per cent. less than the lowest house in the cities.

ALLEGHENY POOR.

Meeting of the Board Last Night.

A regular monthly meeting of the Allegheny Board of Poor Directors was held last evening. Clerk McGonnigle reported that he had expended $371.95 during the past month, and had collected $154.75 for boarding paupers.

Steward Grubbs reported that thirty persons were admitted to the Poor House during the month, seventy-seven were discharged and two died, leaving two hundred and twenty-six remaining on June 1st, forty-five of whom are insane.

Bills amounting to $3,300 were approved.

The contract for furnishing coffins was awarded to J. & J. Taggart for the western district and A. Peppert & Co. for the eastern district.

The resignation of Richard Whittaker, as Superintendent of the Male Insane Department, was accepted, to take effect June 15th.

Adjourned.

THE PRIMARIES.

A Large Turn Out of Republican Voters Expected this Evening.

This evening the Republican primary elections for the selection of delegates to the Congressional, Legislative and county Conventions take place. More than usual interest is felt in the results, from the fact that it is conceded there will be two or three very close races, bringing out a large vote. Special arrangements have been made for receiving returns at nine different points in Lincoln Club Room, on Smithfield street, and the Republican Headquarters, corner of Fifth avenue and Smithfield street. At the former place General Negley and his friends will be located, and at the latter Mr. Errett and his supporters.

The contest for the Prothonotaryship, next to the Congressional, is considered the most important. There are several candidates for the office who have been working like beavers.

There is scarcely any contest in the Senatorial districts.

In the Legislative districts no candidates have publicly announced themselves, but a large number are in the field.

For Coroner there are four candidates out, with the result doubtful. The delegates will doubtless be those secured by Mr. McCaslin, pledged to support him for either Coroner or Treasurer; hence their standing as to the other candidates for the first office, since Mr. McC. has decided to run for the latter, is uncertain.

French Bread and rolls, Vienna Rolls, Graham Bread and Rolls, English Cream Bread, Family Bread, Home-made Bread, Rye Bread, Milk Bread, Cross Buns and Muffins and Boston Brown Bread, Wednesdays and Saturdays, MARVIN & CO. 18 Fifth avenue.

The "Globe"

gives the sights and insights of city life.

HATS.

Direct from the Factories.

Immense sale of Men's, Boys' and Children's Felt and Straw Hats, Boys' Straw Hats for 35 cents. Boys' Straw Hats for 40 cents. Boys' Straw Hats for 50 cents. Boys' Dress Hats for 75 cents. Men's Hats for $1.00. Large lot of Children's Straw Hats from 15 to 25 cents. Call soon and get bargains, 93 Federal street, Allegheny. Three doors above Stockton avenue.

WALL PAPERS! WALL PAPERS!!

Window Shades! Window Shades!!

New styles always arriving and for sale at low prices at Ed. Foerster's, No. 164 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh. SW.

Fisher's Refrigerators finished in Walnut and Oak at Reppert & Williams, No. 201 Penn street.

At Reppert & Williams, No. 201 Penn street, is the only place in Pittsburgh where Fisher's celebrated Refrigerators are for sale.

BREVITIES.

····The returned Knights Templars speak in glowing terms of the Philadelphia display.

····The Joint Centennial Committee of Pittsburgh and Allegheny Councils holds a meeting to-day.

····The counterfeit shovers, an account of whose arrest we published yesterday, have been committed for trial at Erie.

····Ida Kelley was committed to jail yesterday by Alderman McMasters on a charge of larceny by bailee, on oath of Ross Schenck.

····The puddlers are "out," and may be seen around the street corners discussing the situation. They are "waiting for something to turn up."

····The Survey Committee of Pittsburgh Councils having no quorum yesterday, transacted no business, although it was the regular day of meeting.

····The Committee on Fire Engines of Allegheny Councils met last evening, Mr. Sholes presiding. The monthly pay roll and bills were approved.

····The Baltimore & Ohio and Pennsylvania Railroad Companies have reduced the fare from here to Baltimore to $8. The tickets are good for five days.

····James Conway, a boy about eight years of age, fell from a raft into the water near the Monongahela bridge yesterday, and narrowly escaped downing.

····We are in receipt of Mr. H. T. Knake's Musical Journal. It sparkles with wit and music and is an elegant specimen of typographical art. Success to it.

····The Trans-Continental train arrived at Chicago Thursday night, at ten o'clock—twenty-five minutes ahead of time, and at Omaha twenty-three minutes ahead.

····A boy, fifteen years of age, son of Matthew Melvin, of Port Perry, was seriously injured Wednesday evening by the explosion of a petroleum lamp. It is feared his injuries will prove fatal.

····The contracts for the construction of the ten new bridges in the county have not yet been awarded. The bids were opened on Thursday, and it will take several days to examine them all carefully.

····A woman about twenty years old attempted three times on Thursday to commit suicide by jumping off the Smithfield street bridge. She was prevented each time by her companion, a young man.

····The report of the Lowry engine test will be presented to the Allegheny Water Committee on Monday evening. It is said the parties who are opposed to the engine are much dissatisfied with the report.

····A sufficient number of applications for space in the next Exposition have already been received to insure a large display, but space will not be allotted to exhibitors until more applications have come in.

····The insane man, who was in the Central Station, was yesterday sent to jail ten days by the Mayor for vagrancy, in order to give the Warden an opportunity to take his case into Court for a transfer to Dixmont.

····Engine "573," which drew the Trans-Continental train from New York to this city on Thursday, made the run from here to New York without a stop on Tuesday. The train to which she was attached left the Union Depot at 5:25 P. M., and arrived at Jersey City at 6:47 next morning.

····The Gas Committee of Allegheny Councils met last evening and approved the monthly bills. One hundred Bowel street lamps were ordered. A communication from P. S. N. Shallenberger relative to his proposition to erect gas works for the city, was received and referred to the subcommittee having charge of the matter.

····A trot between Peter O'Neill's black horse, "Longfellow," and Tom Vogan's bay, "Billy," came off at Friendship Park, Thursday, for $250 a side. "Longfellow" won the first heat, and "Billy" the other three. "Longfellow" was the favorite in the pools. The Spring meeting that was to come off next week is probably postponed, owing to the small number of entries. A trial between "Annie Collins," "Slow-go," "Nellie Irwin," "Lady H." and "Belle Brookfield" will take place at the Park at an early day.

PERSONAL.

***City Clerk Morrow writes that he will be home from Philadelphia on Monday.

***DeWitt C. Carroll, Esq., of this city, was on Wednesday, at Philadelphia, elected Grand Senior Warden of the Grand Commandery Knights Templar.

***Controller Snodgrass, George T. Oliver, James Booth and John Enrich returned home yesterday from the Knights Templar parade at Philadelphia.

***Baron Vangelas, Dr. Blum and F. Henys, Esq., the three gentlemen from the French, Austrian and British Legations, respectively, spent yesterday forenoon in this city by visiting Spang, Chalfant & Co.'s furnaces and iron works, and the Citizens Oil Refinery. They were in charge of Consul Shallenberg, and left for Oil City for the oil regions, where they intend to spend a few days. They were highly pleased with Pittsburgh.

A Card.

A circular issued by a few printers, making numerous charges against me concerning certain printers' strikes in this city, has been prepared for secret circulation, and has been purposely withheld until the day of the primary meetings, so as to render an exposure of its falsehoods impossible.

The fact that this false and libellous attack has been withheld until the day of the primary meetings, is proof that its authors are conscious of its falsity. They would not, otherwise, have withheld it. As all the alleged facts are dated years back, there was no necessity for keeping the circular back if they were conscious of its truth. A manly course would have preferred the fair play of presenting the charges at such a time as would have given opportunity for reply. The skulking cowards who have fathered this lying circular, betrayed their true character in attempting to strike a blow when there was no fair chance to parry it.

I content myself, therefore, with giving an emphatic denial to the general drift of this "last card" of the printers' opponents. There may be fragments of truth in it, but whatever they are, they are so set forth as to make the whole statement untrue in its general effect, and false in its every detail. As good a specimen of concealed assassins, and was held back until the last minute, because the authors of it knew that if made sooner its falsity would have been effectually exposed.

RUSSELL ERRETT.

A Card of Denial.

PITTSBURGH, June 2, 1876.

To the Citizens of Pittsburgh:

A circular addressed to "Republican Workingmen," in the interest of James S. Negley as candidate for Congress, and signed that Hon. Russell Errett caused prosecutions to be instituted against certain printers in November, 1873, and paid H. B. Swoope a fee of $1,000 to conduct cases against them on charges of conspiracy. It is further stated that indictments are still hanging over the heads of the printers named, and that some of them (the printers) are afraid to leave the city for fear of forfeiting their bail. As we are the printers referred, Mr. Errett had nothing to do with instigating the prosecutions, which were instituted by H. Bucher Swoope. The charges against the undersigned, and all the others employed by the Commercial Printing Company, were withdrawn before the cases were sent to the Grand Jury, and the costs paid by that company, and there are now no charges or indictments hanging over us or any one else, so far as we know, growing out of the printers' strike in 1873. We make this statement in justice to Mr. Errett.

HUGH ADAMS,
T. J. DICKS,
C. J. MCCORMICK,
JACOB RINNER,
GEORGE HENNGES,
ALEX. HUNTER,
W. ARMSTRONG,
BENJ. F. LATSHAW,
CHAS. J. ROBINSON.

Off for the Centennial

is the repeated expression we hear from our many friends, and the gathering of nations at our great Exhibition indicates that the energy and will of America is stirring the whole world to its depths. We wish here, however, to allude to something more interesting to our readers, partly from its local importance and also as it affects the question of dollars and cents. In the purchase of any article, permanent or otherwise, it behooves those interested to get the best for the least outlay. Take the question of musical goods, for instance. There is our neighbor, S. Hamilton, one of the most extensive dealers in Pianos and Organs in the State, simply because he will give you the best goods for the least money, and we feel safe in saying that if you call in there to-day you will see the largest and finest stock of Organs and Pianos ever opened out in this city, as they were as busy as beavers last night unpacking new goods for to-day's display. There you will find the world renowned Decker Brothers Pianos and the celebrated Estey Cottage Organs at prices and terms to suit all. New Pianos from $275 to $1,500. New Organs from $90 to $700. Call in and see them to-day. They consider it no trouble to show the instruments, and we are confident you will be well paid for calling. The new store is

S. HAMILTON'S,
87 Fifth avenue, in Masonic Hall Building.

Bets Decided.

Orders have already begun to come in at the merchant tailoring house of Blakely & Kunz, No. 70 Smithfield street, for suits, bet on the result of to-day's election. Still room for another. A choice selection of suitings. Prices down to hard-pan. A word to the wise, &c.

House Furnishing Goods at Reppert & Williams, No. 201 Penn street.

The "Globe."

A wide awake paper for wide awake people.

$300 Per Year

will rent a house containing eight rooms and half acre of ground, covered with fruit trees, on Neville street, near Fifth avenue. J. D. CARLISLE.

A Home Exposition.

Rich, rare and elegant patterns in suitings adorn the rooms of Blakley & Kunz, No. 70 Smithfield street. Nobby goods, good suits and low prices rule at this popular house.

THE COURT RECORD.

A Complete Record of the Proceedings in the Courts Yesterday.

U. S. District Court.

(Before Judge McCandless.)

Olmstead & Jewhurst, bankrupts, Venango county. Assignee's report of sale of certain real estate, presented and confirmed *nisi*.

Wettach, Couch & Co., bankrupts, Pittsburgh. Restraining order granted against John C. Mark, et al, set aside and injunction refused.

G. A. Mundorf, bankrupt, Allegheny. Order made setting aside the restraining order granted against H. B. Wilkins, and refusing injunction.

William Jones, bankrupt, Mercer county. Order made for a hearing on the 13th inst.

Common Pleas No. 1.

(Before Judge Sterrett and Stowe.)

Palmer vs. Hoffman & Hale, previously reported. Verdict for plaintiff in the sum of 6¼ cents.

Briggs vs. Davis, previously reported. Verdict for plaintiff in the sum of $100.

Barnes vs. Grove. Motion for a new trial, and reasons filed.

Judge Collier was detailed to hold the June session of the Court of Quarter Session, Oyer and Terminer, and general jail delivery.

Common Pleas No. 2.

(Before Judges Ewing and White.)

Miller vs. Lotz, motion for a new trial. In the case of McIntyre vs. City of Pittsburgh, the jury found for the plaintiff in the sum of $800.

Fraum vs. Rungleman et al., garnishee. The jury found for plaintiff and found that defendent had $400 in his hands belonging to defendent Jacob Bernd.

Neidle vs. Hare. Juror withdrawn and case continued.

Ayers & Co. vs. Seibert et al., action on account. Verdict for plaintiff in the sum of $53.94.

Court Brevities.

JAS. S. DAVIS, of Allegheny, was yesterday permitted to adopt Edward H. Davis, a child 4 years of age, whose parents are unknown.

JUDGE COLLIER, as will be seen in our report of the court proceedings of Common Pleas No. 1, has been detailed to hold the June session of the Criminal Court.

THERE will be no more jury trials in either of the Common Pleas Courts until September. The arguments list, which was taken up on Monday in No. 1 and in No. 2 Wednesday.

JUDGE WHITE was on the bench with Judge Ewing yesterday, the first time for about three weeks, he having been absent from home attending the General Conference of the M. E. Church at Baltimore.

REUBEN ROCKERT was arrested yesterday on a bench warrant, and committed to jail in default of $300 bail for his appearance at the June term of the Criminal Court, commencing next Monday, to testify in the case of the Commonwealth vs. Philip Murray. Rockert is said to be an important witness for the Commonwealth, but could not be found at the first trial of the case.

Symptoms of Catarrh.

Dull, heavy headache, obstruction of the nasal passages, discharge falling into the throat, sometimes profuse, watery, acrid, thick and tenacious mucous, purulent, nasal, purulent, bloody, putrid, offensive, etc. In others, a dryness, dry, watery, weak, or inflamed eyes, ringing in ears, deafness, hawking and coughing to clear the throat, ulcerations, scabs from ulcers, voice altered, nasal, offensive breath, impaired smell and taste, dizziness, mental depression, tickling cough, etc. Only a few of the above symptoms are likely to be present at one time.

When applied with Dr. Pierce's Nasal Douche, and accompanied with Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery as constitutional treatment, Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy produces the most perfect cures in cases of Catarrh and Ozæna of many years' standing. This thorough course of medication constitutes the only scientific, rational, safe, and successful manner of treating this odious disease that has ever been offered to the afflicted.

The Best Sunday Paper.

The *Globe* gives all the news, and impartial comment on current events. Office No. 116 Smithfield street.

SPECIAL ORDERS FROM HEADQUARTERS.

SELL THE ENTIRE STOCK ! ! AS QUICK AS POSSIBLE!!!

This order has just been received by Mr. Tobias, from Allen, Gibben & Co., in regard to the immense consignment stock which he has been disposing of rapidly during the last thirty days. This stock is a bona-fide balance of a genuine consignment, and the remainder, about $25,000, must be sold before the 1st July. In this lot there is no old stock, and such an opportunity for bargains has never before been offered in this city. These statements will be corroborated by thousands who have made satisfactory purchases during this great sale.

NOTICE PRICE LIST!

EXTRAORDINARY SACRIFICES!!

Woolen suits, costing $10, $20, $30 and $40, ordered to be sold at $5, $10, $15 and $20.

Boys' suits, costing $5, $8, $12 and $15, ordered to be sold at $2 50, $4, $6 and $7 50.

Pants, costing $1.50, $3, $4, $5 and $7, ordered to be sold at 75c, $1.50, $2, $2.50 and $3.50.

Summer coats, costing $1.50, $3, $4 and $5, ordered to be sold at 75c, $1.50, $2 and $2.50.

White vests, costing $2.50, $4 and $6, ordered to be sold at $1.25, $2 and $3.

This is no humbug, but one of the most fashionable stock. The consignment was made here under a business pressure for money which must be returned at an early date. Mr. Tobias does not claim that this can perform impossibilities. In this sale he obeys the orders from headquarters, and until the last article is sold he will continue to frighten all competition by the marvelously low figures at which he will dispose of this stock.

AT BIG 13 SIXTH STREET.
Near the Suspension Bridge.

Philadelphia—Pittsburgh.

The Philadelphia Centennial has been likened to home, as being the dearest spot on the earth, while we propose to show that Pittsburgh has a corner in it. Wood street and Fifth avenue more like home and which is the cheapest clothing establishment in the two cities. Ready made suits of extreme elegance, and the fit is exact nicety as to fit, sold at marvellously low prices. Eisner & Phillips make suits to measure of the finest and most fashionable material by skillful and experienced workmen and guarantee to give satisfaction in fit, wear and price.

Excellence, united with modesty, is sometimes overshadowed by loud-mouthed advertising, but only for a time. The UNITED STATES LIFE INSURANCE CO., of New York, which avoids the usual bombast of others, has far outstripped its competitors in permanence and real success. It has earned public confidence. J. Palmer O'Neil, 66 Fifth avenue, Pittsburgh, the General Agent is now negotiating with men of ability to represent the company. Apply to him. SW

HATS.

Direct from the Factories.

Immense sale of Men's, Boys' and Children's Felt and Straw Hats. Boys' Straw Hats for 35 cents. Boys' Straw Hats for 40 cents. Boys' Straw Hats for 50 cents. Boys' Dress Hats for 75 cents. Men's Hats for $1.00. Large lot of Children's Straw Hats from 15 to 25 cents. Call soon and get bargains, 93 Federal street, Allegheny. Three doors above Stockton avenue.

Take notice of the great display of Bread and Rolls at MARVIN'S, No. 18 Fifth avenue.

What is Home Without a Carpet?

The æsthetic influence of a neat pattern of Carpet or of a gay and cheerful spreading of oil cloth is difficult to overestimate. They are elevating and refining in their effects, and those who desire to avail themselves of good and desirable patterns in Carpets, Oil Cloths, Window Shades, &c., should not fail to inspect the assortment of these goods kept in store by George Ede, No. 182 Ohio street, Allegheny. His goods are low in price—very low.

In Sana Mens, In Sana Corpore.

To preserve a sound mind literary food should be furnished, and it must be readily digested. Just such a variety is to be found at the Book and News Emporium of Gildenfenny & Co., No. 69 Fifth avenue. All the latest magazines, monthlies, &c., on hand.

Laughing June.

No business man in the city is more up to the times in securing his stock which is seasonable in goods than B. Tiegel, No. 53 Smithfield street. He has received for June a fine selection of summer suitings of especially good value and fashionable in style. Suits good and cheap.

Ask

the Newsboys for the *Sunday Globe*—out to-morrow—price five cents.

The Torrid Zone.

A cool, comfortable, good fitting summer suit can be had at the Merchant Tailoring House of Blakley & Kunz, No. 70 Smithfield street, for a mere song. Go and be convinced that they sell very cheap.

Advice to Ladies.

This, the Centennial year of our nation, is introducing new styles in the matter of ornamenting the head, all of which are to be had at D. A. Hall's, No. 55 Fourth avenue, where you should go if you expect to keep pace with the fashion in this respect. Hall's prices are modest and ladylike.

Steamship Arrivals Yesterday.

Dispatches received at Consul Max Schamberg's European Steamship, Exchange and Telegraph Office, at 163 Smithfield street, announce the arrival of the steamer Acadia, at Moville; steamer Alexandria, at Moville; steamer Cornwall, at Bristol.

For Rent.

Brick House on Fifth avenue, near Neville street, containing ten rooms, with all modern improvements. Inquire of

ws J. D. CARLISLE.

SUMMER DRESS HATS.

McCORD & CO.,

Respectfully invite attention to their elegant and large stock of

STRAW AND FELT

hats, comprising all the very latest styles, and every grade of Mens, Boys and childrens straw hats, also a full assortment of light and dark, soft and stiff Hats, *with prices lower than elsewhere.*

Agents for Youman's fine silk and stiff hats, 131 Wood street.

An Appeal to the Religious and Benevolent.

The congregation of Brown Chapel, situate at the corner of Hemlock and Boyle streets, Allegheny, has struggled for several years, first to build a substantial and spacious—but very plain house of worship, and afterwards to pay off the debt unavoidably entailed.

The depression of business caused many of the members to be unemployed and therefore unable to add to their contributions. A debt of over $6,000 hangs over a congregation of poor, but zealous colored Christians. The holder of the mortgage has generously and patiently forborne to force the property to sale. He has now become more urgent and it is on all accounts desirable that the congregation of worshipers should be relieved of a burthen that they are not able to bear and the sacrifice of their church averted, and for this object appeal is made to the charity of a Christian community. It is hoped that some thousands of sympathizing friends will determine on reading this appeal to send at least one dollar each to the pastor. (Of course larger contributions will be gratefully received.) It is also hoped that every evangelical pastor of a church in these two cities will signify to our people a willingness and fix a particular Sabbath day when he will permit an officer of Brown Chapel to stand in the vestibule of his church and receive the offerings of a dollar each, more or less, from his congregation when not engaged in service, in the course of which the plan will have been explained and commended.

The officers and members of Brown Chapel may have erred in contracting so large a debt. The sum of $6,000 may suggested may not be thought the best, but under the pressure of their great necessity they have resolved to try this expedient trusting, they hope not in vain, to the generous hearts and liberal hands of this community to rescue them from an impending disaster. We are poor and needy, help us, and God will bless you.

H. A. GRANT, Pastor,
MOSES HOWARD, FRANK JOHNSON,
JAMES BARNES, JNO. RIDGELY,
HENRY JONES, SAM'L ROBERTS,
HENRY BRUCE, DAN'L SMALLWOOD,
AND'W QUINN, Trustees.

SUMMER

HATS! HATS! HATS!

Unprecedented Demand for Summer Hats at Fleming & Ogleevee's, 139 Wood Street.

The extraordinary demand for the cool, comfortable and stylish Hats at the popular One Price House of Fleming & Ogleevee, 139 Wood street, compel this firm to replenish their stock every day.

The immense sales of this house are proof not only of the superiority of their goods, but of the fairness of their dealings, and last but not least that they are sold at the very lowest prices. All who want anything in the hat line are requested to call and examine their goods before purchasing elsewhere, and we assure them that they will be courteously treated whether they purchase or not.

Water Coolers, Filters, &c., at Reppert & Williams, No. 201 Penn street.

HOMŒOPATHIC

Medicines and Publications.

The only place to get reliable and pure Homœopathic Preparations is at George W. Backofen's, No. 161 Smithfield street, above Sixth avenue.

The "Sunday Globe."

A paper for the thoughtful voters of both parties.

Always Keep in View, if you want any Ready-made Clothing, any goods made to order for yourself or boys, that there is no better or more reliable house than Strassburger & Joseph's. This firm practises no humbug and no misrepresentation. They wish the public to understand that they will not resort to any device that will mislead purchasers. Their uniform policy has been to give their customers a good, honest article and to guarantee their prices always to be the lowest, either in their Ready-made or Merchant Tailoring Department.

STRASSBURGER & JOSEPH,
161 Federal street, Allegheny.

The "Sunday Globe."

A first-class Independent Newspaper will be issued to-morrow. Ask for it.

The Best Bargain in Unlaundried White Linen Shirts Sold.

We have bought over 500 dozen of the celebrated French Yoke Shirts, made from Wamsutta Muslin and the best quality of 2200 Irish Linen Bosoms and Cuffs, finished complete with Buttons, Button Holes and Eyelets. Every shirt warranted to be a perfect fit. We guarantee this shirt to be as good quality as can be made at *any price*. We will sell them for this month at $12 per dozen or ONE DOLLAR EACH. Call and examine them. They are the best bargain in shirts ever sold.

A. W. ERWIN,
172 and 174 Federal street,
Allegheny.

AUCTION SALE

OF FINE DRY GOODS,

W. H. FEREY, AUCTIONEER.
J. B. HEARD & CO.,
118 Federal Street, Allegheny.

Will offer, June 3d, at 10 A. M., the balance of their stock at auction, sale to continue until every article is sold.

Customers who desire can purchase goods at private sale as usual.

As this is our final offering rare bargains can be procured.

Hay Rakes.

Our self-dumping Rake, Welcome, is the easiest handled rake in the world. The horse does the hard work. An aged man, woman or lad can work it all day with ease. It is the only rake that runs backward, teeth down, without injury to rake or driver. Agents, responsible men, invited to sell rakes in Pennsylvania, Ohio and West Virginia. Orders addressed to 207 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, will receive at the works at Columbiana, O., filled with dispatch. W. W. WALLACE.

FINANCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, }
FRIDAY, June 2, 1876. }

The demand at the banks was better yesterday, despite the fact that the heat impeded business considerably. The banks are manifesting unusual carefulness in their acceptance of paper, owing to the uncertain financial future, and are not wish to extend their line of operations farther than possible. With the strin continued, the outlook is for a healthy business summer, with fair however, that this difficulty will soon be averted, and that the country will resume its accustomed activity, a moderate activity, which is beneficial to the interests of the city. Still, the outlook is not flattering.

The following stocks were sold last evening at Thomas F. Stewart's sales rooms, corner Fifth and Wood:

Bank of Pittsburgh	69 bid
Diamond National Bank	102 00
Western Insurance Co	59 00
Armenia Insurance Co	85 00

Robinson Brothers, Bankers, No. 78 Fourth avenue, furnish the following quotations of bonds and stocks from the latest mail advices:

Gold	112¾ @ 5-20's 1868 coupons
U. S. 6's 1881, coup	122¾ @ 10-40's
" 1865, "	119¾ @ Currency 6's ex cou
" 5-20's 1865	119¾ New 5 per cents
" 5-20's 1867	118¾ 10-40's coupons

RAILWAYS.

N. Y. Central	110½ Ohio & Mississippi
Erie	14¾ Illinois Central
L. S.	97 C. C. & I. C.
C. & A.	90 Harlem
Ill. Central	93¾ Adams Express
Do. Pref	69¾ American Express
Michigan Southern	92¾ U. S. Express
N. Y. Central	112¾ Wells, Fargo & Co. Ex
Northwestern Com	46¾ Quicksilver
Do. Pref	65¾ Fort Wayne
Rock Island	109¾ C. C. C. & St. Jo
Cleve. & Pitts	92¾ Panama
Pacific Mail	27¾ Iron Mountain
Western Union Tel	84¾

Robinson Brothers furnish the following quotations of active stocks on the Philadelphia Stock Board:

P. R. R. (8)	52 Cen. Trans. (R)
Reading (R)	52¾ Del. & Hud. Canal
U. Co. of N. J. (R)	135¾ A. V. R. R. 7's, 1910
Oil Creek (A)	10 P. C. & St. L. 7's A 82
Lehigh Valley (A)	57¾ Do. Do. B

NEW YORK, June 2, 1876.

Money closed easy at 2½@4½; prime mercantile paper 5@6. The customs receipts were $202,000. The Assistant Treasurer paid $1,000 to-day. The clearings were $16,000,000. Sterling was steady at 487¾@489¾. Gold opened at 112¾ and closed at 112¾@112⅞. Governments were strong and higher, with an active investment demand. The offerings were small. Railroad bonds were dull. Central Pacific, St. Pauls, Lacrosse Division, and Northwest consolidated gold were higher. State bonds were quiet. There was a firm tone for corporation bonds to-day, and prices advanced ¼ to 1¼ per cent., with Western Union, St. Paul and Pacific Mail as features. The advance in St. Paul is due to improving traffic of the road, growing out of a heavy grain movement. The Pacific Mail advance was due to some seller not on hand. Western Union at 85¾@86⅞, a little the price in regular way was 86¾. The purchases in Western Union were based partly on the anticipation of a dividend of 1¼ per cent. The transactions aggregated 88,000 shares, of which 32,000 were Western Union, 4,000 Northwests, 12,000 St. Pauls, and 26,000 Lake Shore.

Governments.—United States coupons of 1881, 122¾; 5-20s of '65, 115; do '65 new, 119¾; do of 1867, 118¾; do 1868, 120; 10-40s, 112¾; currency 6s, 124¾.

State Bonds.—Tennessee old, 45; do. new, 42; Virginia new, 30; Missouri 6s, 102; North Carolina, 30.

Stocks.—Western Union Telegraph Company, 86¾; quicksilver, 15¾; do preferred, 34; Pacific Mail, 27¾; Mariposa, 1¾; do preferred, 5¾; Adams Express, 103; Wells, Fargo & Company's Express, 89¾; American Express, 53¾; United States Express, 56¾; Lake Shore, 5.3; Illinois Central, 93; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 92¾; Northwestern common, 46; do preferred, 80; C. C. C. & I., 90; New Jersey Central, 82½; Rock Island, 109¾; St. Paul, 39; do, preferred, 69¾; Toledo & Wabash, 21; do, preferred, 34; Fort Wayne, 103½; Terre Haute, 10¾; do, preferred, 13; Chicago & Alton, 98½; do, preferred, 107¾; Ohio & Mississippi, 15¾; Panama, 138; Union Pacific & Atlantic & Pacific Telegraph Company, 14¾; Missouri Pacific, 12; Atlantic & Pacific preferred, 102¾; Indiana Central, 4¾; Burlington & Quincy, 147; Chevreal Ore Rioms, 6¾; Chattanooga, 11½; of superior quality, from $6 ad2, and Bars for consumption in Soho.

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HOME NEWS.

The probabilities for to-day are rising barometer, stationary or lower temperature, north and west winds, local rains, and partly cloudy weather.

Last Month's Business.

The business transacted in the Mayor's office and by deputies last month was as follows:

At Central Station—For drunkenness, 217; disorderly conduct, 232; vagrancy, 18; suspicious persons, 11; court charges, 17; violation of ordinances, 15; total, 510. Before Deputy Mayors, 164; totals, 674.

Central Station—Paid fines, 159; committed to jail, 163; Workhouse, 51; Reform School, 0; held for court, 19; discharged, 105; sent to hospital, 1; not disposed of, 12; total, 510. Deputy Mayors—total, 164; totals, 674.

Central Station—Fines and forfeitures, $749.35; police fees, $134.80; commitment receipts, $247; pawn license, $100; dramatic licenses, $205; total, $1,436.15. Deputy Mayors, $277.55; grand total, $1,713.70.

Road Committee.

The Road Committee of Pittsburgh Councils yesterday afternoon held a regular meeting, Mr. John G. MacConnell in the chair. The following pay rolls for May were approved. First district, $667.41; second district, $802.03; third district, $1,071.83; total, $2,561.27. The Commissioner of the first district was directed to postpone work on laying a sidewalk on Craig street. A resolution directing repairs to be made on Hill alley was after an explanation of Mr. Powers, referred to a sub-committee with power to act. Ordinances were recommended to Councils affirmatively as follows: Opening Station street from the Pennsylvania railroad track to Frankstown avenue. For the construction of a sewer on Beitler street. Adjourned.

Hymenæal.

Thursday morning was the occasion of a very pleasing event in Washington City, the marriage of Mr. North West, of the firm of Bill, West & Co., Pittsburgh, and Miss Mattie Walker, of the former place. The ceremony was performed at the residence of the bride's brother-in-law, H. C. Marston, Esq., 1121 Fourteenth street, by the Rev. Sunderland, D. D., after which the couple left for an extended tour through the eastern cities, up the Hudson, and home *via.* Niagara Falls. The bride was modestly attired in a traveling suit, and retained her natural grace of manner. She was attended by Miss Emma M. Tuttle, of Philadelphia, as bridesmaid; Mr. West was accompanied by Wm. R. Newmyer, of our city. The best wishes of many friends are extended the happy couple.

Heavy Robbery.

For some time past goods have been stolen from the freight cars of the Pennsylvania railroad, while standing in the outer depot. The police were stationed on a night before last officer Gowdy noticed that a car had been broken open. He made a search for the goods and the thief, and at a late hour succeeded in capturing a boy named Wm. Ghent, secreted in a yard not far from the place. Searching the yard, silks, flannels and other goods to the value of about $400 were found. Ghent was taken to the Central Station yesterday morning and still awaits a hearing. The car door was opened with a screw driver, and the goods thrown into one of the coal bins under the railroad and then removed to the yard. It is believed that Ghent has accomplices, but he has refused so far to "peach."

Another Postponement.

Alderman Larkin, who was deputized to hold an inquest on the body of the man found in the Monongahela river on Thursday morning, on account of which we published yesterday, summoned a jury, which viewed the body Thursday evening, and adjourned until last evening, when two witnesses were examined, neither of whom knew any thing about the manner in which the man came to death. In consequence of the absence of more important witnesses the inquest was adjourned until 7½ o'clock Monday evening.

The body was identified as that of Zachariah Moreland, second steward on the steamer Exchange. It was reported that deceased and William Davidson, the first steward had an altercation, and that deceased was knocked into the river, and Chief Hartzel telegraphed to Capt. Kirker, Master of the Exchange to have Davidson arrested and brought back to this city, to which he received a reply from the Captain that Davidson was navigating, and that he was coming up on the boat.

The Art Journal.

Under the above caption will be found in our advertising columns this morning the card of D. Appleton & Co., Publishers, 549 and 551 Broadway, New York, to which we direct the attention of our readers. The *Art Journal* consists of the London *Art Journal*, with extensive additions devoted to national art and art topics and talent. The number for June, now ready contains a series of papers relative to art objects in the Centennial Exposition, as well as a number of fine steel plates. Its articles are replete with interest, and to those of the *Art Journal* is a publication, which every lover of art should read.

The work is sold by subscription only at $20 per year, delivered by mail or by carriers payable monthly on delivery. In order to facilitate the circulation of the *Journal* and more fully accommodate the public the publishers have established agencies in all the principal cities of the country where subscriptions will be received. In this city the agency is at 53 Ninth street. The price advertised for 75 cts. per number, and 25 cents per number, and the engravings in this number are worth double the subscription price.

Had His Feet Amputated.

Not long since a young man of one of the first families of Cincinnati was compelled to have one of his feet amputated, because the wearing of a pair of boots, which did not suit his feet, induced an inflammation which threatened his life. His life was saved, not lost, by wearing the boots and shoes of R. Taggart, 129 Federal street, Allegheny. They are always comfortable to the feet, never induce corns, or any other foot-ail, and are both good and cheap. As good as the best, cheaper than the cheapest, and 20 per cent. less than the lowest house in the cities.

ALLEGHENY POOR.

Meeting of the Board Last Night.

A regular monthly meeting of the Allegheny Board of Poor Directors was held last evening. Clerk McGonnigle reported that he had expended $371.95 during the past month, and had collected $154.75 for boarding paupers.

Steward Grubbs reported that thirty persons were admitted to the Poor House during the month, and seventeen were discharged and two died, leaving two hundred and twenty-six remaining on June 1st, forty-five of whom are insane.

Bills amounting to $3,300 were approved.

The contract for furnishing coffins was awarded to J. & J. Taggart for the western district and A. Poppert & Co. for the eastern district.

The resignation of Richard Whittaker, as Superintendent of the Male Insane Department, was accepted, to take effect June 15th. Adjourned.

THE PRIMARIES.

A Large Turn Out of Republican Voters Expected this Evening.

This evening the Republican primary elections for the selection of delegates to the Congressional, Legislative and county Conventions take place. More than usual interest is felt in the results, from the fact that it is conceded there will be two or three very close races, bringing out a large vote. Special arrangements have been made for receiving the returns simultaneously at Lincoln Club Room, on Smithfield street, and the Republican Headquarters, corner of Fifth avenue and Smithfield street. At the former place General Negley and his friends will be located, and at the latter Mr. Errett and his supporters.

The contest for the Prothonotaryship, next to the Congressional, is considered the most important. There are several candidates for the office who have been working like beavers.

There is scarcely any contest in the Senatorial districts.

In the Legislative districts no candidates have publicly announced themselves, but a large number are in the field.

For Coroner there are four candidates out, with the result doubtful. The delegates will doubtless be those secured by Mr. McCallin, pledged to support him for either Coroner or Treasurer, hence their standing as to the other candidates for the first office, since Mr. McC. has decided to run for the latter, is uncertain.

French Bread and rolls, Vienna Rolls, Graham Bread and Rolls, English Cream Bread, Family Bread, Home-made Bread, Rye Bread, Milk Bread, Cross Buns and Muffins and Boston Brown Bread, Wednesdays and Saturdays, MARVIN & Co. 18 Fifth avenue.

The "Globe"

gives the sights and insights of city life.

HATS.

Direct from the Factories.

Immense sale of Men's, Boys' and Children's Felt and Straw Hats. Boys' Straw Hats for 35 cents. Boys' Straw Hats for 40 cents. Boys' Straw Hats for 50 cents. Boys' Dress Hats for 75 cents. Men's Hats for $1.00. Large lot of Children's Straw Hats from 15 to 25 cents. Call soon and get bargains, 93 Federal street, Allegheny. Three doors above Stockton avenue.

WALL PAPERS! WALL PAPERS!!

Window Shades! Window Shades!!

New styles always arriving and for sale at low prices at Ed. Foerster's, No. 164 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh. sw.

Fisher's Refrigerators finished in Walnut and Oak at Reppert & Williams, No. 201 Penn street.

At Reppert & Williams, No. 201 Penn street, is the only place in Pittsburgh where Fisher's celebrated Refrigerators are for sale.

BREVITIES.

····The returned Knights Templars speak in glowing terms of the Philadelphia display.

····The Joint Centennial Committee of Pittsburgh and Allegheny Councils holds a meeting to-day.

····The counterfeit shovers, an account of whose arrest we published yesterday, have been committed for trial at Erie.

····Ida Kelley was committed to jail yesterday by Alderman McMasters on a charge of larceny by bailee, on oath of Ross Schenck.

····The puddlers are "out," and may be seen around the street corners discussing the situation. They are "waiting for something to turn up."

····The Survey Committee of Pittsburgh Councils having no quorum yesterday, transacted no business, although it was the regular day of meeting.

····The Committee on Fire Engines of Allegheny Councils met last evening, Mr. Sholes presiding. The monthly pay roll and bills were approved.

····The Baltimore & Ohio and Pennsylvania Railroad Companies have reduced the fare from here to Baltimore to $8. The tickets are good for five days.

····James Conway, a boy about eight years of age, fell from a raft into the water near the Monongahela bridge yesterday, and narrowly escaped drowning.

····We are in receipt of Mr. H. T. Knake's Musical Journal. It sparkles with wit and music and is an elegant specimen of typographical art. Success to it.

····The Trans-Continental train arrived at Chicago Thursday night, at ten o'clock—twenty-five minutes ahead of time, and at Omaha twenty-three minutes ahead.

····A boy, fifteen years of age, son of Matthew Melvin, of Port Perry, was seriously injured Wednesday evening by the explosion of a petroleum lamp. It is feared his injuries will prove fatal.

····The contracts for the construction of the ten new bridges in the county have not yet been awarded. The bids were opened on Thursday, and it will take several days to examine them all carefully.

····A woman about twenty years old attempted three times on Thursday to commit suicide by jumping off the Smithfield street bridge. She was prevented each time by her companion, a young man.

····The report of the Lowry engine test will be presented to the Allegheny Water Committee on Monday evening. It is said the parties who are opposed to the engine are much dissatisfied with the report.

····A sufficient number of applications for space in the next Exposition have already been received to insure a large display, but space will not be allotted to exhibitors until more applications have come in.

····The insane man, who was in the Central Station, was yesterday sent to jail ten days by the Mayor for vagrancy, in order to give the latter an opportunity to take his case into Court for a transfer to Dixmont.

····Engine "573," which drew the Trans-Continental train from New York to this city on Thursday, has been put on the road to New York without a stop on Tuesday. The train to which it was attached left the Union Depot at 8:25 P. M., and arrived at Jersey City at 9:47 next morning.

····The Gas Committee of Allegheny Councils met last evening and approved the monthly bills. One hundred Bowen street lamps were ordered. A communication from Mr. S. N. Salisbury in relation to his proposition to erect gas works for the city, was received and referred to the subcommittee having charge of the matter.

····A trot between Peter O'Neill's black horse, "Longfellow," and Wm. Rafferty's bay, "Billy," took place at Point Breeze on Thursday, for $250 a side. "Longfellow" won the first heat, and "Billy" the other three. "Longfellow" was the favorite in the pools. The betting was heavy. The race will come off next week is probably postponed, owing to the small number of entries. A trial between "Annie Collins," "Slow-go," "Neil Burgin," "Irwin Wilkes," and "Belle Brassfield" will take place at the Park at an early day.

PERSONAL.

***City Clerk Morrow writes that he will be home from Philadelphia on Monday.

**DeWitt C. Carroll, Esq., of this city, was on Wednesday, at Philadelphia, elected Grand Senior Warden of the Grand Commandery Knights Templar.

**Controller Snodgrass, George T. Oliver, James Booth and John Burich returned home yesterday from the Knights Templar parade at Philadelphia.

**Baron Vaugelas, Dr. Blum and F. Heoys, Esq., the three gentlemen from the French, Austrian and British Legations, respectively, spent yesterday forenoon in this city by visiting Spang, Chalfant & Co.'s furnaces and iron works, and the Citizens Oil Refinery. The Baron is in charge of Consul Schamberg, and left at one o'clock for the oil regions, where they intend to spend a few days. They were highly pleased with Pittsburgh.

A Card.

A circular issued by a few printers, making numerous charges against me concerning certain printers' strikes in this city, has been prepared for secret circulation, and has been purposely withheld until the day of the primary meetings, so as to render an exposure of its falsehoods impossible.

The fact that this false and libellous attack has been withheld until the day of the primary meetings, is proof that its authors are conscious of its falsity. They would, otherwise, have published it.

All the alleged facts are dated years back, there was no necessity for keeping the circular back if they were conscious of its truth. A manly enemy would have preferred the fair play of presenting the charges at such a time as would have given opportunity for reply. The skulking cowards who have fathered this lying circular, betrayed their true character in attempting to strike a blow when there was no fair chance to parry it.

I content myself, therefore, with giving an emphatic denial to the general drift of this "last card" of my unscrupulous opponents. There may be fragments of truth in it, but whatever they are, they are so set forth as to make the whole statement untrue in its bearing. This is the style of the stab of concealed assassins, and was held back until the last minute, because the authors of it knew that if made sooner its falsity would have been effectually exposed.

RUSSELL ERRETT.

A Card of Denial.

PITTSBURGH, June 2, 1876.

To the Citizens of Pittsburgh:

A circular addressed to "Republican Workingmen," in the interest of James S. Negley as a candidate for Congress, charges that Hon. Russell Errett caused prosecutions to be instituted against certain printers in November, 1872, and paid R. B. Swoope a fee of $1,000 to conduct cases against them on charges of conspiracy. It is further stated that indictments are still hanging over the heads of the printers named, and that some of them (the printers) are afraid to leave the city for fear of forfeiting their bail. So far as we are informed, Mr. Errett had nothing to do with instigating the prosecutions which were instituted by H. Bucher Swoope. The charges against the undersigned, and all others employed by the Commercial Printing Company, were fully known before the cases were sent to the Grand Jury, and the costs paid by that company, and there are now no charges or indictments hanging over us or any one else, so far as we know, growing out of the printers' strike in 1873. We make this statement in justice to Mr. Errett.

HUGH ADAMS,
T. J. DICUS,
O. H. COMMICK,
JACOB RINNER,
GEORGE HENNESS,
ALEX HUNTER,
J. W. ARMSTRONG,
BENJ. F. LATSHAW,
CHAS. J. ROBINSON.

Off for the Centennial

is the repeated expression we hear from our many friends, and the gathering of nations at our great Exhibition indicates that the energy and wealth of America is stirring the whole world to its depths. We wish here, however, to allude to something more interesting to our readers, partly from its local importance and also as it affects the question of dollars and cents. In the purchase of any article, permanent or otherwise, it behooves those interested to get the best for the least outlay. Take the question of musical goods, for instance. There is our neighbor, S. Hamilton, one of the most extensive dealers in Pianos and Organs in the State, simply because he will give you the best goods for the least money, and we feel safe in saying that if you call in there to-day you will see the largest and finest stock of Organs and Pianos ever opened out in this city, as they were as late as last year just right unpacking new goods for to-day's display. There you will find the world renowned Decker Brothers Pianos and the celebrated Estey Cottage Organs at prices and terms to suit all. New Pianos from $275 to $1,500. New Organs from $90 to $700. Call in and see them to-day. They consider it no trouble to show the instruments, and we are confident you will be well paid for calling. The new store is

S. HAMILTON'S,
87 Fifth avenue, in Masonic Hall Building.

Rats Decided.

Orders have already begun to come in at the merchant tailoring house of Blakley & Kunz, No. 70 Smithfield street, for suits, bet on the result of to-day's election. Still room for another. A choice selection of suitings. Prices down to hard-pan. A word to the wise, &c.

House Furnishing Goods at Reppert & Williams, No. 201 Penn street.

The "Globe."

A wide awake paper for wide awake people.

$300 For Year

will rent a house containing eight rooms and half acre of ground, covered with fruit trees, on Neville street, near Fifth avenue. J. D. CARLISLE.

A House Exposition.

Rich, rare and elegant patterns in suitings adorn the rooms of Blakley & Kunz, No. 70 Smithfield street. Nobby goods, good suits and low prices rule at this popular house.

THE COURT RECORD.

A Complete Record of the Proceedings in the Courts Yesterday.

U. S. District Court.

(*Before Judge McCandless.*)

Olmstead & Jewhurst, bankrupts, Venango county. Assignee's report of sale of certain real estate, presented and confirmed *nisi*.

Wettach, Couch & Co., bankrupts, Pittsburgh. Restraining order granted against John C. Mark, et al, set aside and injunction refused.

G. A. Mundorf, bankrupt, Allegheny. Order made setting aside the restraining order granted against H. B. Wilkins, and refusing injunction.

William Jones, bankrupt, Mercer county. Order made for a hearing on the 13th inst.

Common Pleas No. 1.

(*Before Judge Sterrett and Stowe.*)

Palmer vs. Hoffman & Hale, previously reported. Verdict for plaintiff in the sum of 6¾ cents.

Briggs vs. Davis, previously reported. Verdict for plaintiff in the sum of $100.

Barnes vs. Grove. Motion for a new trial, and reasons filed.

Judge Collier was detailed to hold the June session of the Court of Quarter Session, Oyer and Terminer, and general jail delivery.

Common Pleas No. 2.

(*Before Judges Ewing and White.*)

Miller vs. Lotz, motion for a new trial.

In the case of McIntyre vs. City of Pittsburgh, the jury found for the plaintiff in the sum of $800.

Fraum vs. Kungleman et al., garnishee. The jury found for plaintiff and found that defendent had $400 in his hands belonging to defendent Jacob Bernd.

Neidle vs. Hare. Juror withdrawn and case continued.

Ayers & Co. vs. Seibert et al., action on account. Verdict for plaintiff in the sum of $53.94.

Court Rreyttier.

JAS. S. DAVIS, of Allegheny, was yesterday permitted to adopt Edward H. Davis, a child 4 yeaes of age, whose parents are unknown.

JUDGE COLLIER, as will be seen in our report of the court proceedings of Common Pleas No. 1, has been detailed to hold the June session of the Criminal Court.

THERE will be no more jury trials in either of the Common Pleas Courts until September. The summer list will be taken up on Monday in No. 1, and in No. 2 Wednesday.

JUDGE WHITE was on the bench with Judge Ewing yesterday, the first time for about three weeks, he having been absent from home attending the General Conference of the M. E. Church at Baltimore.

REUBEN ROCKERT was arrested yesterday on a bench warrant, and committed to jail in default of $300 bail for his appearance in the Court of Quarter Sessions Court, commencing Monday, to testify in the case of the Commonwealth vs. Philip Murray. Rockert is said to be an important witness for the Commonwealth, but could not be found at the first trial of the case.

Symptoms of Catarrh.

Dull, heavy headache, obstruction of the nasal passages, discharge falling into the throat, sometimes profuse, watery, acrid, thick and tenacious mucous. purulent, muco-purulent, bloody, putrid, offensive, etc. In others, a dryness, or only watery, weak, or inflamed eye, ringing in ears, deafness, hawking and coughing to clear the throat, ulcerations, scabs from ulcers, voice altered, nasal twang, offensive breath, impaired smell and taste, dizziness, mental depression, tickling cough, etc. Only a few of the above symptons are likely to be present in any case at one time.

What is applied with Dr. Pierce's Nasal Douche, and accompanied with Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery as constitutional treatment, Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy produces perfect cures of the worst cases of Catarrh and Ozæna of many years standing. This thorough course of medication constitutes the only scientific, rational, safe, and successful manner of treating this odious disease that has ever been offered to the afflicted.

The Best Sunday Paper.

The *Globe* gives all the news, and impartial comment on current events. Office No. 116 Smithfield street.

SPECIAL ORDERS FROM HEADQUARTERS.

SELL THE ENTIRE STOCK ! ! AS QUICK AS POSSIBLE!!

This order has just been received by Mr. Tobias, from Allen, Gibben & Co., in regard to the immense consignment stock which he has been disposing of so rapidly during the last thirty days. This stock is a bona-fide balance of a genuine consignment, and the remainder, about $25,000, must be sold before the 1st of July. In this lot there is no old stock, and such an opportunity for bargains has never before been offered in this city. These statements will be corroborated by thousands who have made satisfactory purchases during this great sale.

NOTICE PRICE LIST!

EXTRAORDINARY SACRIFICES!!

Woolen suits, costing $10, $20, $30 and $40, ordered to be sold at $5, $10, $15 and $20.

Boys' suits, costing $5, $8, $12 and $15, ordered to be sold at $2 50, $4, $6 and $7.50.

Pants, costing $1.50, $3, $4, $5 and $7, ordered to be sold at 75c, $1.50, $2, $2.50 and $3.50.

Summer coats, costing $1.50, $3, $4 and $5, ordered to be sold at 75c, $1.50, $2 and $2.50.

White vests, costing $2.50, $4 and $6, ordered to be sold at $1, $2 and $3.

This is no bankrupt or old unfashionable stock. The consignment was made here under a business pressure for money which must be returned at an early date. Mr. Tobias does not claim that he will perform impossibilities. In this sale he obeys the orders from headquarters, and until the last article is sold he will continue to frighten all competition by the marvelously low figures at which he will dispose of this stock.

AT BIG 13 SIXTH STREET.
Near the Suspension Bridge.

Philadelphia—Pittsburgh.

The Philadelphia Centennial has been likened to home, as being the dearest spot on the earth, while we propose to show that Pittsburgh has the corner of Wood street and Fifth avenue more like home and which is the cheapest clothing establishment in the two cities. Ready made suits of extreme elegance and to manufacture to perfect nicety as to fit, sold at marvellously low prices. Eisner & Phillips make suits to measure of the finest and most fashionable material by skilful and experienced workmen and guarantee to give satisfaction in fit, wear and price.

Excellence, united with modesty, is sometimes overshadowed by loud-mouthed inferiority, but only for a time. The UNITED STATES LIFE INSURANCE CO., of New York, which avoids the usual blatancy of others, has far outstripped its competitors in permanence and real success. It has earned implicit confidence. J. Palmer O'Neil, 66 Fifth avenue, Pittsburgh, the General Agent is now negotiating with men of ability to represent the company. Apply to him.

HATS.

Direct from the Factories.

Immense sale of Men's, Boys' and Children's Felt and Straw Hats. Boys' Straw Hats for 35 cents. Boys' Straw Hats for 40 cents. Boys' Straw Hats for 50 cents. Boys' Dress Hats for 75 cents. Men's Hats for $1.00. Large lot of Children's Straw Hats from 15 to 25 cents. Call soon and get bargains, 93 Federal street, Allegheny. Three doors above Stockton avenue.

Take notice of the great display of Bread and Rolls at MARVIN'S, No. 18 Fifth avenue.

What is Home Without a Carpet?

The æsthetic influence of a neat pattern of Carpet set off by and cheerful spreading of oil cloth is difficult to overestimate. They are elevating and refining in their effects, and those who desire to avail themselves of good and desirable patterns in Carpets, Oil Cloths, Window Shades, &c., should not fail to inspect the assortment of these goods kept in store by George Ede, No. 182 Ohio street, Allegheny. His goods are low in price—very low.

In Sane Mens, In Sane Corpore.

To preserve a sound mind literary food should be varied, so as to be mentally digested. Just such a repast will be found at the Book and News Emporium of Gildenfeny & Co., No. 69 Fifth avenue. All the latest magazines, monthlies, &c., on hand.

Laughing Jane.

No business man in the city is more up to the times in securing that which is seasonable in goods than B. Tiegel, No. 53 Smithfield street. He has received for June a fine selection of summer suitings of especially good value and fashionable in style. Suits good and cheap.

Ask

the Newsboys for the *Sunday Globe*—out tomorrow—price five cents.

The Torrid Zone.

A cool, comfortable, good fitting summer suit can be had at the Merchant Tailoring House of Blakley & Kunz, No. 70 Smithfield street, for a mere song. Go and be convinced that they sell very cheap.

Advice to Ladies.

This, the Centennial year of our nation, is introducing new styles in the matter of ornamenting the head, all of which are to be had at R. A. Hall's, No. 55 Fourth avenue, where you should go if you expect to keep pace with the fashion in this respect. Hall's prices are modest and ladylike.

Steamship Arrivals Yesterday.

Dispatches received at Consul Max Schamberg's Consulate Steamship, Exchange and Telegraph Office, at 163 Smithfield street, announce the arrival of the steamer Acadia, at Moville; steamer Alexandria, at Moville; steamer Cornwall, at Bristol.

For Rent.

Brick House on Fifth avenue, near Neville street, containing ten rooms, with all modern improvements. Inquire of

J. D. CARLISLE.
w8

SUMMER DRESS HATS.

McCORD & CO.,

Respectfully invite attention to their elegant and large stock of

STRAW AND FELT

hats, comprising all the very latest styles, and every grade of Mens, Boys and children straw hats, also a full assortment of light and dark, soft and stiff Hats, *with prices lower than elsewhere.*

Agents for Youman's fine silk and stiff hats, 131 Wood street.

An Appeal to the Religious and Benevolent.

The congregation of Brown Chapel, situate at the corner of Hemlock and Boyle streets, Allegheny, has struggled for several years, first to build a substantial and spacious—but very plain house of worship, and afterwards to pay off the debt unavoidably entailed.

The depression of business caused many of the members to be unemployed and therefore unable to add to their contributions. A debt of over $6,000 hangs over a congregation of poor, but zealous colored Christians. The holder of the mortgage has generously and patiently forborne to force the property to sale. He has now become more urgent and it is on all accounts desirable that the congregation of worshipers should be relieved of a burthen that they are not able to bear and the sacrifice of their church averted, and for this object appeal is made to the charity of a Christian community. It is hoped that some thousands of sympathizing friends will determine on rending this appeal to send at least one dollar each to the pastor. (Of course larger contributions will be gratefully received.) It is also hoped that every evangelical pastor of a church in these two cities will signify to our people a willingness and fix a particular Sabbath day when he will permit an officer of Brown Chapel to stand in the vestibule of his church and receive the offerings of a dollar each, more or less, from his congregation when retiring from service, in the course of which the plan will have been explained and commended.

The officers and members of Brown Chapel may have erred in contracting so large a debt. The mode of relief now suggested may not be thought the best, but under the pressure of their great necessity, they have resolved to try this expedient trusting, they hope not in vain, to the generous hearts and liberal hands of this community to rescue them from an impending disaster. We are poor and needy, help us, and God will bless you.

H. A. GRANT, Pastor.

MOSES HOWARD,
JAMES BARNES,
HENRY JONES,
HENRY BRUCE,
AND'W QUINN,
FRANK JOHNSON,
JNO. HIDDLEBLY,
SAM'L ROBERTS,
DAN'L SMALLWOOD,
TRUSTEES.

SUMMER HATS! HATS! HATS!

Unprecedented Demand for Summer Hats at Fleming & Oglevee's, 139 Wood street.

The extraordinary demand for the cool, comfortable and stylish Hats at the popular One Price House of Fleming & Oglevee, 139 Wood street, compel this firm to replenish their stock every day.

The immense sales of this house are proof not only of the superiority of their goods, but of their beauty and desirability and last but not least that they are sold at the very lowest prices. All we have to say anything in the hat line are requested to call and examine their goods before purchasing elsewhere, and we assure them that they will be courteously treated whether they purchase or not.

Water Coolers, Filters, &c., at Reppert & Williams, No. 201 Penn street.

HOMŒOPATHIC.

Medicines and Publications.

The only place to get reliable and pure Homœopathic Preparations is at George W Boericke's, No. 161 Smithfield street, above Sixth avenue.

The "Sunday Globe."

A paper for the thoughtful voters of both parties.

Always Keep in View, if you want any Ready-made Clothing, or any goods made to order for yourself or boys, that there is no better or more reliable house than Strassburger & Joseph's. This firm practices no humbug and no misrepresentation. They wish the public to understand that they will not resort to any device that will mislead purchasers. Their uniform policy has been to give their customers a good, honest article and to guarantee their prices always to be the lowest, either in their Ready-made or Merchant Tailoring Department.

STRASSBURGER & JOSEPH,
151 Federal street, Allegheny.

The "Sunday Globe."

A first-class Independent Newspaper will be issued to-morrow. Ask for it.

The Best Bargain in Unlaundried Shirts Ever Sold.

We have bought over 500 dozen of the celebrated French Yoke Shirts, made from Wamsutta muslin and the best quality of 2200 Irish Linen Bosoms and Cuffs, finished complete with Buttons, Button Holes and Eyelets. Every shirt warranted to be a perfect fit. We guarantee this shirt to be as good quality as can be made at *any price.* We will sell them for the present at $12 per dozen or ONE DOLLAR EACH. Call and examine them. They are the best bargain in shirts ever sold.

A. W. ERWIN,
172 and 174 Federal street,
Allegheny.

AUCTION SALE OF FINE DRY GOODS.

W. H. FERRY, AUCTIONEER.
J. B. HEARD & CO.,
118 Federal street, Allegheny.

Will offer, June 3d, at 10 A. M., the balance of their stock at auction, sale to continue until every article is sold.

Customers who desire can purchase goods at retail as usual.

As this is our final offering rare bargains can be procured.

Hay Rakes.

Our self-dumping Rake, Welcome, is the easiest handled rake in the world. The horse does the hard work. An aged man, woman or lad can work it all day with ease. It is the only rake that will work backward, teeth down, without injury to rake or driver. Agents, responsible men, invited to sell rakes in Pennsylvania, Ohio and West Virginia. Address or call on me at 319 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa., or at the works at Columbiana, O., filled with dispatch.

W. W. WALLACE.

FINANCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, }
SATURDAY, June 3, 1876. }

The demand at the banks was better yesterday, despite the fact that the heat manifesting consideration by banks are manifesting increased carefulness in their acceptance of paper, owing to the unsettling influence of strikes, and do not wish to extend their loan operations farther than possible. With the strike continued, the outlook is favorable to a dull summer. We yet hope, however, that this difficulty will speedily be settled and work may be resumed. In general business there is moderate activity, which is beneficial to the interests of the city, as it keeps the mills and shops running.

The following stocks were sold last evening at Thoma s F. Stewart's sales rooms, corner Fifth and Wood:

Bank of Pittsburgh	$ 60 50
Diamond National Bank	102 00
Western Insurance Co	50 00
Artisans' Insurance Co	45 00
Robinson Brothers, Bankers, No. 78 Fourth ave, furnish the following quotations of bonds and stocks from the latest advices by telegraph:	
Gold	112¾
U. S. 6's 1881, coup	122¾
" 5-20's 1867	119¾
" 1865 new	119¾
5-20's 1867	121⅜
N. Y. Central	110¾
Erie	14⅜
L. S.	97
C. & I. C.	37
St. Paul	39¾
Do. Pref	69¾
Michigan Southern	87⅜
Do. Central	47
Northwestern Com.	40¾
Do. Pref	69¾
Rock Island	103¾
Cleve., Col. & Cin.	125
Pacific Mail	27⅜
Western Union Tel.	68¾

Holmbrook, Cabot & Daboll furnish the following quotations of active stocks on the Philadelphia Stock Board:

P. R. R. (S)	52	Cen. Trans. (B)	47¾
Reading (B)	44	Empire do. (A)	50
U. Cos. of N. J. (B)	135¾	A. V. R. R. 7.30 (B)	101
Oil Creek (B)	4	C. C. & I. L. 7's A	82
Lehigh Valley (A)	57	N. Pacific bonds (A)	82

NEW YORK, June 2, 1876.

Money closed easy at 3@3½% prime mercantile paper 5@6. The customs receipts were $202,000. The Assistant Treasurer disbursed $202,000. The clearings at Sterling exchange to be found at 487¾@489¾. Gold opened at 112¾ and closed at 112¾. The carrying rates were 1 to 2. Government bonds are dull and higher, with an active investment demand. The offerings were small. Railroad bonds are dull. Lake Shore, St. Paul, Lacrosse Division, and Northwest consolidated gold were higher. State bonds were quiet. There was a firm tone to stocks in addition to-day, and prices advanced ¼ to 1⅜ per cent., with Western Union, St. Paul and Pacific Mail as features. The advance in St. Paul is due to improving traffic of the road, growing out of a heavy grain movement. Towards the close some seller 60s were put out on Western Union at 35¾@35⅞, while the prevailing rate in regular way was 68¾. The purchases in Western Union were based partly on the anticipation of a dividend of 1½ per cent. The transactions aggregated 85,000 shares, of which 32,000 were Western Union, 8,000 Northwests, 12,000 St. Pauls, and 26,000 Lake Shore.

Governments.—United States coupons of 1881, 122½; 5-20s of '65, 113; do '65 new, 119¾; do of '67, 121⅝; do of '68, 122⅜; new 5s, 117¼; 10-40s, 117¼; do. coupons, 118⅜; currency 6s, 124¾.

Stocks and bonds.—Tennessee old, 43; do. new, 43; Virginia new, 30; do. old, 30; Missouri sixes, 108.

Stocks.—Western Union Telegraph Company, 68¾; Adams Express, 93; United States Express, 51; Pacific Mail, 27⅜; Mariposa, 4½; do preferred, 5½; Adams Express, 100; Wells, Fargo & Company's Express, 93½; American Express, 54; Central Transcontinental Express, 72½; New York Central, 110; Erie, 14; do preferred, 29; Harlem, 137; do preferred, 133; Michigan Central, 46¾; Panama, 320; Union Pacific, 58¾; Lake Shore, 5-8; Illinois Central, 95; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 97½; Northwestern common, 40¾; do preferred, 69¾; C. C. C. & I., 44¾; New Jersey Central, 82½; Rock Island, 103¾; St. Paul, 39¾; do. preferred, 69¾; Toledo & Wabash, 22; do. preferred, 3; Fort Wayne, 103½; Terre Haute, 103½; do. preferred, 113; Chicago & Alton, 93½; do. preferred, 107½; Ohio & Mississippi, 16⅜; Delaware & Lackawanna, 106¾; Atlantic & Pacific Telegraph Company, 14⅜; Missouri Pacific, 12; Atlantic & Pacific preferred, 102¼; Indiana Central, 4½; Burlington & Quincy, 116¾; Hannibal & St. Joe, 12¼; Central Pacific Bonds, 109; Union Pacific, 104½; Union Pacific Land Grant, 99⅜; Union Pacific Sinking Fund Bonds, 89.

LONDON, June 2.—Consols 93 13-16; 5-20s of '65, 104¼; do of '67, 109⅜; 10-40s, 106¾; new 5s, 106⅝; New York Central, 99; Erie, 12⅝; do preferred, 35.

PARIS, June 2.—Rentes, 104f 87½c.

FRANKFORT, June 2.—United States bonds, new 5s, 101⅜.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Chicago.

CHICAGO, June 2, 1876.

FLOUR—Dull and nominal.

GRAIN—Wheat in fair demand, but at lower rates and unsettled; No. 2 Chicago spring $1.03@$1.03¾ spot and June; $1.03¾@$1.03¾ July; No. 2 26c; rejected 82½@82¾c. Corn: demand fair and market firm; No. 2 44¾c spot and July; 44c June. Oats steady and firm; 28¾c spot; 28¾c July. Rye and Barley unchanged.

PROVISIONS—Pork dull, weak and lower; $17.80@17.90 spot; $17.90@17.92½ June; $18.95@19 July; $19.20@19.25 August; $19.20@19.30 September; sales at $17.95@18.45. Lard steady; $10.75 spot; $10.85@10.87½ July; $11.00 August; $11.15 September. Bulk meats firm at 6½, 9@9¼c.

WHISKY—Quiet at $1.07.

On Call Board Wheat was lower; $1.02¾ June; $1.02¾@1.03 July. Corn and Oats unchanged. Pork firmer; $18.07½ July; $18.35 August. Laid $10.87½ July; $10.97½ August.

New York.

NEW YORK, June 2.—Flour: receipts 12,000 barrels; only very moderate export and home trade demand; No. 2 $4.50@4.80; superfine Western and State $4.60@4.40; common to good extra $4.90@5.20; good to choice $5.25@5.85; white wheat extra $5.70@7.75; extra Ohio $4.90@7.00; St. Louis $5.10@9.90. Rye flour dull and unchanged. Corn meal steady; western $2.90@3.25. Wheat: heavy and lower; large business doing at a decline; receipts 305,0000 bush; No. 1 spring $1.28@1.29; ungraded spring $1.15@1.29; No. 2 Milwaukee $1.25@1.25; No. 2 ailc for fall. Unpeeled selling slowly at 113@117c for hollves. Apples in better supply, and offered at $4@5 for fair. Corn heavy; receipts 72,000 bush; western mixed damaged and heated 40@45c; mixed no grade 51@52c; do steamer 55¾@57c; do graded 59@59¾c; fresh western mixed ungraded 59@59¾c. Oats dull and heavy; receipts 22,000 bush; mixed western and State 22@25c; white western do 35@47c. Hay, hops, Beef and Barley dull and nominal. Coffee: Rio cargoes 15@18c; jobbing 16@19c. Sugar firm; fair to refining 7¾@7¾c; prime 8c; refined 9¾@10¾c. Molasses and Rice quiet. Petroleum firm; crude 8¾c; refined 14¾@14¾c; cases 18@21c. Tallow firmer at 8½@8 11 16c. Rosin quiet at $1.70@1.75. Turpentine heavy. Eggs quiet. Pork decidedly firmer; $18.80@18.85. Beef quiet. Long clear western middles 10¾c; city 10¾c. Lard lower; $11.15@11.44. Butter quiet; western new 14@23c. Cheese unchanged. Whisky quiet at $1.12½.

Foreign.

LONDON, June 2.—Spirits of petroleum 7¼d.

ANTWERP, June 2.—Refined petroleum 27¾f.

LIVERPOOL, June 2.—Cotton dull; 6@6 1-32d; sales of 10,000 bales, including 1,000 bales for spe